Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXIX.—NO. 9044. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1889.—TWELVE-PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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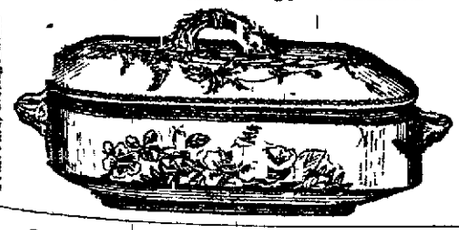

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THE BIG FAIR IS OPEN.

Formal Inauguration of the Exposition Last Night.

THE ADDRESSES AND THE MUSIC

An Immense Concourse—A Brilliant, Dazzling Scene—Magnificent Exhibit—The Crowds—Beautiful Floral Display

The first annual exposition of the North Pacific Industrial Association was opened last night under most auspicious circumstances. Every effort had been made during the day to complete the exhibits and when the doors were thrown open to the public at 7 o'clock everything was in readiness for their reception.

Liberati's splendid band was stationed in the gallery above the music stand, which was occupied for the time by the board of directors, President Dekum and the speakers and filled the spacious hall with melody.

Of the board of directors there were present Frank Dekum president, Thomas N. Richardson vice president, L. J. Jefferson treasurer and Directors Van B. DeLashmutt, Hon George H. Williams, J. C. Moreland, William Kapus, A. H. Johnson, I. A. King, George H. Durham, R. P. Earhart, Donald Macleay, A. T. Smith, H. Theilsen, Benton Killin, Louis Leurer, L. C. Flunder, L. Samuel, D. S. Tuthill, John Frys, W. Laver and Herbert Bradley.

At the conclusion of the overture, which was a medley of American national airs, the spacious galleries around the music hall were packed and every available spot which commanded a view of the hall was crowded.

MAYOR DELASHMUTT'S ADDRESS

President Frank Dekum then introduced Mr. Van B. DeLashmutt, mayor of Portland, who spoke as follows:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: Perhaps nothing will demonstrate more clearly the rapid growth and development of the northwest than the fact that this great structure, which was thought to be many years in advance of the times on the event of its opening, is filled to overflowing, and the people with the management have been to obtain the consent of exhibitors to accommodate all of which goes to justify the wisdom of those who thought the country had outgrown the old Mechanics' Pavilion on its single block of ground 200 feet square, not to say anything about that smaller organization. The Domestic and Fat Stock Show, and I think you will agree with me that their absorption by this capacious and comprehensive enterprise is more than justified at the very beginning. Nor does his detract from the creditable the organizations above mentioned for they occupied a recognized sphere of usefulness during the existence and formed the foundation upon which we build.

STOCK ACCOMMODATIONS

Our accommodations for stock are only temporary, since this feature of the exhibit will require some practical experience to adjust it to the balance of the fair after which suitable and permanent accommodations will be provided. In my judgment too much stress cannot be laid upon this department, since it ought, and if properly managed will become the great annual clearing house, where both the buyer and breeder can meet and stock up or sell off as the case may require, and where the latter may compare his stock with others, change crosses or dispose of his surplus.

CLIMATE AND SOIL.

With an equable climate and a soil specially adapted for the growth of nutritious grasses the North Pacific coast is destined to be one of the greatest stock growing countries in America. When first settled, it was devoted almost exclusively to the stock interests in the crudest sense without regard to breeding or attention, and hence readily gave way to the more profitable business of wheat raising which deteriorates the soil and year by year diminishes the product. The breeding of high grade stock concentrates the value of many ordinary animals into one, requires less space and furnishes better profits not to say anything about the fact that stock raising adds to the productiveness of the soil. Truly, it be who makes two blades of grass grow where only one grew before is a public benefactor, then he who makes a given number of cattle worth double the value of a like number of cattle in a community must also be a public benefactor. Besides, stock raising is no longer a haphazard go as you please industry but a legitimate calling which gives scope for mental culture, and success only follows upon diligent and intelligent action.

A local statistician estimates the last annual product of Portland's manufactures to be $18,000,000. It is only within the last few years that we have made any pretense to any kind of manufacture, and the very rapid progress we are making portends is that these interests are to grow beyond our most sanguine expectations, and we hope and trust that this enterprise will prove a valuable factor in the promotion and success of the manufacturing industries of the Northwest.

AN AGE OF MECHANICS

Truly this is an age of mechanics. The human invents and molds the wheel to serve the labor of his hands, and the two in turn invents another wheel to accelerate the work of the first one until the whole land is dotted with countless manufactories pressing their products upon the markets of the world, and not the least wonder in all this invention, whereby hand labor is virtually a thing of the past is the fact that the requirements of commerce continue to absorb the increased product of all this mechanism and while new countries there is little danger of working hardship upon the laboring element, still whenever that time is reached and reached it must be the great humanitarian principle of right and justice demand that all else must give way to the necessity that the laborer of the world shall be furnished reasonable compensation for a reasonable service and his right to exact this service forms the foundation upon which is duty to his fellow man and hence when mechanism overstocks the market to the dispargement of labor without supplying to it a corresponding benefit then justice requires that it be the first to stand idle. An iron trust an iron trust or a copper trust is formed, and the product of the country is gauged to its requirements, and if need be the mechanism connected therewith is allowed to stand still, but the laborer must furnish food for and clothe and educate his family, and whenever man or circumstance conspire to prevent it the God given laws of self preservation asserts its right to require that all else shall heed its decrees.

EDUCATIONAL

The schoolroom forms the foundation for the education of the masses, but the education itself comes principally from the object lessons obtained elsewhere, among which are the public fairs and general exhibits of the best products of the country. A glance at some invention conveys the idea of its adaptability and the daily routine furnishes the opportunity for an improvement or enlargement, and thus step by step do we climb the ladder of progress, until it would seem that the very acme of human ingenuity and invention had already been reached, and yet almost daily in the world enlightened and benefited by the discovery of something new and useful in the arts and sciences.

Observe yonder little electrical marvel, performing its experiments task with no apparent useful or practical work to do. Who can say that it does not contain a principle which may be applied to some piece of mechanism destined to revolutionize the world. Man's ingenuity has made it possible for us to rise in the morning with the knowledge of the previous day's doings of the whole civilized world, to traverse the waters with the speed of the wind and the land with that of the hurricane and doubtless before another decade the electrical current will be sufficiently understood to enable us to navigate the air with the same regularity and much more rapidity than we now do the land or water. And it is yet within the range of possibilities for man to take his breakfast in the Orient and his supper in the Occident.

The very recent past has given us a Morse with his telegraph in the field with his Atlantic cable, an Edison with his scores of electrical inventions performing the useful tasks assigned them, and it would seem that the world is just emerging upon an era of electrical discoveries destined to change the customs and affairs of man, and the mind can not foretell where the end is to be. In looking back we marvel that so little has hitherto been known of the natural affinities which electricity could be made to fill and in looking forward we are spellbound with the possibilities yet to come.

CONGRATULATORY.

Mr. President and gentlemen of the Industrial Fair I congratulate you upon the successful inaugural of your arduous undertaking, which at its beginning, gives promise of so much good to follow.

It is here we may expect each year to find a test to the success of most every industry and form a corresponding judgment of its growth or decay. It is here we may look for everything new and useful in the arts and sciences. It is here we may look for the mineral displays destined to lead the way to the development of the North Pacific coast of the largest and most reliable mineral belt yet discovered in North America. It is here we may expect our foreign cousins to be knocking at the door for the introduction of their goods and wares and inventions. It is here we may look for the evidences of the coming throes of that inertia give way to the incoming trend of the surging home builders in their efforts to better their condition and ours and plant the standard of progress on our hill tops and in our valleys. It is here that we are to scrape the moss from our backs, and banish skepticism from our minds and learn that true wisdom does not consist in discouraging enterprise and honest effort to hasten the keener observation of the great improvements which are continually taking place in advancing civilization.

GOVERNOR PENNOYER'S REMARKS

Mr. Dekum introduced Sylvester Pennoyer, governor of Oregon, who spoke as follows:

Mr. President Ladies and Gentlemen: With the lifetime of many of us present here to-night at this the formal opening of the North Pacific Industrial Exposition, the very site of this capacious edifice, as well as that of our populous and extensive city was an unbroken primeval forest. Within that period the vast slope west of the Rocky Mountains has been reclaimed from the unbroken fastnesses of its aboriginal possessors and has become the pleasant heritage of the dominant Caucasian race. Within that period the city of Portland has enlarged its borders to their present wide-extended limits embracing this stupendous structure here recently erected as the crowning evidence of the energy and public spirit of its people. How vast and wonderful is the change which has been wrought within so short a period. The industrial implements, wielded by the strong arms of our independent yeomanry have constituted the magic wand that has transformed the sunset slope of our republic from a wild woodland and desert into an empire of fruitful farms and flourishing marts.

IN ANCIENT TIMES.

When the hardy and energetic people of Greece and Rome pushed the civilization of those countries further and further beyond their then existing confines, it was their invariable practice to emigrate in colonies and to first build up their cities and afterward begin the development of the surrounding country. In modern times and in this nation, the citizens of which are noted for their personal independence and freedom of purpose and character, the practice of the ancient Greeks and Romans has been entirely reversed by the emigrants of our republic. Herein our own land and in our time our emigrants first tarry only one day and hew out their farms from the forest or develop them upon our rich prairies and then the building of the city is left as the necessary result of the development of the country. As the agricultural districts become thickly settled the metropolis embraced within their geographical and commercial borders grows obedient to the wants and requirements of the suburban and rural populations. There is a

GREAT LESSON TO BE LEARNED

By this modern method of civilization, and both the urban and rural peoples of our growing commonwealths should give it earnest heed. A city in order to expand its wealth and borders in prosperous growth, must be surrounded by and be dependent upon a wealthy and prosperous country. And so too it is for the great benefit of our rural population that its chief metropolis should increase in wealth and inhabitants, in order to furnish for it an ample and necessary market for its products. The prosperity of the city is inseparably interwoven with the prosperity of the country and the development of the country insures the development of the city. The one is the fitting necessary complement of the other, and both have a kindred indissoluble interdependency of interests. Upon this North Pacific slope, from the mountains to the sea we either engaged in busy mart or upon secluded farm land we all have a multitude of concernment which should irresistibly impel us to unity of purpose and of action.

When let the people of both city and country meet here within these spacious walls and form those acquaintances and extend those friendly greetings that will serve to strengthen the purposes of all to labor for the general good. Here in generous rivalry let the artists and artisans of the town display the labor of their handicrafts, and here let the aspiring yeomanry exhibit the fruits of their orchards and their gardens and the treasures of their rich husbandry.

THEY WELCOME

Which welcome to these halls citizens of every locality within the unfettered limits of the growing and already great Pacific Northwest. We welcome citizens of Oregon of Washington of Idaho and of Montana. We bid you all a thrice welcome.

At the conclusion of Governor Pennoyer's address the band discoursed a splendid selection.

ORATION BY JUDGE WILLIAMS

Mr. Dekum introduced Hon. George H. Williams, the orator of the evening, who delivered the following address:

Mr. President and Gentlemen: We are told in holy writ that when man was created he was dignified by his Creator with a commission to multiply and replenish and subdue the earth, and to have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the fowl of the air and over the cattle and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. History is a record of the manner in which this dominion has been executed. Power and dominion are the scepter and crown of man's greatness. Can we imagine what the earth would be if this power and dominion had never existed? Can we comprehend all that has been accomplished

Continued on Seventh Page.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT

Stanford's Palo Alto Trots a Mile in 2:13 3-4.

THE THREE BEST HEATS ON RECORD

Racing Events at The Dalles, Jacksonville, Hillsboro and Other Northwest Points—Speed Contests in the East.

STOCKTON, Sept. 26.—Stanford's trotter Palo Alto defeated Direct and Rowell on the fair grounds to-day trotting mile heats in 2 16½, 2 17¾ and 2 13¾, beating the world's average heats on record.

Palo Alto's performance to-day is the fastest ever seen on the Pacific coast, being a full second's record against time one second less than the stallion record of the world is held by Maud S. Cobb 2 10¾. The next best was Axtell with 2 13¾ made in the fourth heat of a race. Palo Alto is in the same notch in the third heat.

The average time in the race was 2 16, the best average ever made by a stallion.

Palo Alto is the property of Senator Stanford, and is the product of the theory of extreme speed and stamina as well as he ere ched by an infusion of thoroughblood into the trotter. Stanford was one of the earliest advocates of the idea and with this idea in view bred Electioneer, "the most noted living sire to-day." Winnie, a thoroughbred mare Palo Alto was the foal, and he is a beautiful bay horse showing strongly in his contour thoroughbred blood. He is a pure gaited steady trotter and rarely breaks his mashaps to a being caused by a bad track.

Palo Alto first attracted general attention three years ago when he was taken East and as a 4 year-old made a record at Cleveland O. of 2 20½. His being accompanied to-day by a runner was not quite regular. That is the way Axtell made his record of 2 14.

LOUISVILLE RACES

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 26.—The attendance to-day was small. Jockey Ray was ruled off for striking Jockey Sloane after the fourth race. Sloane's mount having interfered with Ray on Bon Air, preventing his getting through.

Seven-eighths of a mile—Clamor won, Electricity second, Lucy P third, time 1 32.

Five-eighths of a mile—English Lad won, Milton second, Dollikins third, time 1 02¾.

Mile—Queen of Trumps won, Pasadena second, Bill Letcher third, time 1 41¾.

Three quarters of a mile—Bettina won, Amos A. Second, Bon Air third, time 1 17¼.

Mile and one-eighth—Carus won, Antonio second, Len Lake third, time, 1 58¼.

GRAVESEND RACES

GRAVESEND, Sept. 26.—The track to-day was muddy.

Mile—Aurania won, Cracksman second, Etruria third, time, 1 44¼.

Mile and one eighth—Now or Never won, La Cadente second, Bella B third, time 1 57.

Mile and one sixteenth—Gallop won, Zephyrus second, Sam Wood third, time 1 52¾.

Mile and one-eighth—Reporter won, Los Angeles second, Jenny Hurd, third, time 1 54.

Six furlongs—Cortland won, Civil Service second, Ralph Bayard third, time, 1 14.

Six furlongs—Fordham won, Brittenella second, Oarsman third, time 1 18.

RACES POSTPONED.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—The races announced for to-day at Mystic Park and Prince's Park were postponed on account of rain. The events announced for to-morrow will take place Saturday.

IN THE NORTHWEST.

Speed Contests at Jacksonville, The Dalles, McMinnville and Elsewhere.

JACKSONVILLE, Or., Sept. 26.—This was the third month of the Southern Oregon district fair. The stock parade took place at 10 o'clock in which the district was well represented.

Hon. J. T. Gregg, secretary of the state board of agriculture, and Professor Lee, representing the State Agricultural college, are among late arrivals.

The Jacksonville, Ashland and Central Point bands were in attendance.

Sheriff Birdseye grand marshal, has maintained the most perfect order and everything is passing pleasantly. The attendance is estimated at 4500.

The trotting stallion Adrian, owned by N. W. Vandyke, trotted against time, there being no other entries. Time 1 st heat 2 30, second heat, 2 46¾. Purse of $[illegible].

Sixth race—Saddle horse race, single dash of a mile five entries. Nellie Gray won by a foul.

Seventh, bull race mile—Roam Durham and Red Durham won by the Red Durham in 1 22, purse, $30.

Match race between Cap and Maud for purse of $50 a quarter a mile, won by Cap, time 0 35 2 5.

AT MCMINNVILLE

MCMINNVILLE, Or., Sept. 26.—The attendance at the fair to-day was greater than any previous day, and to-morrow will be the closest again because it has the best race programme. The racing to-day resulted as follows:

One-fourth mile dash—Lancer, Dulcet won, Paddy Ryan second, Racine third, Buckskin fourth, Snowflake fifth, time [illegible].

Two year old trot, two in three—Cottemah won, Spring Hill Maid second. Two heats, time, 2 39¾ and 3 00.

Two thirty trot, three in five—Susie F. won the first heat, and Almonette the next three, best time, 2 29¾, by Almonette.

Fourth mile dash—by Little Dick, Jubilee Half and Paddy Ryan—Paddy Ryan won the first heat. The race was postponed 12:30 to-morrow. Betting was spirited and no large sums changed hands.

The pavilion is well filled, farm produce being well represented.

AT THE DALLES

THE DALLES, Or., Sept. 26.—Race No. 1, mile and a quarter dash—Colonel Whitmore won, Repetta, b m, Matlock Bros. second, Moses Bros. Mukluk third, Monty, b g, Sharp, fourth, Time, 2 17½.

No. 2, running handicap one half mile—Joe Dandy, b g, Stricklin 85 pounds first, Cyclone s g, Starkey 126 second, Bogus Chief g, Mulkey 112 third, Frank Hastings b g 102, fourth. Time 51¼.

No. 3—Trotting two-year olds mile heats, best two in three.

Phindora, br f, Tongue 2, 1 1.

Elwin b g, Jones 1, 2 2.

Time, 1 00, 2 30 and 2 51½.

AT COLFAX.

COLFAX, Sept. 26.—The clam bake given here to-day at the fair grounds drew the largest number of people ever gathered together in this city. The clams were donated by Olympia, and served free on the grounds. Whitman county is solid to Olympia.

The races resulted as follows:

Three quarters of a mile—Roly Boy first, Regal second, time 1 17.

Quarter of a mile—Roanoke first, Weasel second, time 0 22½.

Trot 2 40—Stonewinder first and Catawba second. [illegible] the best time.

AT HILLSBORO

HILLSBORO, Or., Sept. 26.—Amboy won the three minute trot, best time 2 31. McGregor second. The attendance is fair. The premiums will be awarded to-night.

SEATTLE RACES

SEATTLE, Sept. 26.—To-day was the first of the meet in Seattle of the Puget Sound Racing Association. About 500 people attended. Little Dick won the three-eighths

of a mile dash, in 34 seconds, and Murphy won the three-fourths of a mile dash in 1:22. The trot between Rosie C., Bud Egbert, Mollie C., Henry T., and Dart was not finished on account of darkness. Henry T had won two heats, and Rosie C. one. The race will be continued to-morrow.

BASEBALL.

Pittsburg, Boston, Cleveland and Chicago the League Winners.

PITTSBURG, Sept 26.—The home team beat the Phillies with ease to-day. Galvin kept their hits well scattered. Gleason was taken out of the box after the third inning, and Anderson took his place, but fared no better. Attendance, 9000. Score—Pittsburg, 9; Philadelphia, 2. Base hits—Pittsburg, 11; Philadelphia, 8. Errors—Pittsburg, 0; Philadelphia, 5. Batteries—Pittsburg, Galvin and Miller. Philadelphia, Gleason, Anderson and Clements. Umpire—Knight.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 26.—Boyle pitched a faultless ball during the first three innings of to-day's game, and gave the Locals a commanding lead. Rusie went in in the fourth inning, and did good work, but was poorly supported. Sommers relieved Daly in the fifth inning. Score—Indianapolis, 3; Boston, 12. Base hits—Indianapolis, 11; Boston, 15. Errors—Indianapolis, 7; Boston, 3. Batteries—Indianapolis, Boyle, Rusie and Daly; Boston, Clarson and Burnett. Umpire—McQuaid.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 26.—The Washington club did not reach this city until almost evening, and the umpire gave the scheduled game to Cleveland by a score of 9 to 0, subject to the decision of the directors of the league.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—The home team won to-day's game through the errors of Richardson in the seventh inning. Both pitchers were very effective, but their support was poor. Attendance, 1500. Score—New York 3 Chicago 4. Base hits—New York 5, Chicago 6. Errors—New York 7, Chicago 3. Batteries—New York Welch, Ewing and Brown; Chicago, Hutchison and Darling. Umpire—Powers.

ASSOCIATION GAMES.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26.—Baltimore 9, Athletics 1.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 26.—Columbus 7, Brooklyn 7. Game called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 26.—Kansas City 8, Cincinnat 6.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—St. Louis 5, Louisville 4.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS.

San Francisco Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Ex-Supervisor E. N. Torry, who was injured yesterday in an elevator accident in the Mechanics' mill, died to-day.

An important sale of mining property was made yesterday to a syndicate of English and San Francisco capitalists. The sum paid was $1,575,000. The mine is situated in the state of Sonora, Mexico, and is called Minade Mulatos. This mine has been worked for eighty years.

A species of man-eating shark was caught in the bay this morning, between Angel and Alcatraz Islands. It became entangled in a sea bass set of some Italian fishermen, and was only captured after a hard fight, in which considerable damage was done to the boat and net. It measures fourteen feet and weighed 1500 pounds, after two young seals, swallowed whole, had been taken from its stomach.

A Prominent Man Killed.

FRESNO, Sept. 26.—E. A. Brady, of Tulare was struck by a freight train at Malaga this morning and instantly killed. Brady was a member of an excursion party from Tulare. The train was side tracked at Malaga to let freight pass, and Brady got off the car and went to a packing house near by. When the freight train pulled into the station he attempted to cross in front of the engine and was struck by the cow-catcher. Brady was organizer of the excursion. Deceased was one of the most public spirited men in Tulare, and his death is regarded as a public calamity.

A Thief Protected by Mexicans.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 26.—Constable Ellsworth went to Tia Juana yesterday to arrest two men, Otto and Wolf, for smuggling cattle across the line. Wolf was arrested on the American side of the line, but when about to be crossed over onto Mexican soil for Otto, he was surrounded by ten armed men, including two Mexican officers, who, with weapons at his head, compelled him to surrender his arms and return to the American side. A Mexican guide was provided Otto, and he paraded the streets in view of the officers. Wolf will be sent to Los Angeles to-night. The men had a band of fifty-two cattle ready to drive across the line.

Chinese Disinterments.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The health officer has made a demand upon ex-superintendent of the city cemetery Stanyon for the book containing the record of the burials in the Chinese plot in the cemetery. There are some 3000 Chinese bodies interred in the plot, which the Chinese companies wish to ship to China, but Stanyon has the only record from which the disinterment permits can be issued, and claims the record as his property. As the Chinese pay $10 for each disinterment, it is a matter of $30,000 to the treasury of the city.

An Opium Smuggler Trick.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—While searching for opium on the steamer Walla Walla, recently arrived from Victoria, the custom-house inspectors yesterday made an interesting discovery. Beneath the fire boxes of the engine and among the ashes were found the remains of thirty or forty boxes of opium, which had evidently been placed there when it was learned that a thorough search of the steamer would be made. The opium, which in good preservation would have been worth $250, was utterly ruined by the heat.

Jewish Prisoners to Observe Their Holiday.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 26.—Governor Waterman's private secretary has addressed letters to the wardens of the state prisons at Folsom and San Quentin requesting that the Jewish prisoners be allowed to observe the current Jewish holidays in the manner peculiar to their religion. Favorable replies have been received from Wardens Aull and McComt.

Killed by the Sight of Blood.

VALLEJO, Sept. 26.—A buggy overturned near the Three Mile house on the Napa road yesterday, and one of the occupants, George Doyle, had an arm broken at the elbow. A liquor drummer named Carroll, from San Francisco, was present and assisted the surgeon after the accident. The sight of blood prostrated him, and he went into a fit, from which he did not recover, and died this morning.

Accidentally Shot.

SAN JOSE, Sept. 26.—Daniel Murphy, 21 years old, son of ex-Sheriff Murphy, was shot and dangerously wounded this evening by Archie Tisdall, son of the late chief of police. Tisdall jokingly pointed a revolver at Murphy, in which car ridges had been replaced unknown to him, and one shot took effect in the center of his forehead.

Pixley Suffers from Fire.

SAN RAFAEL, Sept. 26.—Sparks from a passing train set fire to the brush at the Carte Madera depot yesterday. The fire spread and the country place and grounds of Frank M. Pixley were enveloped in flames. The fire reached the heavy timber in the mountains and raged fiercely. Pixley's losses will be heavy.

An Insurance Suit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The Union Insurance Company of San Francisco has sued the American Fire Insurance Company of New York to recover $1000, on account of the reinsurance made upon the property of the Seattle Lumber & Commercial Company prior to the fire of June 6th last.

Jail Break at Santa Rosa.

SANTA ROSA, Sept. 26.—W. F. Lamar, sentenced to five years' imprisonment for robbing Parsons's house of $3000 in money and notes, and George Johnston, who has not yet had his trial, escaped from jail last night by sawing the iron bars of their cell.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Arrived—Steamer Arago, Coos bay.

Cleared—Steamer Oregon, Portland; steamer Walla Walla, Victoria.

Departed—Steamer Willamette valley, Yaquina bay.

Knocked Out in Six Rounds.

MONTEREY, Sept. 26.—In a glove fight last night Joe Lemichy, of Monterey, knocked out J. Strong, of San Francisco, in six bloody rounds.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

OTHER COAST EVENTS.

Interesting Developments in the Blythe Contest.

THE VALENTINE SCRIP FILINGS

A Woman of Wonderful Nerve—Sensational Declarations in a Seattle Court—Northwestern Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 26.—In the Blythe case to-day Mrs. Eden Ascheroft, mother-in-law of Mrs. Julia Ascheroft, Florence Blythe's mother, testified that the child of Jul a Perry had lived with her for a long time, that she was well acquainted with her, and then swore that plaintiff bore no resemblance whatever to that girl. She was positive in her testimony, and was not to be shaken in her story.

Judge Coffey requested Florence Blythe to stand up, and asked witness if she recognized her. Mrs. Ascheroft stared at complainant, and said: "She certainly has lost her blue eyes. Why, when she left me she had blue eyes; now they are quite dark," cried witness. "I can't recognize her. I can't see a feature of her that I can recall."

Mrs. Ascheroft continued: "I couldn't say this girl is not the same one I knew nine years ago, but I cannot recognize her at all. I couldn't say she's not the same person, but she must be very much altered if she's the same girl."

Where Mrs. Ascheroft's testimony hurt defendant's side of the case, and thereby aided plaintiff, was in this: She said the child she had known in England was 7 years old in 1880. This corresponds exactly with the age of Florence as given by her mother, and precludes defendants making much of their intimations that plaintiff is not as old as she pretends to be.

THE VALENTINE SCRIP FILINGS

Nearly the Whole Water Front of the Sound Cities Now Covered.

SEATTLE, Sept. 26.—A great stir has been created here among the tide land ho ders by the action of certain persons in filing Valentine scrip upon tide lands. The filings are based upon the recent decision of the commissioner of the genera. land office, accepting the filing of Frank Burns jr., to certain tidal lands in Seattle harbor. Nearly the whole of the water front of Seattle, Tacoma, Port Townsend and other Sound cities is now covered by these filings. Protests against their acceptance are pouring in. The filings number over forty, and they are becoming scarcer only because Valentine scrip is hard to get, or because there is not much valuable tide lands left to file upon.

The virtue possessed by Valentine scrip is that it allows holders to take up government land not specially appropriated or granted by the United States to some particular purpose.

The effect of the decision of the commissioner of the land office is virtually a declaration that the United States is the owner of the tide lands, and as they have never been appropriated or granted to the state, they belong to the government. Few persons here acquainted with the subject believe this view can be upheld by the higher courts, the general opinion being that tide lands belong inalienably to the state by virtue of its sovereignty.

Nevertheless, the ultimate decision is awaited with much uneasiness, for if the holders of Valentine scrip were to gain their point finally, the effect upon the commercial interests of Puget sound would be disastrous.

A WOMAN OF WONDERFUL NERVE.

Additional Particulars of the Burning of Mrs. Kitchen.

WALLA WALLA, Sept. 26.—Wednesday morning while Mrs. Kitchen, living on Dry Creek, a few miles from this city, was raking up and burning trash in the yard, she discovered that her undergarments had caught fire. She quickly took a blanket, which she wrapped about her lower limbs and crouched on the ground, hoping to smother the flames. Finding this did not accomplish the result she seized a cloth lying near and wrapped it about her face and head, and tried to tear her clothing off without effect her clothing burning completely off. No one witnessed the accident except some small children, whose screams aroused a man who was in the barn, and who immediately ran to the scene and found the lady on the ground in intense agony, with her clothing burned completely off, with the exception of one stocking, also on fire. He carried her to the house and immediately summoned assistance from the neighborhood. A horseman was dispatched to the city for a physician, and when he arrived he found that the entire surface of her body had been burned over nearly to a crisp. The flesh in places is cooked as hard as leather, after dressing the burns, the woman was brought to this city for treatment.

Mr. Kitchen at the time was in the mountains after wood. Mrs. Kitchen is very low, but her chances of recovery are more favorable.

SEATTLE NEWS ITEMS.

Sensational Developments in the District Court—Notes.

SEATTLE, Wn., Sept. 26.—The scandal attaching to the dismissal of the indictments against Clancéys by District Attorney Newlin was revived in the district court to-day, when the report of Attorney-General Metcalfe, to whom the matter was referred, was submitted. The attorney general recommends the reconvening of the grand jury and the appointing of a special prosecuting attorney to take charge of the case, and as to the duties of the attorney general he comes to the conclusion that there is no law requiring the attorney general to institute criminal cases himself. But he recommends, also, that proceedings be instituted against Mr. Newlin, for the purpose of disbarring him. Judge Hanford made some very caustic remarks after the report had been read, inviting some one to prefer charges against the district attorney, that he might either be convicted or exonerated. He called upon the newspapers and political orators to ventilate matters to the fullest extent, that the truth might be reached, and he promised to lend his assistance to the most searching investigation of all the charges. The affair has created a sensation, and it is probable that the charges will be made in accordance with the suggestion of the chief justice and attorney general.

Hon. John B. Allen, delegate to congress, addressed a crowd of 2000 people at the armory to-night. A speech was also made by W. C. Jones, candidate for attorney general.

A burglar tried to get into the residence of Postmaster A. E. Boyd, last night. The valiant postmaster fired at the burglar, and this morning he found drops of red blood on the window, but no dead burglar.

A new fast train will be put on the route between Tacoma and Seattle on October 6. It will leave Seattle at 10:30 A. M. and arrive at Tacoma at 12:15 P. M. Returning it will leave Tacoma at 2:30 P. M. and arrive at Seattle at 4:15. Other local changes in the time schedule of the road will occur.

FROM SALEM.

A Hopeful Increase in the Amount of Taxable Property.

SALEM, Ogn., Sept. 26.—County Assessor Blacker by to-day completed the assessment roll for 1889. The total amount of taxable property is shown to be $6,317,429, as against $4,415,456 upon which taxes were collected last year. The gross valuation is $9,209,269; indebtedness, $2,370,529; exemption, $521,311. The roll shows 396,637 acres of land, of a valuation of $4,414,380. There are 1648 polls, being 206 more than last year. With the exception of sixty-five horses less than last year, the list shows a good increase in everything.

E. Rees was brought to the asylum from Astoria to-day. He is 28 years of age, and a native of Wales. He thinks he is followed by persons who seek to kill him.

THE CONSTITUTION.

In Case It Is Rejected the Old Convention Will Try Again.

OLYMPIA, Wn., Sept. 26.—Much surprise was evinced to-day among those who had made up their minds to vote against the constitution, when they learned that section 7 of the enabling act provides that in case the constitution is rejected at the coming election, the same convention that framed it shall be reconvened by the governor, and will have to go over the same ground again. As the kick seems to be coming from some of those who acted as members of that convention, it has been insinuated that the republicans are anxious to get another haul at the treasury before the territory becomes a state, notwithstanding their great opposition to the so-called extravagant salaries prescribed in the constitution, which it is well known were fully met by the immense savings made in other respects in the same document.

Tacoma Political Notes.

TACOMA, Wn., Sept 26.—A largely attended meeting of German republicans was held in Germania hall to-night, which was addressed by Mr. Strobach, of Spokane Falls. The meeting was very enthusiastic, and it was evident that the German vote would be solid for the republican party.

Arrangements have been made for special trains and special steamers to convey Tacoma voters and others to Seattle on Saturday to attend the grand political barbecue there.

Burglars in Tacoma.

TACOMA, Sept. 26.—Burglars entered the residence of Mrs. Norbus last night, and robbed P. J. McIntire, who was sick and sitting up, of some $100 in money, and some clothes. They made a furious attack upon the sick man, who had offered no resistance, throwing him to the floor and kicking him. Several other houses have been entered, and small amounts taken. The city seems infested with thieves of all kinds, and the police are helpless to protect residents.

Hardly a Democratic Welcome.

WALLA WALLA Sept. 26.—On account of the non-arrival of the notice of their coming, the local democratic committee made no arrangements for addresses by Governor Semple, Tom Griffits and J. T. Ronald, who arrived to-night for that purpose, so no meeting was held, much to their disappointment and the annoyance of the committee having matters in charge.

A Valuable Clean Up.

ELLENSBURGH, Sept. 26.—Tom Maegher recently brought to Ellensburgh $6000 in gold, the result of a clean up in the Swauk mines while doing his annual assessment. It is nearly all coarse gold, the largest nugget being worth $60.

NOT ALLOWED TO LAND.

Chinese Who Claim They Were Born in Chinatown.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Over one hundred Chinese women and "merchants" still remain on board the steamer Gaelic, which arrived from China over a week ago. Collector Phelps refuses to accept affidavits that have been handed him for verification, so that the Chinese passengers can come ashore. The affidavits are increasing in number, but the collector remains firm in the matter of demanding correct information.

On the 3d of next month the Gaelic sails again for China, and unless writs are taken out for the release of the "merchants" they will be taken back.

To-day the authorities connected with the Chinese bureau visited the vessel to take the statements of the Chinamen and Chinese women that have not made application before to land. The same story was told by most of them; they were born in Chinatown, and left here when very young; they did not know in what house they were born; never saw any cable cars; did not know what a fire engine was; knew the name of no street except Dupont. This is the general run of the statements on which they desire to land. It is believed, though, that if the Chinese find they cannot get off on affidavits, writs of habeas corpus will be taken out by wholesale before the steamer sails again.

DISASTROUS GRASS FIRES.

The Picnic Grounds of Santiago Canyon Entirely Destroyed.

SANTA ANA, Sept. 26.—Grass fires in this vicinity have destroyed much valuable property. The beautiful picnic grounds of Santiago canyon, the pride of Madame Modjeska, the well known actress, are entirely consumed. Those picnic grounds have been a popular resort for many wealthy Eastern people, as well as many prominent actors, who were attracted here by the magnificent home of Mme. Modjeska. The madame's home, ten miles beyond, was not damaged.

In the upper part of Santa Barbara county it is estimated that $200,000 worth of property, including timber and feed, has been destroyed during the past week.

NEAR SANTA ANA.

SANTA ANA, Cal., Sept. 26.—Fire which has been burning for the past two days still continues in the canyons. The burnt and burning district now extends over 100 miles from north to south, and ten to eighteen miles in width. Over $100,000 worth of pasturage and timber has been destroyed.

FIGHT TO A FINISH.

Joe Soto Knocks Out Tommy Danforth in Fifty-Five Rounds.

LOS ANGELES Sept. 26.—In the rooms of the Southern California Athletic Club to-night, Joe Soto, a local light weight and Tommy Danforth, of New York, met to fight to a finish for a purse of $650, but at a late hour the fight was still undecided.

At midnight thirty-eight rounds had been fought, and Danforth seemed to be the fresher of the two.

At 12:40 forty-six rounds had been fought, and both men were fresh.

Later.—Danforth was knocked out in the fifty-fifth round.

FOREST FIRES AROUND ENSENADA.

One Town in Flames and Another in Great Peril.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 26.—A dispatch from Ensenada, Lower California, says forest fires have been raging near Ensenada, and to-day a strong wind carried the flames on to the city. The fire is nearly up to the woolen mills, and all of San Carlos is in flames. There is another fire on the south side of this city, and fears are entertained for the safety of this town. It is believed that General Webb's house is burned to the ground. Riverolle's ranch has been swept by flames.

THE PLUMBERS' STRIKE.

An Effort to Keep Men Away From Portland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The following telegram was received in this city last night by a prominent member of the Plumbers and Gas Fitters association:

PORTLAND, Or., September 25.

All the plumbers of this city have gone out on a strike. Until an agreement is reached use all endeavors to keep men away.

N. L. PILLSBURY,
Secretary Plumbers' union, Portland.

A MURDERER AT LARGE.

Confession of a Negro, Who Will Be Lynched If Caught.

BIRMINGHAM Ala., Sept. 26.—A special from Decatur says: The vicinity of Hourks postoffice is in a state of excitement over the confession of a brutal murder by Tom Haywood, a negro. About a year ago Thomas Williams, a mail carrier between Hucks and this city, was murdered by an unknown person.

A few nights ago Thomas Haywood, who lived on Mrs. Williams's place, went to her house and presenting a revolver demanded that she sell her place, flee with him to the North and there marry him. She apparently consented to his demands, and he, elated at his success, returned to his quarters, threatening to kill her if she told any one. Haywood confessed to having killed her husband. Mrs. Williams informed the neighbors as soon as possible, but Haywood was warned so no way and fled. If caught, he will be lynched.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

An extensive strike of dock laborers has begun at Rotterdam.

The Temple of Heaven, at Pekin, containing the dragon throne, has been destroyed by fire.

There is sad loss in Switzerland because of the wholesale destruction of the grape vines by an untimely frost in the valleys.

While attending the funeral of Colonel Carrell, the journalist, in New York, yesterday, Jacob A. Westerhouse, a friend of the deceased and a member of his regiment during the war, dropped dead of paralysis.

Elegant new dining-cars daily from Portland to Chicago and St. Louis, via Oregon Railway & Nav. Co., Oregon Short Line, and Union Pacific. Twenty-one hours quicker to all points east than any other transcontinental line. Pullman palace sleepers and free family sleeping-cars on all through trains. Union ticket office, First and Oak streets.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car line Office, No. 121 First street, cor. Washington

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

A Shocking Disaster in Pennsylvania Steel Works.

THE WEDDING OF EMMONS BLAINE

An Increase in Union Pacific Earnings—Important Decision in a Northern Pacific Land Case—Villard's Scheme.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 26.—At Carnegie's Edgar Thomson steel works at Braddock to-night, furnace C, one of the largest of the furnaces, gave way at the bottom, and tons of molten metal, like water escaping from a reservoir, ran out. The furnace had not been working properly during the day, and Captain Jones, general manager of the works, called to-night to see if he could ascertain the cause. He was working with a number of men near the base of the furnace when the break occured. In an instant the flames shot forth and the hot metal exploded and fell like sheets of water. That anyone escaped instant death is marvellous. Captain Jones was horribly burned, and the physicians are unable to state whether he will live or not. Michael Quinn was burned so badly that his flesh peeled off. He cannot live. John Meinake was badly burnt about the chest. Two or three other workmen, whose names it is impossible to get to-night, were seriously injured and may not recover. Captain Jones is well known throughout the United States and Europe wherever iron and steel is manufactured.

LATER.—The names of the other workmen who were burned are Patrick Hughes, Michael Conner and John Needen. Michael King, a Hungarian, was present when the seething mass poured out of the furnaces, and as he cannot be found it is feared that he is covered up. About six car-loads of molten metal poured out of the break.

The terrible rush of liquid steel knocked Jones down. Fortunately he fell between two tracks, or he would have been burned to death instantly. When removed from the pit his clothing had been entirely burned from his body.

The loss to the company will be quite heavy.

At midnight Captain Jones was resting easily. The physicians say he will recover. Two of the others will die.

WEDDING OF EMMONS BLAINE.

Miss Anita McCormick, of Chicago, the Bride—The Ceremony.

ROCKFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y., Sept. 26.—The wedding of Emmons Blaine, son of the secretary of state, and Miss Anita McCormick, of Chicago, was solemnized here to-day at noon. The little Presbyterian church, in which the ceremony took place, is situated upon a knoll overlooking the village. It was lighted with electric lights and its arches were trimmed with smilax, autumn leaves and ferns. The pulpit was covered with flowers.

As the guests began arriving at the church soon after 11:30, the dark clouds broke into rain.

Ten minutes before the hour of the ceremony, Stephen B. Elkins and wife entered and were soon followed by Secretary of State Blaine and wife. The mother of the bride, plainly attired, entered soon after and it was now that the bridal party was making its way into the church. The clergymen entered the chancel and the groom followed them.

At that moment the bride, attired in a dress of Valenciennes and white satin, entered upon the arm of her brother Cyrus.

Emmons Blaine awaited her at the altar step, and, the Rev. Dr. V. V. Holmes, the local pastor, began reading the marriage service according to the Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, assisting in the ceremony.

The bride was given away by her brother Cyrus. The marriage was with a ring, the couple kneeling during the invocation of divine blessing upon the union.

The newly wedded pair then led the procession from the church, taking carriages for the drive through the pouring rain to McCormick's cottage, whither the invited guests followed and sat down to a wedding breakfast.

The party left at 2 o'clock for Bar Harbor.

UNION PACIFIC EARNINGS.

A Hopeful Increase Over the Same Month Last Year.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—The Union Pacific's net earnings for August on the main part of its system, comprising 5160 miles, were $1,433,546, an increase over the same month of last year of $327,726. The net earnings from January 1 to August 31 were $7,755,368, an increase of $471,469.

BOISE CITY WANTS BETTER RATES.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Sept. 26.—J. S. Tibbetts, general freight agent, and J. V. Parker, division freight agent of the Union Pacific railroad, held a conference with the Board of Trade to-day, in reference to freight rates. The board presented its minimums, that the same rate be given this city on through freight as now granted neighboring towns on the main line, and that freight be billed to Boise.

Tibbetts said that granting the request would disarrange the rates on all branch lines, as higher rates were charged all branches.

Rigid questioning developed the fact that on the Wood River branch rates were but a trifling figure above the main line rates, while on the Boise branch they average 15 per cent. advance. Coal rates are even more than this.

Tibbetts promised to take the matter up at headquarters and return an answer in about fifteen days.

Concessions were at once granted fruit and vegetable shippers.

NOT A FORFEITURE OF RIGHTS

An Important Decision in a Northern Pacific Land Case.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—In the case of the Northern Pacific Railway Company vs. Rudolph, Secretary Noble to-day decided that by failing to appear to oppose the final proof, proceedings on the part of a pre-emption, or other claimants, a railroad company does not forfeit any of the rights which the granting act shows it to possess. It simply can not insist on any further opportunity to contradict the proofs submitted, as it has had its day in court; but if on these proofs themselves it still appears on the face of the whole record that the company has a prior or superior right, the judgment must go accordingly.

This decision corrects a widely prevalent misapprehension as to the effect of the "Forester" and other cases, which were supposed to inflict a forfeiture of rights upon railroad companies who failed to appear at hearings.

VILLARD'S SCHEME.

To Form a Syndicate and Buy the Northern Pacific Land Grant.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—*Kiernan's News Agency* gives circulation to the following today: It is rumored that in the event of Villard's success in securing control of Northern Pacific stock, a syndicate will be immediately formed to purchase all the Northern Pacific land, estimated at 40,000,000 acres at $1 per acre. The right to subscribe to the syndicate will be offered to stockholders. This will practically retire the first mortgage bonds.

CASH REGISTERS.

Another Suit Against the Bensinger Company of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—[Special.]—The National Cash Register company of Dayton, Ohio, has brought an additional suit in the United States circuit court against the Bensinger Cash Register company of Chicago. This time the National company has moved for a preliminary injunction to enjoin the Bensinger company from manufacturing or selling. The case is set for hearing early in October.

THE LOUISIANA FRAUDS.

Embezzler Burke Sends a Reply to the Charges From London.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.—The statement of the cashier of the treasury during Burke's term that he had called Burke's attention in 1886 to the fact that coupons had been presented of the bonds supposed to have been destroyed was cabled to Major Burke in London. Burke has replied, telling how apparent discrepancies might exist, and stating that he was tied down by his business in London, and that when he could get away he would call for Louisiana.

It is understood that Judge Marr will charge the grand jury next week to investigate the matter and bring indictments against those found to have been engaged in placing the invalid securities on the market.

Judge Stansbury, who was for some time engaged with Burke in a business capacity, has made a statement showing that he negotiated loans for Burke at different times amounting to thousands of dollars, always depositing as collateral the state bonds handed him by Burke for that purpose. In comparing the numbers he handled with those now published, he finds that among the bonds handled by him were nearly $20,000 of fraudulent ones. He had no doubt of their validity until the recent disclosures. Stansbury's statement, which is made on the advice of his attorney, shows that Burke, as far back as 1881, was using the bonds then in his keeping as state treasurer as collateral in borrowing money for his own use.

CABLE NOTES.

The Sunday Observance Congress.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The Sunday observance congress passed a resolution to-day to the effect that in cases where the observance of Sunday is impossible on weekly holidays should be given to employes. The congress also adopted a resolution advising employers not to pay their men on Saturday or Sunday. The president of the United States in his letter to the congress said "Experience and observation have convinced me that every one who works with his hands and his head needs the rest which the Sabbath alone can give."

Minister Phelps and the Emperor.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—After an exchange of formal remarks, on the occasion of Phelps to-day, the emperor entered into conversation with Phelps, detaining him so long that he and Count Herbert Bismarck, who accompanied Mr. Phelps to Potsdam, missed the train by which they intended to return to Berlin. To-night Count Herbert Bismarck gave a dinner to Phelps, which was attended by the principal attaches of the United States legation and a number of foreign diplomatic representatives.

Russian Strategy.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—The *Cologne Gazette* says: The proposal of the chief general of the staff of the Russian army that a second line of rails be laid to the western frontier is being carried out, despite the opposition of the minister of finance. Three hundred locomotives and the requisite amount of rails have been ordered for delivery in May. This will complete the strategic net work of Russian railways, increasing the capacity to mass troops on the German frontier.

Boulanger and Rochefort's Votes Nullified.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The municipal commission has decided that the votes cast for Boulanger in Montmatre in the recent elections are void and has declared Joffrin, the labor candidate, elected. The commission also nullified the votes cast for Henry Rochefort in Belleteile.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The commission has confirmed the election of Count Dillon, Boulangist.

A New Postal Line.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. A railway mail service has been established between Burke, Idaho, and Spokane Falls, Wn., a distance of 133 miles. R. M. Bacon, of Nampa, Idaho, has been appointed to perform such service.

Notice to Travellers.

For Atlantic steamship tickets call at Union ticket office, No. 81 First street. State rooms reserved by telegraph.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

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42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.
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Household Furniture and Merchandise!
We will sell at salesroom, No. 42 First st., on
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150 Bed Comforters, 179 pair Blankets, 300 Spreads, 100 reams Note Paper, 50 cases Tobacco, Boots, Shoes, 500 boxes Toilet Soap; also Parlor, Bedroom Suits, Carpets, etc.
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UNIVERSITY OF OREGON
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The session opens on the 8th of October. Applications for admission are to be addressed to
RICHARD H. THORNTON,
Attorney at Law,
72 Morrison st., Portland.

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Has just opened, at 73 Morrison st., near Fourth, the finest line of Woolens of his own importation direct from the manufacturers. He will make perfect-fitting and stylish-cut garments at fully 35 per cent less than any other tailor on the Pacific Coast. All work guaranteed to be first-class, made up by the best white labor in Portland. Perfect fit guaranteed or no sale.
Business Suits made to order from $25 up.
Business Pants made to order from $6 up.
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Stylish Overcoats made to order from $25 up.
Other garments in proportion.
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The Tailor,
73 Morrison St., near Fourth,
Branch of San Francisco.

The only stock in the market. For Sale by
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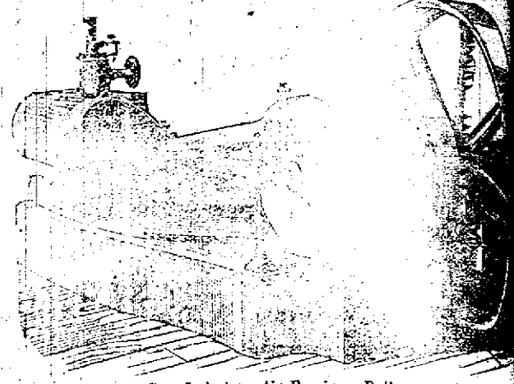
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Will make you a choice and convenient home; will make a neat return as an investment in a short time; will pay you to investigate before making a purchase. Terms very reasonable.
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If you want to invest in some gilt-edge improved, paying property, or good unimproved property where you can realize a handsome profit in a short time, it will pay you to carefully look over our list and avail yourself of an opportunity to make a good strike.
$2200 will buy a lot 50x134, with 7-room house, all in A1 order, situated on Sixteenth street, East Portland.
A fine quarter block on G street, well improved, paying interest on investment.
$2100 will secure 100 feet fronting on N street.
$2100 is all we ask for corner lot on Seventh street; some fine fruit trees; streets graded.
$4000 for a splendid quarter block in McMillen's Addition, near east end of steel bridge.
$3130—Choice quarter block on F and Tenth streets.
$1650—Nice inside lot on Ninth street.
40 acres east of Mt. Tabor, all clear; $350 per acre.
A number of fine tracts near city.
Hazelwood and Rockwood 5 and 10 acre tracts on the installment plan.
For further information see
LAMBERT & SARGENT,
1117 Fourth St., East Portland, Or.

SOME + SPECIAL + BARGAINS
CITY PROPER.
$ 900—Cor. lot, King's Add., near Gaston's, cash price
1500—10x104 feet, very slightly, King's Addition.
5000—Corner lot and double house, fourteenth and Morrison.
1750—House and full lot, opposite Good Samaritan Hospital.
EAST PORTLAND.
$ 900—40x130 feet, very slightly, 13th and R sts.
350—50x120 feet, on high ground, 19th and R sts.
650—50x100 feet, very desirable, Edendale add.
450—50x100 feet, fine residence lot, Edendale.
MOUNT TABOR.
$ 900—A beautiful and slightly half-acre tract.
800—1½ acres, highly cultivated, very slightly.
1000—4½ acres highly cultivated, with small cottage.
SOUTH PORTLAND.
$ 600 to $1650—Very choice and very slightly residence lots on the high ground at south end of First st.
PORTLAND HEIGHTS.
$ 1,600—Lot 50x150 feet, on cable road, just above tressle.
4,000—Beautiful quarter block on cable road.
2,000—Half block and fine cottage, a perfect gem.
2,500—Half block and new house, on 13th st.; choice.
4,250—Quarter block on the "tip-top," near Sky Jane.
CLAYTON & OLIVER,
143 Second Street.

ASTORIA.
The seaport of Oregon and future terminus of the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific railroads.
RIVERSIDE ADDITION,
Beautifully located on open land near the mouth of the Young river, steamboat landing within 200 yards and Astoria street cars. Running every fifteen minutes each way until a distance by County road or the 100 lots will be sold for the next thirty days at $40 (of $25.00 on each or for cash and warranty deed sent with guarantee satisfaction to outside purchasers. Lots perfect; deeds free. J. M. MANSELL or FRANK PETTLE, Astoria Or.

MAKE A NOTE OF THIS.
Thorough familiarity with the location and value of every lot and tract of land on the East side enables us to give inducements $1,500,000 realized in the past twelve years by our 5000 patrons investing on our judgment and experience. Call for the proof.
ORBITZ & BABCOCK,
1163 Fourth st., East Portland, Or.

FOR THE FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE City, go to Frank Zeller, First and Pine sts.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.
Lots are still going rapidly. Twenty-six sold last week to purchasers got bargains.
With the smelter and plants assured, the wise one is investing now. Get maps and information from
Borthwick & Co.
3 Washington st.

EASTPORT
On Tenth street for $450 cash; one of the best buys in the addition.
A new cottage, 5 rooms, corner lot for $3500, which can be had on payments. For sale by
REGISTER & BEE,
First and Stark sts.

GOOD INVESTMENTS
Splendid farming lands, located on the Pacific Railroad, on the line between Seattle and Tacoma, are now in the market at exceedingly low prices. Call at once and secure bargains before the coming boom. Winter, spring and summer; easy terms; time 10 years.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO.,
24 Washington st.

Chehalis County and Gray's Harbor
Montesano lots from $ up. Harbor city and Montesano.
FENNER & [illegible]
Real Estate Brokers, Montesano.

YOUR CHA
$1800—12 l

ONE hundred and two years ago Pennsylvania and New Jersey ratified their respective constitutions, and were the first states admitted into the Union of States.

There are thirty-eight state capitals and seven territorial capitals in these United States now—with the national capital at Washington, making fifty capitals in America.

Of this number over ninety per cent. have changed the location of their capital at some period of their existence, while some of the states have made as many as four changes. In the majority of instances the change has occurred when admission into the Union took place.

Why these changes? Because the people in America are fair and impartial, they believe in succession, and in the division of honor and profit. They recognize that the locality possessing the territorial capital in the past has prospered in material wealth over that of neighboring towns. The government of these United States in its expenditure of public moneys for the maintainance of a territorial form of government has always made the territorial capital the distributing point for money. All the money paid out during the session of legislatures is expended at the capital.

The territory of Washington was organized in 1853, giving it thirty-six years of an existence, long enough to whiten the hairs in and enrich the pockets of capital patriots. The capital must be a good thing to have, for the community holding it always desires its continuance. But the people seek a change, and in this they emulate the people in all preceeding states in seeking to relocate the capital at the most central point. They do this in fairness to all, and if the present capital of Washington was in a central point there would be less argument for a change.

The tax-payer on the eastern border of Washington does not want to go to the extreme western border to reach the capital. This fact is proven by the open and avowed endorsement of

NORTH YAKIMA,

As given by fully fifty of the leading journals in Washington territory.

Here is a partial list of newspapers that have endorsed North Yakima for the capital of the new state of Washington:

Vancouver Independent
Clarke County Register.
Stevens County Miner.
Snohomish Sun.
Spokane Falls Review.
Spokane Falls Chronicle.
Farmington Register.
Tacoma Globe.
The Colfax Gazette.
The Medical Lake Ledger.
The Palouse Gazette.
Garfield Enterprise.
Asotin Sentinel.
Wilbur Register.
The (Palouse) Boomerang.
Palouse City News.
Puyallup Critic.
The Sprague Herald and a host of others from all parts of the territory.

The Gray's Harbor, Puget Sound, Columbia River country and Walla Walla papers, in fact, from North to South, East to West, have newspapers espouse our cause, printing articles in our favor from week to week. This volunteered help has brought us letters from all over the territory in which the writers declared their intention of working for North Yakima on

ELECTION DAY.

The faith of the general public is shown in the unprecedent sale of property, bought by men in all the walks of life, who come here in person, keeping our hotels fairly well filled with those who anticipate the future of North Yakima by buying her property now. Their faith is well founded for North Yakima will soon have railroad connection with all parts of the territory. The trans-continental line thus affords railway communication east and west for so many towns: connecting us with the Sound country on the West, Spokane and Eastern Washington on the East, viz: the N. P., which runs conveniently near to our business portion. The Gray's Harbor R. R. through the Natchez Pass gives us an ocean outlet, also the new line of railway, now nearly surveyed, that commences at Portland, runs thence to Vancouver and Clarke county thence to Yakima, where division head quarters will be, its ultimate terminus being the

BRITISH BOUNDARY LINE.

Here are three lines of railway that the people of the new state of Washington, in the near future can ride upon into North Yakima.

But there are other very good reasons why North Yakima should be remembered by the voters on election day, a starting point or foundation being embodied in the following from the two leading newspapers in Washington Territory:

Seattle Post-Intelligencer.—To a district where four years ago were uncultivated prairies, the home of great herds of unrestrained wild cattle and vicious bands of cayuse ponies who knew no halter, now stands the city of North Yakima, the Queen City of Eastern Washington.

Tacoma Ledger.—The valley in which the city of North Yakima is situated is the center of a series of very fertile valleys which open into it and have grown famous for their products. With a splendid agricultural country surrounding it, with the peculiar advantages of its location, the railroad approaches North Yakima can not but figure in the future brilliantly.

AND THAT FUTURE IS UPON US NOW.

The Palouse *Boomerang*: It seems to us that North Yakima is so situated that it is the natural center of our territory, and is therefore the proper place to successfully compete for the location of the state capital. From every inhabitable part of our territory are natural routes for railroads and wagon roads leading to the pioneer city of the great Yakima valley. We have no doubt about the result when the tally sheet is counted—North Yakima will be the future capital of Washington.

VOTE FOR THE CAPITAL FOR NORTH YAKIMA FOR THE CAPITAL

The great and good reason for a change is to have the capital of the growing state of Washington in a live and prosperous town, a town that achieves as much in four years, commencing on nothing, without help or outside money, government perquisites or wealthy citizens, as some towns have accomplished with all this, coupled with thirty years' experience.

It is universally and justly conceded that North Yakima as a railroad and manufacturing center is the Indianapolis and the Des Moines of Washington.

It makes no difference where the permanent capital is to be located, so far as saving of taxes to the people is concerned, for new buildings will go up immediately. The people of Washington Territory while frugal and successful, are not close fisted or cheap in their ways and their public buildings will be the pride of her people and the equal of any western state.

[illegible]

Those who believe our locality deserving, if it can be done without injury to neighbors or contesting candidates, to give us their vote, and we beg our friends to see that their ballots may read:

"For the Permanent Location

Of the Seat of Government."

[illegible]

The time for action is close at hand.

Hence, no better time can be offered than now, in advance of results, to thank our friends far and near for their steadfast loyalty to our cause. We have strong hopes of success; yet, if the will of the people should say us nay, we will join with the victor in congratulations and good will. It would inspire that sense of gratitude in our success, that finds no expression in words; it must be shown in work and loyalty in years to come.

No handsomer site for capitol buildings can be found than those set aside for this purpose should North Yakima be honored. It is an elevated and beautiful spot where the great throng of tourists, new home seekers and visitors of the future can look upon our capital buildings from which they will judge the class and character of our people.

PRESS COMMENT.

Farmington *Register*: The capital question has begun to attract some attention east of the Cascades as well as west, and it looks as though Olympia stan is a poor show of holding the seat of government of the new state. It is safe to say that Whitman county voters would like the capital located near the center of the state, so as not to travel all over Washington and a part of Oregon to get there. North Yakima is the place.

Stevens county *Miner*: The present location is the most inconvenient and inaccessible of any place in the territory. * * * It is not even convenient for the people of Puget sound, as is conclusively shown by the fact that they have united and procured the removal of the United States land office from Olympia to Seattle. To all these people Yakima is more convenient than is Olympia, while to the people of Eastern Washington the change would be of inestimable value. Another thing, it will wrest the public business out of the foul nest of politicians at Olympia. For this last reason, if no other, by any and all means let the capital be removed to Yakima.

Clarke county *Register*: As a second choice we think the people of Clarke county would prefer North Yakima to any other point for the reason that it is central, is situated in a fine country—one destined to become rich and populous—and has a climate unequaled for salubrity and health. * * * North Yakima has a better climate than Ellensburgh and is surrounded by a better country, and far transcends it in its prospects as a railroad center. * * * It is, in short, central, healthful and accessible from all points of the territory. What further is necessary? If Vancouver can not have it, we vote for Yakima as against any other town in the territory.

Spokane Falls *Review*: After all, it seems now probable that the capital question is to be settled by the first ballot. The sentiment of the people east of the mountains appears to be practically unanimous in favor of North Yakima, while the indications are that a large vote for the same place will be given from the west side. This will probably settle the matter at this election. That this would be the result did not seem probable a few weeks ago, but the argument of the press is strongly in favor of concentrating the vote on one place at this election, in order that the question may be thus finally disposed of at the outset, thus enabling the state to erect its public buildings and settle down to permanent business. This argument, together with the many other strong arguments in favor of North Yakima, have perceptibly influenced voters on both sides of the mountains. Both of the Vancouver papers and practically all of the people in that section of the territory bordering on the Columbia river at the south are strongly in favor of Yakima, as they are soon to be connected with that place by the Yakima & Vancouver railroad. Those of the Gray's harbor country are similarly influenced by the prospective road, which must pass through Yakima and the Nachess pass to reach that promising port. At the same time Tacoma and Seattle will doubtless give a large vote to Yakima, for the reason that those cities have business dealings and more intimate relations with Central Washington than they have with Olympia, which may be a trifle nearer to them. Thus viewed it now seems highly probable that Yakima may secure her coveted prize by the "first rattle out of the box."

Wilbur *Register*: North Yakima has many friends in that region. In eastern Washington, the choice is between North Yakima and Ellensburgh. It would be foolish for Eastern Washington to do otherwise than to concentrate its vote on one or the other of these latter points, as to do otherwise would split its vote, which is sure to either defeat both or delay the permanent location of the capital.

Olympia is altogether too one-sided. It is too much for people to travel so great a distance to reach the capital from the eastern section of the state. A central location of the capital is desirable and would be most beneficial to eastern Washington. It is probably the point where the Central Washington Railroad will intersect the Northern Pacific Railroad, and several projected railroads will, if built, pass through North Yakima.

[illegible]

When They Come Into Our New State,

And here is the best spot for this purpose in all Washington, and it will cost the taxpayers nothing for this commanding site.

North Yakima is in the central part of the soon-to-be new state.

Our climate is without "flaw or blemish," neither too hot nor too cold requiring neither fur nor rubber coats, a happy intermediate, free from extremes.

Our water supply is ample and as pure as melted snow and ice, from whence it comes, at mountain peaks and snowy range heights.

Our transportation facilities are superb and frequent, by railroad lines, and increasing each year.

Our hotel is brick, finished, occupied and without superiors in towns of our size. When we need more hotels than we have now for legislators, their families and friends, our business men will build them.

Our scenery embraces mountain and valley, one unending stretch of nature's loveliness, interspersed with farms and fruit orchards, with glistening steel rails and the smoke of busy locomotives.

Our "social and home life" is without pretense, affectation or display. We are a part of the people of the great state of Washington, and, as such, seek to be frugal, thoughtful and moral.

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The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, SEPT. 27

FRANCHISES GIVEN AWAY.

Is it one of the functions of the city of Portland to enrich individuals and corporations? The city has heretofore pursued a very erroneous policy in respect to street railroads, and, we regret to say, shows no disposition as yet to change it. The streets, which belong to the public, and are for public use, are given up for the asking to private individuals or corporations, who lay rails thereon and thereby get as much use of the streets as all other persons together; and this privilege of laying rails and running cars through the streets has been granted without any compensation whatever to the city, though it is a privilege of great value to those who are favored with it.

The policy is wrong. Every individual or company that applies for the privilege of laying rails and running cars through the streets should be required to pay into the city treasury as consideration for the same, a fixed proportion of the earnings of the car line. In these car lines there is property of great value; its value depends wholly on the right to occupy the street, and every car line drives vehicles and pedestrians off the street it occupies. The rails are an obstruction to the wheels of every description of vehicles save those of the cars that run upon them; the street crossings are obstructed for pedestrians at every minute in the day by cars, and when a car line has taken possession of a street nobody else has any rights that it is bound to respect. Now, while it is admitted that the car line is a necessary convenience of transit through a city, to a large number of people, there is no reason to forget that it is never built for the convenience of the public, but solely to make money, and that since it occupies a highway that belongs to the public, from which it not only excludes other car lines, but from which to a great extent it drives away wagons, carriages, carts and other vehicles and obstructs the way of pedestrians, it ought to bring into the public treasury some just portion of its earnings. From the eagerness with which these franchises are sought it may be judged that they are very valuable property. Why should the city give them away? The franchise on Second street, which was granted some time ago, without any consideration or compensation, has recently been sold, we are told, for a very great sum of money, and the new proprietors are now hurrying to put down a track upon it, presumably under apprehension that if they do not make haste there may be some interference with them. Since these franchises are salable for very large sums, will any one take it upon him to say why the city should give them away?

The common council of Portland has never been properly regardful of the interests of the city in this business, and it appears still to be controlled by private interest, influence or favor. There is now an ordinance before the common council proposing to grant (as usual, without consideration to the city) a large number of streets to an association that proposes to construct and operate car lines. This blanket ordinance will cover up all or almost all the streets yet unoccupied by car lines, without the corporate boundaries. If it passes it will convey a franchise worth an immense sum to those securing it and the city will receive no return for it. Now since the city has a franchise that will be worth, say $1,000,000 in money to those who are applying for it, will any one explain why the applicants should not be required to pay something for it? These projectors and speculators ask for the right to use the public streets for their private business, and for the exclusive right to use them for that business. Out of this use of the public highways they expect to make a great deal of money. They ask for a thing that others cannot have, for when they get their car lines in the street they will have exclusive possession for this purpose, and a possession, moreover, that is a continual and perpetual obstruction to easy use of the streets by vehicles in general. Is this not an advantage they should pay for? Regard for the interests of the city demands that every ordinance granting such a franchise should require payment into the city treasury of a proportion or percentage of the earnings of the line; and this proportion should be graduated so that percentage of payments might increase as the earnings become greater and the profits larger.

It seems too that now we are to have poles erected in our most busy streets and wires strung thereon to carry powerful electric currents—that is, we are to have electric motor lines, and our principal avenues are to be obstructed still further. In these proceedings the public interest and the public convenience are alike disregarded, and the people are to be subjected not only to the annoyance of more poles and wires, but to the danger and dread of the presence of an agent of mighty power for destruction. The study of the men who operate the car line is how to make most money out of it, and they care not for any inconvenience, loss or injuries that either individuals or the public may suffer. They got their franchise without paying for it, and neither individual persons nor the community at large have any rights they are bound to respect. The question now is, are more of these franchises to be given away? Are the rights of the city to be surrendered upon every demand without compensation? Is the city council to continue giving away public franchises to make private fortunes? These are questions that have long been demanding attention in Portland. THE OREGONIAN has presented them on many occasions before; it now presents them again. It is well aware that the feeble regard for duty to the public that prevails in the government of the city is not likely to assert itself against the incessant and aggressive demands of private interest and corporate greed. Nevertheless, it speaks once more.

The futile attempt to suppress the din of the Salvation Army on the streets of East Portland resulted in making these noisy vagabonds more insolent than before. If the city attorney of that city can draw up an ordinance that will result in compelling them to adopt a less vociferous form of "worship" he will confer a benefit on the public that will be duly appreciated. This "freedom to worship God" cry is entitled to all respect as long as it does not persistently salute the unwilling ears of protesting citizens and thus become a public annoyance. When it does, it should be stopped, the same as any other discordant noise that otherwise harmless lunatics might insist upon making upon the streets would be. A community should be able to protect itself from this braying band of pseudo Christians without infringing upon liberty of conscience and its proper exercise in matters of worship. If there is no law that can be thus construed it will be a good thing for the next legislature to enact one. In the meantime, however, the hallelujah horns will be in full blast, and the red-shirted and blue-poked brigade will continue to make the early hours of the evening, and, indeed, the hours far into the night, hideous with the harsh discordance of an unmusical and impious din which would be sufficient to turn heaven itself into the hell of which they prate.

The plumbers of this city are on a strike. They have no grievance as to wages or hours; they have all the 'prentice help that they want, having long ago dictated their terms on this point; the lads are cheerful and handy, and, having an eye to the future when they will be kings of the trade, perform the work willingly while the bosses draw the pay; the work is, in the main on new, clean jobs that have few of the disagreeable features that attend repairs after a "freeze up and thaw out;" but there is one man whom they are determined shall not amass a fortune in Portland and until the Master Plumbers' Association solemnly agrees to give this ostracized individual no work the plumbers propose to wear their coats and be gentlemen of leisure. Stiff-necked employers boldly declare that they will hire whom they please, or words to that effect, thus showing a non-progressive disposition, frowned upon by all well regulated trade unions everywhere, to manage their own business. It would seem that employers would learn the lesson so often propounded after awhile, and to any small request of this kind drop their hats and smilingly answer "certainly, gentlemen." There is no use living on toward the closing decade of the nineteenth century unless a man keeps up with its revised and improved methods.

A PHILANTHROPIC FREAK.

There recently occurred at Atlanta, Georgia, a death which has called wide attention to a life of eccentric benevolence. Judge Milo Olin, a Northern man by birth but for half a century one of the peculiar men of the part of the South in which he lived the life of a recluse as regards social matters, recently fell down a flight of stairs leading to his lonely apartments and sustained injuries which resulted in his death a few hours thereafter.

The peculiar character which his benevolence had for years assumed was in caring for those stricken by pestilence, and many times he was able to serve the generation in which he lived in nursing and otherwise providing for the victims of yellow fever. He was that romantic person, a recluse with a secret and this secret no one ever fathomed. Curiosity, after busying itself for years concerning his possible history and the special causes that led to his strange life, at length subsided, and it became sufficient to the people with whom he associated that he was ever ready to serve, without money and without price, the victims of pestilence. He was tireless in his work, steadily refused to accept even the thanks of gratitude and died as he had lived beloved, but unknown to his associates except by his name and the kindly ministrations of his peculiar type of benevolence.

It seems unkind to criticise the methods of a career which was prolific in deeds of mercy and generosity, yet we cannot repress the thought that even philanthropy and its work is blurred to some extent by a dispenser that holds himself apart from men, lives exclusively his own life and dies unknown.

The disposition of the world is to regard such a man as a "freak"—a person to be admired in a certain way, but whose life no one wishes to emulate. His benevolent acts are set down to the credit of eccentricity, and are not pointed out as the promptings of kindness.

To be understood a philanthropist must touch the world as it is, and not invest himself with a personality that may as readily be set down to eccentricity as to benevolence.

Thus, while the name of Judge Olin will live in memory as a synonym of kindness and generosity, it will not be strange if he is remembered as one who was good not as much from the honest impulses of benevolence as because somewhere, and at some period of his life, something crossed his purpose and changed his course, making it eccentric and to a great degree out of sympathy with the lives of his fellow-men.

PROTECTION DEVELOPS OUR RESOURCES.

The annual value of the products of our mines is $600,000,000, which have been developed under protection. Ten years ago Germany abandoned free trade for protection, and Germany is now the third great iron and steel producing country in the world. The facts and figures are as follows: In 1878 Great Britain produced over 45 per cent. of all the pig iron of the world, the United States 15 per cent., Germany 15 per cent., and France 10 per cent. In 1888 Great Britain produced only 34 per cent., while the United States, under the system of protection, produced 25 per cent. and Germany over 18 per cent.

The figures of increased production of pig iron in the three great iron countries of the world are as follows:

PIG IRON.	Production—Tons.	
	1878.	1888.
Great Britain	7,898,834	6,353,051
United States	2,689,413	7,811,778
Germany	4,238,371	2,147,641

Total for the world for 1878 (including France, Belgium, Austria and other countries), 14,117,902 tons, as compared with the present total for the world of 23,191,175 tons, showing an increase in England of 23 per cent., in the United States of nearly 200 per cent., and in Germany of nearly 100 per cent.

The United States and Germany have steadily increased their coal product, until Germany produces 82,660,000 tons, the United States 157,000,000 tons, and England 176,000,000 tons.

At this rate of increased production under protection the census for 1900 will show the United States first in the production of iron ore, pig iron, iron and steel. The figures for steel are as follows:

STEEL.	Production—Tons.	
	1878.	1888.
Great Britain	1,493,586	1,190,000
United States	2,188,410	781,778
Germany	1,765,334	670,855

Showing an increase for England of 200 per cent., for the United States of 500 per cent., and for Germany of 200 per cent. To-day we produce 30 per cent of the total steel product of the world, as against England's production of 25 per cent.

These figures show that protection develops the mineral resources of a country, increases its manufactures and benefits the farmer, because the creation of large manufacturing centers makes a higher market for his product, and increases the value of his lands, and yet Ex-Secretary Bayard says that the democracy would again advocate tariff reform, and free wool will be the first step toward that reform.

CRANBERRY CULTURE.

A correspondent of THE OREGONIAN recently wrote from Shoalwater Bay that a company of San Francisco men had a number of acres of bog under cranberry cultivation, and expected next year to send 10 000 bushels to California. In Southern and Western New Jersey and the Cape Cod districts of Massachusetts, the cranberry crop is a most valuable one. The yield is seldom less than 150 bushels to the acre, and 400 bushels have been harvested from a single acre of bog, near Lakewood, New Jersey. The price for harvesting is 50 cents a bushel and the boys and girls who pick the berries earn from $2 to $3 a day. Last year a single cranberry grower at Lakeside, N. J., raised 35,000 bushels, and the whole crop for the state was 200,000 bushels; for whose harvesting $100,000 was paid. The single county of Ocean, N. J., raised 160,000 bushels, which, at $2.50 per bushel, showed an income to that county of $250,000 from cranberries alone.

Cranberry lands still command higher prices in New Jersey than the average farming lands of the agricultural sections of the state. When cranberry cultivation was begun a few years ago in Ocean county, N. J., wild swamp land which was not worth the taxes, although the assessments were ridiculously small, suddenly attained to a value of from $25 to $30 an acre. To redeem the land and fit it for planting required both capital and labor, the cost on an acre for stumping, turning and ditching being from $400 to $1000 per acre. The lands chosen for berries were almost always cedar or maple swamps, the higher or savanna ground proving an unprofitable investment. The swamps were often in the very heart of the pine region. The cultivation of the cranberry in the bog lands of Oregon and Washington, if conducted by persons familiar with the best methods, would prove a valuable industry.

SALARIES IN THE NEW STATES.

The effort of the democratic orators in Washington to defeat the constitution on the plea that the salaries of the judiciary are in gross excess of the income of the farmer is instinct with the spirit of demagogy. A lawyer skilled by learning and experience to make a competent judge is but moderately compensated for his labors and the sacrifice of his practice when he is paid $4000 a year. Good lawyers spend from three to five years in study before admission to the bar. During this time they can earn little or nothing. In the first five years of his practice a lawyer is exceptionally fortunate if his income vexes him more than a very modest living. As a rule, few lawyers at the end of ten years' practice are "ahead of the world"; many of them are still in debt for what it cost them to study their profession and acquire a living practice. When a lawyer leaves his practice for the bench he loses it, even if he returns to his profession after a short term of judicial service. He is liable to be voted out of office by a change in the political situation if he has a family he ought to be paid an any enough to save something for a rainy day. He must pay his traveling expenses out of his salary, must educate his sons and daughters, must live and dress in a style commensurate with the social dignity and obligations of his position. He cannot live like a church mouse nor dress like a drover. Wherever he goes he is the recipient of public and private attentions that he cannot refuse to acknowledge, of both public and private hospitality that he cannot refuse to accept without loss of both political and social influence, and it is idiotic to pretend that a judge of the supreme court can live on the same income that he might consider sufficient if he was a farmer without public responsibility, and subject to none of social obligations and duties that are always inseparable from the possession of a high and important public office. In nothing has the constitution of Washington been so generally commended by the great newspapers, east of the Mississippi, as the wisdom and sound policy of paying her supreme court a decent salary, worthy of the acceptance of an able and upright lawyer.

Under our system of government judges are not retired with a pension as in England when broken by age or infirmity. The only exception is in case of the judges of the United States court, who can retire on a full salary after reaching the age of 70 years, though in case of infirmity before 70, congress seldom fails to pass a special bill for their retirement, but no state in this Union has ever pensioned its judges or retired them even on half pay; so that in most of our states an able jurist who goes upon the bench sacrifices for its honors a large practice, loses all chance of a competency for old age, except by practicing a kind of daily petty and "candle end" parsimony that is impossible to a man who, by virtue of his position, is compelled to be a large figure in social life, compelled to accept hospitality and social consideration everywhere for which as a matter of self-respect, he must make at least a modest return.

The position of a judge of the highest court carries with it to-day obligations and expenses through the very force of public opinion that were not attached to it at an early day, and the discharge of these obligations, coupled with the education of his children on a level with his station, compels a scale of living and expenditure that, without being extravagant will leave a judge at the end of his judicial life without much to transmit to his wife and children, save his good name. Under these circumstances it is certain that no man fit to be judge can afford to go upon the bench for a salary too small to support him in decency and self-respect, and permit the saving of something against a rainy day. A lawyer of independent fortune outside of his professional income might accept a judgeship at a meager salary, but it is contrary to public policy to make public salaries for high, responsible and laborious offices so small that no able man who has not achieved a fortune can afford to accept them.

Such a policy enforced in our whole scheme of government would make it literally a plutocracy for only the rich could afford to take office.

The salaries of supreme court judges throughout the Union are none of them less than $3000 a year, save in the cases of Nebraska, $2500; West Virginia, $2200; North Carolina, $2500, and New Hampshire, $2200. Massachusetts and California pay $6000; Colorado, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Nevada, Wisconsin pay $5000 New Jersey pays $7000, New York, $9,000; Pennsylvania, $8000. Connecticut, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Tennessee, South Carolina, Rhode Island, Ohio all pay $4000. Even little Vermont, with 325,000 people, pays $3500. The judges at the East, as a rule, pay no rail and fares, and they run live cheaper, on the whole, than they could here. Rent and food are as high here as in New England, while clothing costs more than at the East.

The labor of a good judge is so severe that judges of stalwart frame, and frugal living not seldom break down after they cross 60 years of age. To grade the salary of a judge of the supreme court by the income of a farmer is absurd. The income of the judge is fixed; whether he toils terribly or moderately exerts himself, his income does not increase, while the farmer's income increases with his exertions and the rise of property consequent on the settlement of the country. As a rule cheap salaries for responsible offices secure inefficient and incompetent incumbents, just as a cheap coat implies shoddy, a cheap restaurant a poor dinner, a cheap hotel a hard bed pre-empted by bed bugs, a cheap knife a dull blade and a cheap clergyman a dull sermon.

Hotel proprietors throughout the Dominion are trembling in the presence of bankruptcy. Napoleon Michel, a boarder at a hotel in Scotstown, Quebec, recently attacked a piece of steak which resisted the action of his teeth and jaws so successfully that in attempting to swallow it he was choked to death, and now his widow comes forward with an action for damages which she modestly assesses at $10,000. If the hotel men of the country had as much fealty toward each other as gamblers have for their craftsmen, this man would not lack for attorney's fees which would enable him to prove the unfortunate boarder a glutton, who did not take sufficient time to masticate his food before attempting to swallow it. As no such disposition has been shown, however, the result of this suit is anxiously awaited.

It is authoritatively stated that covers will not be laid at the "funeral directors" banquet soon to be given in this city, for the chronic funeral director who forms a component part of each community and makes it a point of conscience to attend every funeral in his vicinity, and tells how things ought to be conducted, from the shrouding of the body to the order in which the mourners should leave the house. Sad to say, the modern "funeral director" is disposed to ignore the importance of these more ancient functions, who still hover about such occasions, and from the plenitude of their funereal experience tell what is right and proper to do in order that "people may not talk." Besides, though the frequency with which people pay the last debt of nature and leave their executors to settle with the funeral director suggests (considering the nature of his occupation) a lively business, and the prices charged leave a margin for handsome profits, funeral directors are, as a class, prudent men financially speaking, and are too sagacious to bankrupt themselves in an annual burst of hospitality. Hence the neighborhood funeral directors will not be bidden to this cheery feast.

There is every reason to believe that the bens of the Pacific coast have lost their reckoning. Eggs at Thanksgiving and Christmas prices in September, from San Francisco north to Seattle, and more distant points to hear from is unprecedented. It looks like Oregon, California and Washington poultry had decided to leave a clear field to those of Iowa and Kansas. Seven car loads from these sections relieved the dearth of eggs in the San Francisco markets Wednesday, but in the absence of a similar consignment for some days the market of this city has been practically bare of this product, while extreme winter prices have ruled.

North Yakima occupies a page of this issue of THE OREGONIAN for the purpose of setting forth the many claims which it advances for the support of the voters of Washington on the question of the permanent location of the capital of the new state. The advantages which this thriving city of Eastern Washington possesses are many, and forcibly presented to our readers. That North Yakima has many friends outside of its citizens is shown by the indorsement of its claims for the capital by the press in various sections of the state.

John Ingersoll Gilbert, nominated for secretary of state by the republican New York state convention on the 26th instant, is a nephew of "Bob" Ingersoll, but an orthodox Congregationalist of the stiffest sort. His brother, Frank Gilbert, of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, is an inflexible agnostic and a warm admirer of his noted uncle.

It costs something to maintain, as well as to build a navy. The British war sultan, Sultan, went on some rocks in the Mediterranean some time ago, and the wrecking company that took the contract to release her will clear $200,000 by the job. Unwieldy vessels are expensive luxuries even in times of peace.

The hopes of would-be commissioners of pensions have suddenly revived. Major Warner, who has been dallying with the proposition of the president to accept the office, has finally decided in the negative on the plea of business engagements which he has no right to break.

The total value of the Blythe estate, as returned by the appraisers, is $2,083 815—a pretty sum to be divided among lawyers and supposed heirs, chiefly the former.

After a shoe duel, to prevent boils and assist exhaustion, use Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

For perfect-fitting and stylish-cut pants made to order for $8, go to Joe Poheim, The Tailor, 75 Morrison street, near Fourth.

MEETING NOTICES.

Caledonia Club.—A special meeting will be held in the club rooms, Union block, this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as business of great importance is to be brought before the club. By order,

H. HICKS, Cabt.

Gen. Wright Post No. 1, G. A. R.—Regular meeting of this post (Friday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. All members requested to be present. Members of the G. A. R. cordially invited.

ROSS F. CALDERHEAD, Com.

A. B. TUTTLE, Adj't.

Hesseltine Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. Visiting brethren always welcome. By order of the lodge.

W. J. SHIPLEY, Sec.

BORN.

To the wife of A. M. Burns, at Little Falls, Wn., September 24th, a daughter; mother and child doing well.

Schwab Bros., Printing and Litho Co. Lowest Prices. 112 and 114 Front St.

NEW TO-DAY.

H. H. HILDEBRAND,

Prescription Druggist, 3d and Morrison. Telephone 468. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

FOR TILLAMOOK.

Freight received foot of Taylor st., north side. For freight or passage apply to MARK L. COHN & CO., 140 Front st. 26-3

Wanted—Stout boy to learn candy business. ALISKY CANDY COMPANY, 106 E street.

IF YOU WANT [illegible] to buy or sell any kind of real estate or to negotiate a loan on the investment, call immediately on Wash ington & LONG & ELKINS. 1-26-3

PARTIES WANTING

To go in a deal on Candy business will find it by addressing B. C., this office.

COTTAGE FOR SALE.

Six rooms, bathroom, all modern improvements in good location. On a bargain. NORDIN & CHURCH, 127½ Front st. 1-26-3

P. & C. S. S. CO.

The steamer Dolphin will leave Sunday morning for Shaniko and Deschutes River, returning Monday morning. Office foot of Oak st.

F. R. STONE, Pres.

RAZZLE DAZZLE SIGNS

For the Exposition at

LOUIS R. AKIN'S, 107 Second.

$50 BUYS A LOT IN PORTSMANT Addition Homes No. 3. Go down, see it, or call on owner. Electric motor under construction. EMPIRE LAND CO., 71 Morrison st.

COUNTER FOR SALE—AN excellent walnut counter, 100 feet long, suitable for large office or a bank, for sale. Apply to Alexander & Brodie, 49 Second street, corner Ash. 27-3

Are 5 Cents TO THE PENINSULA Addition, where lots are selling for $102, on the installment plan.

SHERMAN D. BROWN, 13 Morrison st.

TO LEASE.

The second and third floors of the 3-story brick building, on corner of Washington and Front sts., containing 60 rooms in suites and single, which is now being elegantly fitted up for offices and rooms.

SMITH & WOODWARD,

25 Washington sts.

ALBINA NOTICE

Those not dealing houses to rent can apply to O. Gerlach's office, near sawmill, for the rent of groups on which to build temporary tenements; are very reasonable. Take the steamer Cyclone at S. St. Stark st., for round trip. 26-3

PAVILION LODGINGS.

The Mechanics' Pavilion has been fitted up for a lodging house, and will be open for business Thursday evening, Sept. 26, 1889; we have ample accommodations to accommodate all comers with good, comfortable beds; beds may be secured in advance by addressing or telegraphing Pavilion Lodgings, cor. Second and Clay sts., Portland, Or. 26tf

WEST PORTLAND LOTS.

NON PAREIL—Lots from $150 to $250.

NON POOL—Corner lots from $200 to $300.

These are sold on condition that a dwelling house to cost thereon within 120 days.

POOL LOTS.

As there is but a few of the 608 pool lots left unsold we have concluded to close them out the month at the nominal price of $120 each. They are just as good as those we are selling for $250. Address

PORTLAND CITY REAL ESTATE ASS'N,

Odd Fellows' Building, Room 4, Portland, Or.

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

And a $1000 mortgage on city property, drawing 8 per cent interest for sale.

$200 cash and $14400 in installments to suit, buys a 6-room, hard-finished cottage, 300 feet from motor, near East Portland.

$4000—New house and barn; all modern improvements being built in city; 200 feet from car line; half cash, balance in installments.

$5000—Corner lot, with 8-room house, 3 blocks from car line; $2000 cash, balance on time.

THE INSTALLMENT BUILDING & LOAN CO., 7 Stark st.

NEW TO-DAY.

HOMES TO BE SOLD

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 2, 1889,

By Public Sale at the

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

128 First street.

This central and improved business property is situated on the east side of Front street, between Taylor and Salmon, with

200

Feet river frontage; monthly rental is

$640.

The sale is bona fide, and the property will be offered as advertised unless previously disposed of by private contract. The terms for payment will be easy and any deferred payment at 6 per cent interest. For further information and catalogues apply to the agents,

F. V. ANDREWS & CO.,

25 Pine Street.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

300 acres on Willamette River, landing on place, 150 acres bottom, 9 acres orchard, 7 acres heavy dam land, horses, wagon and farming implements go with place; best bargain in Oregon; price, $7000, one-third down, balance in three years.

FOR SPECULATION.

70 acres, nearly all cleared, fine building site, on O. & C. R. R., only one hour's drive via White House road to Portland; electric road from Portland to Oregon City will run close to place; only $65 per acre, if sold soon.

200 acres one mile north of Clackamas station, O. & C. Railroad runs through place, 100 acres in cultivation, lies nicely for subdivision into 1, 5 or 10-acre tracts; price $100 per acre, half cash, balance on easy terms. Call or address

CROSS & SHAW,

Leading Real Estate and Ins. Ag'ts.

No. 32 Main St., Oregon City.

HOUSE SALE CONTINUED

This day the Chattel Mortgage Sale of Cutlery, Notions, Albums, Etc., will be continued at 10 A. M., to-day at 132 Front street.

BERGENSTEIN & O'CONNOR,

Auctioneers.

A CHANCE FOR YOU.

Twenty head fine tracts of 5 acres each, 7 acres orchard, 5 miles from Clackamas, will be sold at public auction on Thursday, Oct. 10, 1889, on the place.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

Terms: One-third down, balance in 2 years' time at 8 per cent.

WHERE IS IT?

CLACKAMAS is on the O. & C. R. R. East side, 5 miles south of Portland. The site is picturesque, it is well watered, water easily found, and the soil is the very best for fruit and general purposes.

PROPERTY IS LOW. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

For station and further particulars apply within the grounds to CLACKAMAS is growing faster than any other town in Oregon. A motor line is projected to Portland, brick building are going up and manufacturing is reviving. Situation.

For further particulars apply to

ELLIS & TALBERT, Clackamas, Or.

We Leave

A FARM OF 80 ACRES.

60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres slashed, good house, barn, brand new chicken house, 150 rod hearing trees, 40 sheep, cattle, hogs, chickens, all to go with the place.

PRICE $2650.

Terms half cash. This place must be sold within 10 days at above price. A bargain at that. CARR & HOLBROOK, S. W. cor. First and Washington sts., second s. 1

GOOD INVESTMENTS

$2100—Dwelling on first and second story, southern part city, lot over 12 per cent on investment; price $2200—$1000 on Stark st. between 20th and 21st; will be improved next 5 days; first offer need not be bid for.

$2500—2 lots, 50x100, on Main, East Fifth and Holladay.

$11,000—Choice up-town block, S. W. part of city.

$11,000—Leasing house, fourth and Columbia sts.

C. E. MOONEY & CO.,

The first floor, cor. Morrison.

HOLMES Business College

100½ Third St., Portland, Oregon

A SCHOOL OF THOROUGH, PRACTICAL BUSINESS TRAINING.

BOOKKEEPING. Arithmetic, Penmanship, Banking, Business and Legal Forms.
SHORTHAND. Correspondence, Spelling and the English Branches. Send for
TYPE-WRITING. Catalogue and College Journal.

BARGAINS.

50x100 feet—South First street.
50x150 feet—South First street; good view.
5 acres, improved, 2½ miles south of city.
50 acres improved, 6½ miles south of city.
Terms easy.

C. K. JOHR,
204 Second st.

Acre lots on installments. 22-3

The price of Lots in Brush's Addition will be advanced October 15.

CAMPBELL & BRUSH,
Agents, No. 3 Stark st.

NOW :: ON :: EXHIBITION

At Masonic Temple, a choice collection of Oil Paintings, Water Colors and Etchings, from the collection of Morris & Kennedy, San Francisco.

A. Anderson & Co.,

[illegible]

2-8 Alder St., Portland, Or.

BASEBALL GAME

Marysville Champions, Montana, vs. Willamettes, Champions Oregon.

At Clinton & McCoy's Grounds, Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 28 and 29.

Tickets for sale at M. A. Gunst & Co.'s Cigar Store.

$850 CORNER LOT IN PORTLAND HOMESTEAD.

$2500—50x100 feet on N. Front st.
$1400—Fine lot on Kelly st.
$2 50 per acre for tracts at Beaverton.
$2 50 per acre for 10 acres on east of Mount Tabor.
Buy a $75 lot in Boston Addition.

$24,000 will buy 10 acres adjoining city limits in the city. It lies just west of South First st., South Portland, sloping to the east. An abundance of spring water, with reservoir only 200 feet down. ALLEN & ALLEN,
First and Alder sts. 26-3

$150 FOR LOT WILL BUY 6 FINE LOTS IN Gay's addition to Albina. These lots are each 50x100 feet. They are high and level. They are in a block that lies directly on the WILLAMETTE RIVER ELECTRIC MOTOR LINE. This line is to be completed and in operation by the 1st of November next. Lots sell for from $450 to $900 each. The motor line are half an hour from $450 to $900 each. We can not offer you an other such bargain.

GRAY, TON & OLIVER, 363 Second st.

$1900 FROM HOUSE AND CORNER LOT in McMillan's addition; high and sightly. $65—One lot corner, 100x100 feet, in Albina not owned.
$2400—Improved 5-acre tract; house, orchard and berries. W. G. JENNINGS & BRO., 6½ Washington street.

FOR RENT—FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING—3 furnished rooms, convenient to Exposition building; not to be occupied by persons provided with bed for persons can be accommodated with bed during the Fair. Inquire of Allen & Allen, N. E. cor. Alder and First sts., room 4 and 9. 27-3

LOST—A SMALL KING CHARLES SPANIEL, red with black tan feet, white breast, long eyes and very short tail; answers to the name of "Prince." A liberal reward will be paid if he is returned to Geo. A. Taylor, Union Ticket Office, First and Oak sts. 27-3

FOR SALE—SHARE IN BUSINESS; SAWMILL and planing mill at Vancouver, Wn., with an established trade; will be sold cheap, and on very easy terms. Good reasons for selling. Address Box 5, Vancouver, Wn. 27-3

FOR SALE—CHARMING COTTAGE IN CARTER addition to South Portland; lot 50x100; 6 rooms, cellar and bath; lawn, cow and every thing complete; 5 minutes' walk from cars. CHAS. F. BERGER & CO., 5 Front st., cor. Alder. 1

FOR SALE—THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT FOR a staple article on Columbia county rights; or manufacturer will sell to the party purchasing either, an indispensable article to every household; big money in it. Call at Merchants' hotel, 3 to 5 P. M. 27-3

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER, Washington typist and [illegible] operator, wants position; good references. Address [illegible] Lombard, box A. A., Tacoma, Wn.; or refer to C. F. Howe, 125 Fourth st., Portland.

WANTED—A YOUNG PERSON WHO WILL work on a steam washer for a short time each day; will give private instruction in shorthand, in return. Address K., care Oregonian. 1

LOST—A GOLD BRACELET WITH FOUR [illegible] on it. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same with the Portland Bus Co., 1 Portland Block. 26-3

WANTED—TO BUY IN WHOLESALE OR retail quantities, 1000 to 5000 pounds of [illegible] Address, stating price and quantity, R. L. Portland.

LOST—STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM MY residence, 8 miles from Portland, on Oregon City road, a dark bay mare, 5 years old, 15 hands high, with white spot in forehead and [illegible] Liberal reward. 27-3

FOR SALE—AN ARMY OFFICER'S [illegible] will sell at a reasonable price. Address Officer, Vancouver Barracks, Wn. 27-3

PROPERTY WANTED—VACANT QUARTER-block or lot for cash; state price and location; must be cheap for cash. Address Cash, box 5, Oregonian. 27-3

WANTED—SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A retail grocery store; have had several years' experience; no objection to country; can furnish best of references. Address A. B., box 5, Oregonian. 27-3

WILL PAY $20 COMMISSION FOR A LOAN of $1000 for one year on property worth double the amount; unimproved land no security wanted. L. L., box 5, Oregonian. 1

FOR SALE—CHEAP—TINNERS' TOOLS, ALL in perfect order, which I do not require for my own use. For terms, address or call on W. S. Ladd, Oregon City. 27-3

CANVASSERS WANTED—A FEW GOOD canvassers can find employment with us; must be willing to work hard; salary or commission; $3 to $5 per day. Address P. O. box 1, Portland, Or. 27-3

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO RUN A FARM on shares; will furnish everything; must be sober and industrious. Address A. B., box 5, Oregonian. 27-3

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER; must be competent and willing to take charge of a retail business; will pay good salary to the right man. Call 365 Yamhill st. 1

WANTED—BY A REFINED WOMAN, A SITUATION as housekeeper, companion or nurse; is a good cook; best of references; no objection to country. Address, for 5 days, box 5, Oregonian. 1

6 LOTS IN ALBINA FOR SALE AT A BARgain; will take part in exchange for horses, cattle or sheep. WEST & STEARNS, 122 Front st.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER AND TYPE-WRITER wanted. Address stating experience and salary required, C. C., care Oregonian. 27-3

OFFICE BOY WANTED—MUST WRITE a good, legible hand; correct. Address, stating age and references, Iron, care Oregonian. 26-3

FOUND—THE LATEST AND MOST STYLISH [illegible] at the hair, at the MISSES [illegible] 183 Fourth st. 26-3

FOR SALE—BARBER SHOP; GOOD LOCATION cheap for cash if taken at once. Inquire 255 Front st., cor. Madison. 27-3

GET YOUR MEALS AT POPULAR PRICES AT Lent's Restaurant, 170 First st., Joe Richfield, proprietor. 27-3tf

WANTED—TWO GOOD TABLE GIRLS; 1 for dinner, 127 Eleventh st., bet. Band M, East Portland. 1

LOST—A LADIES' SILVER SIDE COMB. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at 205 Pine st. 27-3

A LOT TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, [illegible] security. S. R. DEMAN, 84 2d st. 26

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO INSPECT THE new Jersey Swing of G. Heitkemper, 151 Third. 1

GO AND TRY STAPLES' CHOCOLATE Creams; he makes them a specialty. 145 Third.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WANTED IMMEDIately. Apply on residence, 114 Main st. 27-3

FOR [illegible] TAPPERS EVERY DAY BY STAPLES, 151 Third, between Morrison and Alder sts.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 109 City st. and 1 Fifth and Stark. 1

CAN PANTS AND VEST MAKERS WANTED. Apply to Joe Poheim, 75 Morrison st. 26-3

SALOON FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE; $550 cash. Address B., care Oregonian. 27-3

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN COOK, AT Wilcox Restaurant, Second st. 27-3

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board, 21 Fifth st. 2-3

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR without board, 21 Fifth st. 2-3

BOYS—HIGH—FOR THE FINEST IN THE CITY, at Staples, 151 Third st. 27-3

WANTED—CASH BOYS AND CASH GIRLS at Olive & Frazer's. 26-3

TO WHOLESALE DEALERS.

I cannot be found on the streets. Manufacturers and retail dealers can see me at my office, 205 Sherlock building, corner First and Yamhill sts.

MYRTLE [illegible]

Two lots—corner fronting on [illegible] First, $750; [illegible] CARR & GLISAN, Union [illegible]

A SCHE[illegible]

Two cars [illegible] very cheap [illegible] make a [illegible] [illegible] Sellers 2-3

TO CONTRACTORS

Bids for the [illegible] Chas. H. Lewis [illegible] corner of [illegible] Com. Ins. [illegible] houses at [illegible]

BEE REMEDY

Improved [illegible] Kidney Liver [illegible] Kidney Remedy [illegible] Corner of First and Oak sts. 151 First st.

ROYAL GEORGIAN COR[illegible]

Is for sale at [illegible] of all [illegible] Portland [illegible] and all [illegible] 151 First st.

2 LOTS

[illegible] will sell [illegible] S. W. cor. E. [illegible]

WANTED

A [illegible] ROOMS

FOR SALE

ELEGANT SUITE

[illegible] Knights. [illegible] of the grand lodge of the grand [illegible] of Oregon, Knights of Pythias [illegible] will be held in Salem beginning [illegible] of October. A boat will leave [illegible] for Salem at 10 P. M., October 7th. [illegible] delegations will be met upon [illegible] and escorted to Castle Hall. [illegible] will be a grand street parade and [illegible] the services at the opera house. The [illegible] of reception is composed of G. P. [illegible] Cleveland; C. C., Aug. Dahlstrom; [illegible] Harlock; N. C., Christopher [illegible] S. K., E. C. Hughes. Alexander [illegible] is grand marshal. The occasion [illegible] a gala day, and one long to be remembered by members of the order.

POOR WAS TOO FAMILIAR.—Augustine of the musicians in Liberatti's band, yesterday afternoon appeared at the city auditor's office to make oath against the too familiar actions of a well-mannered canine, who had left the [illegible] of his teeth on his left leg, in addition to carrying off a large section of his [illegible] Ohio stated that he was standing [illegible] of the Quimby hotel, at peace with [illegible] ire world, and in a most angelic frame of [illegible] when his equinimity was disturbed by [illegible] vicious Portland cur, which introduced itself in an altogether barbarous way. [illegible] sts the dog shot, killed, I hope quartered—any way to get rid of it.

ATION NECESSARY.—

...ND AND VICINITY.

...tion.—Visitors to the ... about securing sleep... ... list of 136 rooms was ... information yesterday, ... were supplied. ... filled but not to ... The Pavilion lodging ... all who apply. The ... fitted up for ladies, ... are ranged along ... needed comfort will be ... for writing, stoves for ... of porcelain basins for ... glasses, etc., in plenty ... good wool mattress, ... sheets and blankets, all new ... changed daily. The number ... accommodated is unlimited. ... to the Exposition ... are two car lines running ... First and Washington and ... and Morrison. The cars of ... are large and furnished with two ... and make good time.

TRANSFER CHINATOWN.—Two ... yesterday afternoon walked ... town, where the celebration ... harvest festival is in progress. ... near the entrance of the Joss ... the imposing gaudy images ... and wonder, afraid to enter ... like. A reporter happening ... their wistful glances to- ... sanctum ranctimonium," ... they desired to enter. ... wanted to go, but fear, over- ... courage. Finally, not without ... however, they decided to ... proffered escort. They were ... strange images inside, a ... support, the starchy-smok- ... pipes, and the elegant ... Wong Woon. Their ... and wonder knew no ... they got through their fear ... perceptibly decreased.

WORTH HIS NAME?—Coroner De- ... morning held an inquest on ... the drowned man whose ... floating in the river near the ... Wednesday evening. Only ... addition to the physician, ... as to the condition ... the bruises, etc., was ... merely tainted the circum- ... the body. The jury de- ... deceased came to his death ... but were unable to agree as to ... verdict, therefore, referred ... as an "unknown man." As ... O'Conner appears more con- ... others on papers found in ... that was his name. ... were inferred in the poor ... grounds at the county's ex- ... afternoon.

EXCURSIONS.—The ninth annual ... the grand lodge of the grand ... Oregon, Knights of Pythias ... to be held in Salem beginning ... October. A boat will leave ... at 2 P. M., October 7th. ... delegations will be met upon ... and escorted to Castle hall. ... a grand street parade and ap- ... addresses at the opera house. The ... reception is composed of G. P., ... C. C., Aug. Danielson; P. ... Schlacks; V. C., Christopher ... K. B. C. Hughes, Alexander ... marshal. The occasion ... day, and one long to be re- ... members of the order.

HE WAS TOO FAMILIAR.—August ... the musicians in Liberati's ... band, yesterday afternoon ap- ... the city and tor's office to make ... against the too familiar actions ... mustered canine, who had left the ... its teeth on his left leg, in addi- ... carrying off a large section of his ... It is stated that he was standing ... Quimby hotel, at peace with ... world, and in a most angelic frame ... his equanimity was disturbed ... Portland car, which intro- ... in an altogether barbarous way. ... dog, shot, killed, hung up, or ... some way to get rid of it.

PRECAUTIONS NECESSARY.—The people of ... should take every precaution in ... their houses during the exposition. ... of this kind generally brings with ... large delegation of sneak thieves and ... who ply their avocation at ... opportunity that presents itself. ... people, either through care- ... or forgetfulness, extend a ... invitation to this class of people by ... their doors unlocked and their win- ... and when their houses are bur- ... little wonder how an entrance was ... An ounce of prevention is worth ... pound of cure, and a little precaution may ... the watch, ironsers and purse.

AN OLD U. S. N. CO.'S SIGN.—Says the ... "Spring in the loft of the old dock ... Pine and Oak streets is the tip ... which used to be poised above the ... dock when it was the office of the Or- ... Steam Navigation Company. The ... bears the foregoing letters and is ... The carries sidewheels, and ... model of one of the large Missis- ... steamers. It was taken from its ... about fourteen years ago, and ... become a home for rats and a ... place for dust and cobwebs. When ... since as a sign a weather vane was ... above it.

OFF FOR THE EAST.—Among those who ... the Oregon Short Line train for the ... on Wednesday night were D. P. ... Oregonian, Mrs. Walter Smith and son, and ... Carter, of Portland, J. F. Robins and ... Mrs. Mason, Mrs. Lockwood and ... Miss Geary, of Eugene, Mrs. R. L. ... and J. P. Thomas, of Salem, and ... Lyman and wife, of Ashland. The ... people are going to Washington to ... the Knights Templar conclave. Mrs. ... and Mrs. Carter will probably ... Europe.

A CRASH AND A SMASH.—People living in ... vicinity of the Anglo-American cannery ... evening were startled by a tremendous ... about 7 o'clock, and hastening to the ... of what appeared to be a young sub- ... embankment, found that the flooring ... boiler and engine room had given ... and a cramped boiler, engine, retorts, ... brickwork, and the whole business ... The timbers had rotted away, ... the accident. The outfit can be re- ... an expense of about $1000.—

THE SCHAMERS.—Owing to the steamer ... being delayed in getting in, she ... not depart last night, but will sail at 10 ... this evening. The Idaho will sail ... Oct. 1, at 12 P. M., taking freight, ... passengers, for Port Angeles and sound ... After the 1st of October a steamer ... here every five days for the sound ... Columbia. This should give our ... ample accommodation for a ... if not the company must put on a ...

TWO LADIES INJURED.—As Mrs. Leon ... and Mrs. Fred Merrill were driving ... Seventh street yesterday, the horse ... and getting the lines out of ... hands, ran away. Mrs. Justin ... out and her head badly cut, and ... severely bruised. Mrs. Merrill ... the horse's tail, but in whirling ... corner he tore loose and threw her ... street, badly bruising her and inflict- ... on her head.

WESTERN NEW YORK.—Under date of New ... December 21, S. C. Beckwith sends ... following: Mr. and Mrs Franklin I. ... Portland, arrived in the city yes- ... and about the first call they made ... OREGONIAN, and they were greatly ... to get the latest news from home. ... leave to-day or Providence, R. I., and ... a Portland about the middle of Oc- ...

A SEVERE FALL.—Wednesday afternoon, ... the Astorian, a man named John Erick- ..., one of the crew of the lighthouse ten- ... Wauna, fell through one of the coal ... into the bunker below, and when ... he was found to have sustained a ... fracture of one of his ribs on the right ... Medical attendance was at once ... and the injured man sent to the hos- ...

CABLE ROAD.—A large quantity of rail and ... for the cable road, arrived by the ... and was being distributed along ... of the road yesterday. A large force ... will be put to work Monday, and ... will be kept moving till the road is ...

HE IS CONFIDENT.—Mr. William Kerns is confident that he has solved the problem of running electric motor lines by underground wires. He thinks there will be no need of overhead wires after his invention is known. He exhibited his model yesterday to a reporter, who is of opinion that Mr. Kerns has struck it, but not being an expert in electrical science, cannot say whether the one weak point in the invention is weak enough to nullify it or not. At all events, Mr. Kerns has an idea which it is believed has struck no one else, and the chances are that he will achieve success.

LOST TWO TOES.—Bert Brown, a young man aged 17 years, was brought to the Portland hospital from Gray's harbor with a badly cut foot Wednesday evening. He was engaged in belaboring a log; when his ax slipped, striking the left foot and cutting off two of the toes. Another toe was also nearly severed, but the physicians have hopes of saving it.

MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS.—Persons subscribing for tickets for the Scott-Siddons entertainments next Thursday and Friday can have there seats reserved by calling at Hoyt Bros'. music store to-morrow. The box sheet will be open to the public Monday morning.

GOVERNOR WOODS BETTER.—Ex-Governor George L. Woods is rallying from the recent attack of congestion, and Dr. Nicklin, the attending physician, thinks he will be all right in a few days. He is still in bed.

INCREASED TRAVEL.—Travel on the Oregon Short Line has increased wonderfully since the dining cars were put on and the time to Chicago reduced twenty-one hours below that of any other line.

FAIR NOTES.—Springer Brother's fine cloaks at fifty cents on the one dollar is crowding the cloak room of McAllen & McDonnell daily. Thousands of people visited their place yesterday.

SHOALWATER BAY.—The steamer Dolphin arrived last evening from Coquille, and sails Sunday for Shoalwater Bay. Freight will be received at foot of C street to-day and to-morrow.

FRENCH FLANNELS suitable for jackets and house wrappers, exquisite coloring and fine designs, at 65 cents a yard, are J. Selling & Co's. offering for this day.

BY ALL MEANS—Go and see Kohn's merchant tailoring department, finest work done at lowest prices, corner Second and Morrison.

VISITORS WISHING sleeping accommodations during Fair time need only ask the leading hotels and they will find no scarcity of room.

WHERE FOUND.—"McCarty's Statistician" for 1889, heretofore noticed in THE OREGONIAN, may be found at Gill's, on First street.

FINE MERCHANT TAILORING.—Suits and overcoats to order at Kohn's, corner Second and Morrison.

THE FINEST line of German, French, English and domestic underwear at A. B. Steinbach & Co's.

ONE THOUSAND Fall and winter overcoats to select from at A. B. Steinbach & Co's.

NOVELTIES in dress and business suits at A. B. Steinbach & Co's.

SEVENTEEN more boys wanted, 162 First.

THE ALBATROSS COMING.

This Steamer Will Doubtless Arrive at Portland To-day.

President Frank Dekum, of the Industrial Fair Association, yesterday received the following letter from Lieutenant Tanner, commanding the United States fish commission steamer Albatross:

ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 14.

Frank Dekum, Esq.: *Dear Sir.*—The rainy weather of Friday and Saturday delayed our preparations so that it will be impracticable to reach Portland in season for the opening on the 23th, but we hope to arrive on the evening of that day. I will telegraph you when we leave Astoria.

It will require the best part of Friday to get things in shape after we reach the wharf, so I think we had better set Saturday, the 28th, as the day on which the vessel will be thrown open to visitors.

We consider the Albatross as part of the Industrial exposition while she remains in Portland, and it is our purpose to do what we can to add to the interest of the occasion.

The directors of the fair will probably issue free tickets to applicants in the Exposition building for admission to the Albatross between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. Of course it would not be practicable to allow everybody to go on board at all hours.

The collection of strange fishes gathered by the Albatross during her cruising off this coast and the various paraphnalia for deep sea fishing will be well worth seeing and the visit of this vessel here will add greatly to the interest of the exposition.

Due notice will be given of the place where she will be located and the arrangements for visiting her when they are fully completed.

PASSENGER LISTS.

OVERLAND.

Northern Pacific—Passed Ellston, September 25: H. Brandt, J. C. Lloyd and wife, Mrs. W. C. Comgrei, John C. Mann, James P. Parrish, A. G. Draper, S. W. W. Montgomery, A. A. Kewberg and wife, and 148 emigrants.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Shoshone Sept. 26.—Rev. J. W. Bushone and wife W. C. Sheppard, F. Schmitt, Thomas Lapsirey, H. S. Sisk, Mrs. McCallum, T. G. Woodmancy, Edward Behr, E. T. Winston, J. M. Wood and daughter, J. W. Cook, E. W. Evans, A. T. Fox, Mrs. L. E. Fox, — T. Waterham, and forty-three second-class passengers.

Passed Medford, to arrive over the O. & C.: J. B. Hammond, J. W. Hanna and wife, S. C. Sheldon, E. M. Raymond, C. B. Crar, W. F. McCrea, J. Curran and wife, F. L. Taylor R. B. Foreman, G. F. Wilson and wife, Mrs. Jennings, Chas. Kohn, J. Fisher, Mrs. Stanton, E. G. Smith, F. W. Merrick, wife and child, C. J. Mitchell, G. W. Graham and wife, J. K. Parker and wife, Mrs. Swick, Miss Swick J. K. Kelley, Miss Hardig, S. E. Young and wife, J. Burbank, Mrs. Barrows, Miss Barrows, Mrs. Negus, Mrs. Flanagan, Mr. Coldwell and wife, Mrs. Foster and two children, J. F. Marshal and wife Mrs. Pope, J. A. McGovern, E. T. Howe and wife and 41 second-class.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. F. Crosby, the Albany wheat buyer, was in town yesterday.

Dr. George M. Wells, who has been on a short trip to California, has returned.

Mr. George E. Chamberlain, cashier at Cowan's bank at Albany, is in the city.

Mr. A. C. Robbins, of Fulton, Mo., is in the city. Mr. Robbins has made an extensive tour of the West, and is seeking a desirable location for a large general merchandise store. He will go from Portland to the Sound cities.

Mr. S. G. Ramsey, the newly appointed superintendent of the Idaho division of the Northern Pacific was in the city yesterday. He visited the exposition in the afternoon and returned to the division headquarters at Sprague in the evening.

Mr. Chas. E. Cook, who represents the "Lizzie Lord Fauntleroy" Company, and who has been visiting the Sound and Portland for several days, will leave this afternoon on the overland train for San Francisco. During his short stay in this city, Mr. Cook has made many personal friends.

PUGET SOUND STEAMER.

Steamer Idaho will sail from Portland on Tuesday, October 1st, 10 P.M., taking freight and passengers direct for Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Schome, Whatcom, Fairhaven and Roche Harbor.

Elegant new dining cars, Pullman palace and free family sleeping cars run through on express trains to Denver, Omaha, Council Bluffs and Kansas City via Oregon Short Line. Union ticket office, 81 First street, corner Oak.

Go and see the new jewelry store of G. Heitkemper at 151 Third street, where you will find a complete stock of diamonds, watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, etc.

THE DUNDEE MORTGAGE COMPANY has removed its office to the Portland Savings Bank building. Loans make on city and farm property at lowest current rates. Macmaster & Birrell, agents.

Jewish New Year cards, a fine assortment, at Ed Dekum's 49 Washington street.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 26, 1889.

Place of Observation.	Height of Bar.	Change in last 12 hours.	Temp.	Wind: Direction.	Wind: Velocity.	Rain fall in inch.	State of Weather.
Portland	30.00	—.14	78	SW	7	.00	Cloudless
Olympia	30.02	—.14	70	N	6	.00	Cloudless
Roseburg	30.06	—.12	80	NW	6	.00	Cloudless
Red Bluff	30.04	—.10	84	SE	4	.00	Cloudless
Sacramento	30.02	—.10	84	SE	4	.00	Cloudless
Eureka	30.14	—.02	58	NW	6	.00	Foggy
Port Angeles	30.12	—.02	60	Calm	0	.00	Cloudless
Spokane	30.14	...	78	NE	4	.00	Cloudless
Walla Walla	30.10	...	80	SW	6	.00	Cloudless
Canby	30 08	...	58	S	6	.00	Cloudy

Local Report.

Pacific Coast Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Rlty. Hum.	Dirc'n of Wind	Vlc'y of Wind	Rain.	Wthr.
5 A. M.	30.14	48	96	0	0	.04	Cldls
5 P. M.	30.00	78	50	NW	11	.00	Cldls

Maximum temperature, 82; minimum temperature, 46; hight of river, at 5 A. M., 2 feet; change in past 24 hours, 0.2 fee't; maximum solar heat, 136 degrees.

	Normal.	Mean.	Departure from Normal.	Excess or deficiency since 1st of month.	Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1, 1889.
Temperature	59	64	6.	6	673
Precipitation	.66	.00	—.66	—99	—14.78

Total precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date, 1.49; average precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date, 2.91; deficiency in precipitation from July 1, 1889, to date, 1.42.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Forecast until 8 P. M. Friday for Oregon and Washington territory: fair weather, followed in the western portion from Portland northward by light rains; variable winds; cooler.

BRIEF MENTION.

JUST RECEIVED—Gray Angora Rugs (nearly white). H. F. Gullixson & Co. 104 Third street.

WHAT might have saved Seattle? One of Z. T. Wright's Lindgren Fire Engines. They can be seen at the foot of Morrison street. Every family should have one.

DO not buy a cheap piano when you can get the very best for the same money. H. Sinsheimer, the well known music dealer, at 214 First street, has just received an immense shipment of the famous Steinway & Son's and Chickering & Son's pianos—the best instruments in the world. He also carries the only high-grade organ—the Burdett. He is the only Portland music dealer who buys direct from the factories for cash only.

VISITORS ATTENTION!

An elegant breakfast at Freimann's; a magnificent lunch at Freimann's annex and a supper at Freiman's cafe that would do credit to Delmonicos' of New York. Remember that Freimann is the best and most successful caterer on the coast. He has the finest restaurant west of the Mississippi.

It is the latest designs and a stylish cut that gives a gentleman a good appearance. You can always rely upon a perfect fit and a stylish cut at Joe Poheim's, The Tailor, 73 Morrison street, near Fourth.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria;
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria;
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria;
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

A. FELDENHEIMER,
Leading Jeweler.
LARGEST STOCK OF
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry
IN THE NORTHWEST.
Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.
COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.
A. FELDENHEIMER.
COR. FIRST & MORRISON STS. Portland, Oregon.

THE
RELIABLE JEWELER,
63 First st., bet. Oak and Pine.
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, etc.
POSITIVELY
No Goods Misrepresented.
BECK, THE JEWELER,
Front and Morrison,
Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.
Headquarters for All American Watches.

THE DERBY!
NOVELTIES IN SILVERWARE,
Shoe Horns, Hair Brushes, Infant Puffs, Infant Combs, Infant Brushes, Button Hooks, Nail Files, Tablets, Pap Sets, Toilet Sets, Piano Dusters, Water Set, Manicure Sets, Shaving Sets, Bon Bons, Corn Knives, Bonnet Dusters, Salad Bowls, Rogers Flat Ware,
DIAMONDS, WATCHES JEWELRY, ETC.
NEW YORK JEWELRY CO.,
107 First st., Portland, Or.

LEWIS & DICKINSON
Shipping and Commission Merchants, Bank of British Columbia Building, Upstairs.
Sole Agents for Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana; Royal Baking Powder Co., Kingsford's Oswego Starch, Babbitt's Soaps, Saleratus, Lye and Potash, Kinney Bros.' Cigarettes, Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce, Strawberry Catsup, New York Condensed Milk Co., Eagle and Crown Brands, Burnett's Extracts, Cunningham & De Fourier's English Canned Meats.

TOM HOLE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
Portland, Or.
Drugs, Toilet Articles and Sundries.
We make a specialty of sending goods by Mail or Express. Send in your orders and they will receive prompt attention.

WAGON BROS
LIVERY & HACK STABLE,
Third and Madison.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Hacks for riding, per hour $1.00
Calling, first hour 1.50
Each additional hour 1.00
Theatre and Parties.
One or two persons, to and from $2.00
Three or four persons, to and from 3.00
No charge for baggage that can be taken on hacks.
Two Horse Coupes.
Riding and calling, per hour $1.00
To and from theaters and parties, per couple $1.00
TELEPHONE 332.

BEST GOODS SELLED...
LOWEST PRICES
Always Go
In connection with the name of
L. Powers
This fall is no exception to the rule. In magnitude and completeness our Grand Display of
FALL AND WINTER
[illegible]
Has Never Been Surpassed.
Our Grand Inducements
Every garment sold by us is made by the best operators in the country. The fabrics are procured from the best sources in the world. The styles are conceptions of the best designers on this continent and our prices can not be matched by any competitor in Oregon. The many exclusive novelties we have captured this season are wonderful productions of good taste and elegance.
Our line of Standards and Staples is incomparable.
We invite all to look through our mammoth stock. You'll not be bored to buy. The goods and prices will suggest themselves to your favor.
POPULAR
Always Go and See
[illegible]
We are offering special inducements in
MEN'S, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S
[illegible]
In consideration of the Industrial Fair we offer great bargains in
[illegible]
We most cordially extend a special invitation to all strangers visiting Portland during the Fair. If you want a fine fitting suit of the very latest style and design call and examine our immense stock before purchasing elsewhere. A perfect fit and entire satisfaction guaranteed to all. All goods marked in plain figures. Scarcity of time prevented us from making a display in the Fair Building. By calling on us at our clothing palace, double store, corner First and Morrison, we will be pleased to show you the finest, as well as the largest stock of Clothing in the northwest.
L. FEDERMAN & CO.
The Leading Clothier, Tailor and Merchant Tailor of the Northwest.
Cor. First and Morrison Sts.

BOSTON STORE GOODS!
Fall and Winter Price List.
Lot 5000 Consists of
24 Assorted Patterns Cheviots, Cassimeres and Tweeds ..... At $ 8.00
Lot 5010 Consists of
Men's Fancy Stripe Cheviot Suits ..... At 10.00
" Heavy Cassimere Plaid Suits
" Heavy Cass. Basket Suits
Lot 5020 Consists of
Men's Dark Fancy Stripe Cass. Suits, Black and White Check Cass. Suits ..... At 11.00
" Brown Cheviot Suits
" Heavy Brown Melton Suits
Lot 5030 Consists of
Men's Dark Plaid Cheviot (single & double breast) Suits ..... At 12.00
" Brown and Black Str. Cass Suits
" Gray Fin Check Cass. Suits
" Brown Cheviot Suits
Lot 5040 Consists of
Men's Silk Mixed Cass. Suits ..... At 12.50
" Dark Plaid Worsted Suits
" Brown Mixed Cass Suits
" Brown Cheviot Suits
Lot 5050 Consists of
Men's Dark Brown Melton Suits ..... At 13.00
" Silk Mixed Cass. Suits
" Dark Check Cass. Suits
Lot 5060 Consists of
Men's Dark Blue Tweed Suits ..... At 13.50
" Black and White Silk mixed Suits
" Brown Plaid Cass. Suits
Lot 5070 Consists of
Men's Dark Stripe Cass. Suits ..... At 14.00
" Brown Stripe Cass. Suits
" Dark Gray Stripe Cass. Suits
Lot 5080 Consists of
Men's Light Brown Cheviot Suits ..... At 14.50
" Heavy Black and White Check Cass Suits
" Brown and Black Str. Cass. Suits
Lot 5090 Consists of
Men's Dark Gray Cheviot Suits ..... At 15.00
" Black Diag. Worsted Suits
Lot 6000 Consists of
Men's Brown Check Worsted Suits ..... At 15.50
" Gray and White Mixed Cass Suits
" Dark Check Frock Suits
" Dark Mottled Frock Suits
Lot 6010 Consists of
Men's Dark Gray Cass. Suits ..... At 16.00
" Light Gray Cass. Suits
" Black Diag. Worsted Frock Suits
" Dark Melton Suits
" Blue, Blk. and Br. Diagonals
" Blk. and Wh. Mix'd Cass Suits
" Brown Mixed Frock Suits
" Dark Gray Frock Suits
" Dark Check Worsted Suits
Lot 6030 Consists of
Men's Blk. and Wh. Mixed Frock Suits ..... At 17.50
" Heather Mixed Frock Suits
" Blue and Blk Pique Frock Suits
Lot 6040 Consists of
Men's Fancy Check Worsted Suits
" Blue Wide Wales Sack and Frock Suits ..... At $18.00
" Black Straight Stripe Sack and Frock Suits
" Dark Mixed Worsted Suits
Lot 6050 Consists of
Men's Heavy Basket Worsted Suits
" Corkscrew Sack and Frock Suits ..... At 20.00
" Blue Cheviot Wide Wale Frock Suits
" Hair Line Worsted Sack and Frock Suits
Lot 6060 Consists of
Men's Straight Cut Stripe Worsted Suits
" Straight Cut Dk Plaid Worsted Suits ..... At 22.50
" Mottled Cheviot Suits
" Fancy Check Worsted Suits
Lot 6080 Consists of
Men's English Melton Sack and Frk Suits
" Fancy Worsted (8 patterns) Suits ..... At 23.50
" Blk Corkscrew Sack and Frk Suits
" Straight Stripe Fancy Worsted Suits
" Dark Check Fancy Worsted
" Blk Wide Wale Worsted Suits
" Dk Gray Check Worsted Suits
Lot 6100 Consists of
Men's Heaviest "Stock" Diag. Sack and Frock Suits
" Rattle Snake Straight Cut Worsted Suits ..... At 25.00
" Blk Wide Wale Frock Suits
" Blk Crepe Frock Suits
10 patterns Fancy Designs Worsted Suits
Lot 7000 Consists of
Men's Heavy Chinchilla Overcoats, sizes 34 to 44 ..... At 5.50
Lot 7010 Consists of
Men's Blue and Brown Beaver Overcoats, sizes 34 to 44 ..... At 10.00
Lot 7020 Consists of
Men's Cheviot Overcoats: Silk sleeve lining ..... At 9.00
We carry a large line of Fine Hats and Furnishing Goods.
We do a strictly CASH business, have ONE price for everybody, and warrant every article that leaves our store.
C. H. MOYER & CO.
Successors to Brownsville Woolen Mills Co.
Under The Gilman - - - - - - - - - - 140 First Street

Cardinell's Dancing Academy!
COR. SECOND AND SALMON STS.
Classes Organized October 1, 1889.
Box 431. C. B. CARDINELL.

EVERDING & FARRELL,
Wholesale and Retail
FEED, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
Write for Prices. 140 Front Stree.

CIDER.
We are now ready to supply the trade with pure, sweet, apple cider.
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC CANNERY CO.,
East Portland, Oregon.

PEACH PITS
FURNISHED IN ANY QUANTITY.
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC CANNERY CO.,
15sn1w East Portland, Oregon.

WE DYE TO LIVE—PORTLAND STEAM Dye Works. WEISGARBER & CO., proprietors, 209 Third st. All kinds of dyeing and cleaning done in first-class style. Cleaning repairing and dyeing gents' clothing a specialty.
AND LIVE TO DIE. 12jly

Maps of Chehalis County and Gray's Harbor sent to any address for $1, post paid.
C. H. FENNER,
County Surveyor, Montesano, W. T.

NOTICE TO SAW MILL MEN.
We have added chain making facilities to our saw-mill machinery department and are prepared to furnish boom and log hauling chains to order at bottom prices. The Smith & Watson Iron Works, Front and Harrison sts., Portland, Or. 27jly

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, No. 109 First St.

PHOTOGRAPHIC :: SUPPLIES
Professional and Amateur.
WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.,
141 First and 26 Alder St. ..... Portland, Oregon
Send 6 stamps for Catalogue.

Newcastle, Dentist—TEETH without plates. Cocaine for Painless Extraction. Office, S. W. corner First and Yamhill streets, rooms 7 and 8.

TOOTHACHE
Stopped instantly with Schwartz's Dent Ax. It does not burn the mouth. Sold by all druggists.
SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD,
Wholesale Druggists, Agents.

CHAS. T. PREHN, Dentist.
Vitalized air a specialty. Cocaine and Electricity for painless extracting. Fine gold work a specialty. Rooms 7, Union Block. First street entrance.

DR. SWAIN, DENTIST.
Teeth, $5 to $25, warranted. Painless extracting and best work. Eight years' experience in Europe. No. 105 First st., G. A. R. building. 16dec

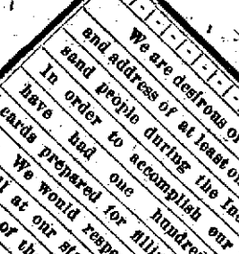
F. W. PREHN, Dentist,
54 Union Block,
Entrance Stark Street.

D. E. Geiger, M. D., Homœopathist and Surgeon, corner Third and Morrison. Telephone 531.

DR. C. A. MACRUM, HOMŒOPATH, SURGEON.
68sf Multnomah Block, Fifth and Morrison.

STORE FITTINGS—ESTIMATES furnished. Gordon, builder, 188 Third, near Taylor st. Salem

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS' STORE
200 202 204 206 FIRST ST.
6 AND 8 TAYLOR ST.
AGENCY FOR Mme. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS.



Write Your Name
We are desirous of securing the names and address of at least one hundred thousand people during the Industrial Fair. In order to accomplish our object we have had one hundred thousand cards prepared for filing one addresses on. We would respectfully request you to call at our stand in the Fair and secure one of these cards and fill it out and leave same at our store. To repay you for your trouble, you will be entitled to a chance for one of our 3 prizes as follows:
FIRST PRIZE.....A $300 MUSIC BOX
SECOND PRIZE.....A DEMOREST SEWING MACHINE
THIRD PRIZE.....A PARLOR HEATING STOVE
PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED
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UNITARIANS IN COUNCIL.

The Sixth Annual Conference of the Ministers Being Held Here.

A Very Interesting Session—Address of Welcome—Lovely Discussion on Various Subjects—Papers, Essays—Report—To-day's Programme.

The first session of the Unitarian conference now in session in the Church of Our Father was devoted to the business of the organization It was preceded by a devotional meeting led by Rev George Greer of Tacoma, who emphasized the fellowship of the conference, a fellowship founded less on creed than on character, and on a piety which centers around the great sentiments and trusts of natural religion, rather than intellectual distinctions and refinements of doctrinal interpretation He was followed in the same strain by various speakers, among them Mr W J Colville, who, as a spiritualist, bore testimony to the largeness and inclusiveness of the Unitarian spirit.

Rev Mr Eliot, in welcoming the delegates to Portland, said that the conference held its first or preliminary meeting in this city ten years ago, and must be considered an Oregon institution. Unitarians are the pioneers or pickets of the great religious army, and hence are subjected not only to the fire of the enemy but sometimes also through a lamentable confusion to stray shots from their own liberal ranks

Walter J. Thompson, esq., of Tacoma vice-president of the conference took the chair in the unavoidable absence of its president Hon Horace Davis, president of the University of California.

Mr Thompson made an address from the standpoint of a practical man of business. He believed in Unitarianism because it was founded on character rather than on theological tenets. Good, honest character is also the foundation of all honorable business Unitarians laid especial stress on the idea that God is in us as well as above us But what higher manifestations of Him can we find than character? Not what a man believes but what he is is the great matter not profession of faith, but faith shown by works So in politics honest purpose is the basis of good citizenship, and the first question should be what motive, what character animates candidates and parties After paying a compliment to Rev Dr Eliot for the service rendered true religion and morals in Oregon by his faithful, devoted life and ministry, Mr Thompson grew quite eloquent in portraying the ideal type of religious manhood free, reverent and earnest je to be developed in the Northwest and of which Unitarianism is a brilliant prophecy.

UNITARIAN GROWTH

The various committees were then appointed. Rev Chas W Wendte of Oakland, California, secretary of the conference, made his annual report which gave a hopeful outlook of the condition of things within the limits of the conference New societies had been started in National City, Pomona, Carpenteria, Los Gatos in California, and Salem Oregon and Puyallup, Washington New church edifices have been erected in San Francisco, Los Angeles and Seattle, and ties acquired in Oakland and Sacramento Preliminary work has been done in San Bernardino, Ventura, Fresno Santa Cruz Reno, Nevada, and other points

MR. WENDTE'S ADDRESS.

Mr Wendte spoke of the remarkable responsiveness of Pacific communities to liberal religious thought, closing with the following words

The result of four years' work has been to more than double the number and efficiency of Unitarian churches on the Pacific coast There are more Unitarian societies in California, to-day in proportion to the population than in any state of the Union outside of New England This is a peculiarly receptive field for liberal Christian principles in religion and life The population is in large part recruited from the East, and chiefly from the New England states. Their pluck and transfer to so great a distance from their former homes has brought with it in many cases an enlargement of ideas, an independence of action far less likely to be attained by those of their former associations. Being at liberty to make new religious as well as social affiliations, they are prone to choose those most congenial to their present and more advanced opinions. The result is not always advantageous to their intellects and morals as the vast amount of crude and loose thinking the eccentric, grotesque individualism and the extravagant social experiments which have attended the development of California society bear and witness. Still, this is better than stagnant soulless conformity, and only an incidental symptom of a sounder frame of mind to follow When these restless elements are out-lived and crystallized in a more permanent order of church life and personal religion It is this very confidence and the final outcome which makes it my duty, and, I am glad to say, a pleasure at present to preach fervently and ardently with the rest.

OUR UNITARIAN FAITH

Unitarianism offers the better elements of the various forms of free thought current in our day a rallying point and needed basis for religious organization It will be due time, we trust help open, initiate this fermenting mass of honest reasoning opinion, and furnish it with a center around which to organize anew its specular systems and benevolent activities Spiritualism, Agnosticism Ethical Culture Esoteric Buddhism, Christian Science, Occultism—all these interesting but ephemeral movements of the expanding and exploring religious spirit of our time will make more or less valuable contributions to man's religious development, but they have not within them the life-imparting principles or the prophetic principle connection they have to form them enough that is distinctive on which to found a separate and enduring religious fellowship They are for the most part too much "in the air, and do not meet the simple religious want of the common people, or root themselves deeply in the elemental spiritual needs and desires of humanity. Christian Theism, as our Unitarian church seeks to present it is the latest fruit, as it was the earliest flower of the

RELIGIOUS EVOLUTION OF OUR RACE

It preserves its towards the past an attitude of reverence but is not enslaved by it. It is conservative especially to the problems and needs of the present hour and it preserves an open eye and ear to the revelations ever dawning upon the soul of man. Certain it is that if we use wisely the opportunities now opening to us—if we do not fritter away our little strength by divisions and strifes, or let over fondness for philosophical speculations and refinements of definition, or individual extremes win us from the simple earnest, practical preaching and work now required of us—we shall mould ever if we do not name, the coming religion of this community

TREASURER'S REPORT

The treasurer's report showed $365 contributed to the conference treasury during the year by the societies connected with it and an equal amount to the central society in Boston Seattle and Pomona have been aided with appropriations

PUBLIC AND CHURCH SCHOOLS

Mr Wendte outlined a plan for a training school for ministers, to be located at Berkeley. The University of California has recently invited all denominations and churches to avail themselves of its facilities The Methodists and Presbyterians are considering the propriety of establishing colleges and seminaries in connection with the university The speaker urged that the Unitarians also entertain the proposal Two or three resident professors added to the instruction in science, literature language economics history and philosophy imparted by the university in its regular course Such professorships should cover such topics as the history of religion the philosophy of religion individual social ethics the interpretation of the Bible the relation of the church to the state the art of preaching and the pastoral office One professorship was already provided for financially, and another was in prospect

THE MATTER DISCUSSED

Rev Mr Copeland of Tacoma indorsed the plan and also proposed the foundation of a free unsectarian academy for the children of religious free thinkers This suggestion led to an interesting discussion.

Dr Eliot agreed with Mr Copeland and suggested ways and means Mr Wendte opposed the creation of any Unitarian church school It was against the traditions of the denomination Let us stand by the public school system of the country If it is not what it ought to be let us improve it Mr Copeland himself had given ten years to the improvement of the public school system of Omaha, and with notable results

The chair agreed with Mr Wendte, and believed that the new constitution of Washington would obviate the deficiencies of the present territorial system of schools Grammar and high schools would soon be as good in the Northwest as in any part of the country

Mr Leo Willis of Salem thought that liberals ought to try to broaden and improve the state and territorial universities already existing State schools not church seminaries, should be patronized by free thinkers in religion

A committee consisting of Messrs Wendte Copeland Eliot Van Ness Willis and the chairman was appointed to consider the whole field of education and report to the conference

It was also voted to incorporate

A NEW SUPERINTENDENT

Rev C W Wendte announced that the growing work of his church in Oakland now demanded all his time, and that he had resigned his position as general superintendent of Unitarian church work on the Pacific coast. He introduced in fit words his successor Rev Thomas J Van Ness late of Denver Col who after a successful pastorate in that city had left his large parish to assume the duties of this arduous position

A resolution of thanks to Mr Wendte and of thanks to Mr Van Ness was passed and the meeting adjourned

AFTERNOON SESSION

"BELLAMY'S LOOKING BACKWARD."

The afternoon session convened at 1 30 A paper was read by Rev Mr W E Copeland on Bellamy's Looking Backward" It was an interesting production Jesus meant by the kingdom of God, both an internal and external condition The external condition was much what is outlined in "Bellamy's Looking Backward" The early church which should most clearly present to us the Kingdom of God, was a commonwealth in which a few hours' labor secured enough to support the whole fraternity The foundation stones of the early Christian church were freedom fraternity and equality

Mr Rork of Salem heartily seconded the essayist's admiration of Bellamy's book which he thought the Gospel most needed for to-day There was a double duty for man—to quicken his own spiritual life and to ameliorate surrounding conditions Rev T J Van Ness read a paper on

"THE IDEAL COMMONWEALTH,"

Traversing the same grounds as the previous speakers, but not so enthusiastic in praise of "Looking Backward" He first summed up his essay

We belong to society It is an imperfect society, in which there is much unhappiness injustice and misery How can it be made better? How can it be made better now for a few who find it pleasant enough but for the great mass of humanity To this question come many answers Writers and thinkers have different plans Each would be reformer thinks if only his suggestions be accepted the ideal condition will be made a reality What is the weakness of most of these Utopian plans? They are national not universal They seek to regenerate some one particular state instead of the world they fail to take into account that no one state exists by itself and that if the condition they advocate were made a reality to-day in any one country some disturbance of war or treachery on the part of the latter country, perhaps to-morrow disarrange the whole thing For in the best of these plans—the most wide-reaching—has one fatal defect

What is that? It would bring about peace and happiness which would exist with conditions by an outward change of state This is contrary to law of nature Our system alone does not make this mistake It is the Christian system It would begin from within and work out This is according to the law of development in nature as well as man's. The Christian system is world embracing The promulgator of it saw that it was necessary to found a universal commonwealth embracing all men and all nations

All members and citizens of this commonwealth have the same name, Christian Each must work for the good of his brother Each must look at the other as his brother In order that this may be done there must be these Christian citizens the founder of the state I would think. Kind of life he would have every one in the commonwealth live.

Citizenship in this world state is absolutely free to every man willing to take on the cause of allegiance It is once taken every person is bound by it to do what he can to extend the limits of the state and to work for its ideal At the present time millions of people belong to this international brotherhood and are called Christians

What a change doing to make the titles of sister, brother stand for something more than names? We note that the social distinctions which we expect among people, the distinctions which give rise to ill feeling and hatred, are actually existing in the Christian commonwealth

Why should this be so and in what way can we best work to do away with them These are questions for the future about which let us all think deeply and honestly Meanwhile let us remember the distinction which Christ makes—

He that will be first let him minister unto others

He that will be chief let him be your servant.

THE DISCUSSION RESUMED

The discussion was then resumed and at times became decidedly lively As usual the ideas of the Boston reformer and social set gave rise to a decided difference of opinion and kindled no little heat as well as light

Mr Leo Willis thought we needed to govern ourselves Before we can govern others He took an individualistic position Bellamy's dream was noble but it was a dream

Rev E C Smith, of Seattle, thought that we needed an increase of love and wisdom in dealing with social questions

A lady delegate spoke on the importance of having faith in humanity if we would help it

Rev C W Wendte of Oakland, praised Bellamy as a man and writer but did not believe that to modify outward conditions would bring in the millennium Pain struggle adversity were Nature's way to a nobler manhood Would'st thou reform the world begin with thyself says Carlyle Let us do the duty that lies nearest to us

Mr Rorke, with great fire of speech remphasized the need of changing and improving the environment if you would produce a better order of society

Mr Greer, of Tacoma took an optimistic view of things in general Evolution would bring things all right at last

Dr Eliot asked for more respect for society as it is "Compare it with the past and a wonderful progress is manifest, he said "Let us not denounce and abuse existing society overmuch Secondly Bellamy was a dreamer but such idealists save the world His dream is perhaps not true certainly is not entirely true, but it sustains faith and inspires hope in our souls"

Rev N A Haskell of San Jose thought Bellamy an expression of the spirit of the age which is toward co operation and an increased sense of human brotherhood

The chairman Mr W J Thompson of Tacoma didn't want the millennium He believed that a divine discontent with things as they are was the way to individual and social improvement Bellamy's characters all as if they were entirely satisfied with themselves and the little world they had created for themselves That was no way to improve Increase intelligence and love will do more for humanity than only lessening poverty and pain

Rev Mr Clapp of the Orthodox Congregational church was invited to the freedom of the floor in the hospitalities of the conference which soon after adjourned.

Yesterday evening Mr Alexander Thompson secretary of the board of charities of Indiana gave an address

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

To-day's programme is as follow

9 A M Devotional service

9 30 A M Address Rev N A Haskell of San Jose "The Future Church

10 30 A M Essay "The African and Indian Problems" Rev E G J Marshall of Boston

1 30 P M Letters from churches.

2 30 P M "The Public School and The Higher Morals" Rev C W Wendte, Oakland

Discussion

8 30 P M "The Pantheistic Element in Christianity" Rev Ernest C Smith Seattle

9 P M Inspirational Brief addresses from Rev C W Wendte Rev T J Van Ness and others followed by a collection in the church pastors

SALES OF REAL ESTATE

List of Deeds Filed for Record in the Recorder's Office Yesterday

Yesterday, nineteen deeds aggregating $28 482 an average of $1499 were filed making the total number of deeds filed since the first of the month 262 value of the transactions, $1 09 745 87

Since January 1st to date there have been filed 1181 deeds aggregating $10 691 190

DEEDS RECORDED SEPTEMBER 26

W S Ladd and wife to Peter Sherman et al of the N E ¼ and E ½ of the N W ¼ of Sec 32 1 N 1 E April 18 $2 500

A D Cobbell and wife to W J Campbell, lot 6 blk 6 Brunswick addition Apr 1 26 $0

J W Stout and wife to T W Metzger lot 8 blk 49 Albina Sept 18 $65

C H Woodward et al to I F Stanley lot 6 blk 140 city Sept 25 $1 6

Portland Trust Company to C H Woodward et al N ½ of lot 6 blk 140 city Sept 25 $2 00

William Parker and wife to M A Berry lot 14, blk 5 Wilson's addition Aug 17 $1 000

Mr S Meberg to P Berry, S W ¼ blk 268 Holladay's add July 3 $1 000

H Culbertson to P Berry, S W ¼ blk 268 Holladay's add July 3 $1 000

I Quackenbush and wife to E Flenser et al, lots 1 2 blk 1 Stephens add Sept 19, $1

Jacob Nelson to Hans Hansen of 31 blk 1 Albina Sept 25 $150

J B Montgomery and wife to Hans Hansen, lot 12 blk 32 Albina Sept 24 $40

James B Montgomery and wife to Jacob Nelson lot 24 blk 13 Albina Sept 25 $175

A C Cleaveuger and wife to J Turell, lots 20 21 Marysville tract Sept 23, $1000

Catherine Maxwell to C F Dietrich lots 20 21 blk 3 Albina Sept 16 $1600

S M Beard to M A Bane lots 7 8 blk 42 Stephens add Sept 24 $4000

I W Baltes and wife to G E I Z Congregation of 1 blk 1 King's second add, Aug 5 $400

R L Pennington to Gardner & Grosbauer lot 14 blk 3 Peninsular add, Nov 1, Sept 26 $100

S M Beard and wife to J W Shafford 5 acres situate in sec 5 1 N 1 E Oct 11, $1250

BOND FOR DEED

C M Russel (trustee) to F Eggert lots 3 4 and 5 blk A subdivision of blk 301 Southern Portland Sept 20 $4000

D W Goodsell and wife to G F Petrict lots 7 and 8 blk 10 Columbia Heights, Sept 18 $500

M F Rodney to J J Sellwood lot 7, blk 147 East Portland Sept 26 $6000

CLACKAMAS COUNTY TRANSFERS SEPT MBFT 26

[From the abstract office of L L Porter Oregon City.

David Roberts and wife to H W Hoesly lots 9 and 11 blk 7 Robertson $100

Thomas Shute and wife and F M Shute to D S Lusk 7 acres in Cyrus Wadsworth's D L C T 2 S, R 2 E $1000

Mr I Wilmot and wife and F S Atkinson to Mrs A H Whitlock 5 acres in Oregon City D L C $1000

D W Daley and wife to A K Cohim 100 acres in D L C of A Matteson T 3 S, R 1 E $2 500

Ellen Linday and husband to T F Smith 40 acres in D L C of Geo Abernathy T 2 S R 1 E $800

Thos Pittenbarn and wife to Geo Hartnigel 40 acres in sec 30 T 1 S R 2 E, $1000

D Robertson and wife to John Indeaux lot 5 blk Tolbert on $

D Robertson and wife to Jane B Prideaux lot 2 blk 4 Robertson $85

A M Gifford to J Blumming N E ¼ of S E ¼ of S E ¼ of sec 14 T 4 S R 2 E $

Joseph Lechner and wife to W Jetzke lots 7 and 8 blk 27 Co add, 5 Oregon City $350

D J Lacey et ux wife to Gertrude Rock lot 3 blk 127 Oregon City, $ 75

I F Germain et al to M L Wantot, blk 48 Clackamas Heights $ 00

A K Marsh and wife to Christina Kocher 2 acres in sec 17 and S E ¼ 5 2 E R 1 L, $1 6

D S Livesay and wife to Mary A Shute 36 q rod in Marshfield $ 00

D S Livesay and wife to T and Shute 1 acre in Marshfield $100

D S Livesay and wife to Mary A Shute 36 q rod in Marshfield $ 00

O H Lewis to Sophia Hunt lots 1 2 and 4 blk Oregon City $24

John Linderman and wife to John Frembath lots 3 and 4 blk 4 Pleasant $2

I C Goodin to A I Gunderson lot blk 43 Sellwood $700

Total 11 31

STATE FAIR BEGLIPPE

The Amount Taken in Larger Than Ever Before

Salem Statesman

The total receipts of the state fair for this year will foot up more than $18 000 and when the $5000 state appropriation for the payment of premiums is added the state board of agriculture will have nearly $23 000 to its credit The receipts at the main gates were $6972 at the race track gates $3667 and the balance of the receipts are made up from the race entries (over $4000) amphitheatre booth stall and ground rent premium entries etc The total receipts for last year were $16 615 The gain in receipts for this year was made almost entirely on gate receipts showing that the crowds in attendance were much larger

A reporter asked Hon J T Gregg, secretary of the state board of agriculture what improvements would likely be made for next year He replied that of course this question could not be answered at this early day as the opinion and intentions of all the members of the board are not known but he thought it was generally conceded that the big pavilion will be enlarged and painted inside and out that enough additional stables will be built near the grand stand to accommodate all speed horses and that the ground will be cleaned up generally and improved

Tickets to and From Europe

Excursion tickets to all points in Europe and Ireland via the Northern Pacific ticket office No 121 First street corner Washington

Consumption avoided by checking colds with Kilgen's Lung Balsam 25 cts

EQUAL SUFFRAGE ABOVE ALL ELSE

Why Mr Ezra Meeker Would Defeat the Constitution

PUYALLUP, Sept 25

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

In your dispatch from Walla Walla, published yesterday on one point both parties here seem to agree—that the constitution must be voted down—which sentiment gains strength daily, your correspondent aptly states the condition of things here every day and numbers express them selves openly against the constitution that have heretofore remained silent and so it ought to be voted down If for no other reason it is sufficient grounds to my mind to vote against it because half of the adult inhabitants are disfranchised by that instrument It is special pleading to say that there is a separate clause to be voted upon granting the right of suffrage to woman—that majorities must rule—that when we waited so long and now it won't do to vote against it—that the republican representatives and senators from the new state are not only needed for ourselves but likewise in the political world with the evenly balanced parties in congress

First—We can not afford to take an advantage from a palpable wrong, no more than one could afford to receive and appropriate stolen goods The man that says "the majority rule" while talking against woman suffrage will invariably flinch from the application of that rule as against himself Besides the proposed constitution will prove destructive against the majority rule in with such an iron grip that if once adopted it will be almost impossible to amend it The unusual provisions in the matter of amendments—making it so very difficult to amend—have to my mind one of the greatest blemishes upon that instrument

Second—We have now waited the ten years can't we wait three months longer? If we vote this proposed constitution down the constitutional convention is dismissed, is not reconvened to do their work over They are composed of the smartest men to handle it we will have the sawmill alone—half interest in any edifice we can be sure here full particulars will be given and parties taken to examine same at our expense. Call on or write for it for sawmill man who since died with his only reason of sale 9 mthlt

PIATO'S AGENCY

$1600. RESTAURANT GOOD for cash or trade $700 $800 $400 * PLATO

$2000. CIGAR STAND ON CORNER Some for less * PLATO

$800. SALOON ON 1ST ST, BILLIARD No 1 * PLATO

$1000. HOUSE ON FIRST ST * PLATO

$700. LODGING HOUSE NEAT Others for other prices * PLATO

$5000. $200 to more chances $100 bill or $10 * PLATO

CIGAR STORE FOR SALE—GOOD STAND FOR 2 men with money Address Cigar Store care Oregonian. 20mf

A GOOD GROCERY FOR SALE WITH A GOOD trade just the thing for a man and wife to run in back of store to live in with lease and clean it up Apply at Closset & Devers No 7 N Second st 26d6

A BUSINESS CHANCE—FOR SALE—A general merchandise store doing large business in a thriving town in Eastern Washington Address Merchant care Oregonian. 24w

BEECHER ON ADVERTISING DOCTORS.

"I am glad that the doctor cured him I am glad that the doctor put into the paper that he could cure him And if any doctor can cure her and my family diseases and don't put it into the paper I am sorry What's put it would have been and this doctor come to town with his wealth of science and experience and now away leaving him uncured What a pity! I would have been if he had been so pressed and against advertising as to read the personal circulate certificates of the doctor and believe him the go by as a quack! What are newspapers for if not to circulate information? What more valuable information can a newspaper give than to tell a sick man where he can be cured? If a man has done all his studies and labor to the study of a special class of diseases the necessity of saying so becomes all the more pressing. His duty to advertise becomes imperious A really able man whatever he has gifts makes a great mistake if he fails to use those gifts through want of advertising

The above extract from an able article by the Rev Mr Beecher embodies a sound view of the subject of advertising. Suppose Dr Darrin had come to the city and not advertised who would know of his presence Who would know of the following almost miraculous cure he performed in 1872, had not Mr Dimble put it in the paper?

Ed Editor In 1872 my daughter was taken with the membranous croup and upon her recovery was left totally deaf I called on two eminent physicians who said they could do nothing for her As a last resort I took her to Dr Darrin who cured her and she has never been troubled with deafness since I consider it one of the greatest cures of Electro magnetic treatment on record and with great satisfaction give this testimonial I reside in Berkeley, California and will take great pleasure in answering inquiries concerning this most remarkable cure Yours respectfully

WILLIAM S DIBBLL

More People Cured by Dr Darrin in Oregon

Rev J F Coenour Portland O—Skin disease cured

W I Binkley Centralia W T—Scientific rheumatism restored

J L Cook Glendeen W T—Chronic rheumatism five years cured

Mrs M V A Johnson Salem Or—Deafness 4 years restored

C L Mashew, 183 D street Portland—Pecuniary misfortune cured

Mr L L Hall 250 Davis street Portland Or—Deafness and disagreeable pecuniary circumstances cured

Miss Minnie Kehet The Dalles Or—Spinal complaint and nervous debility cured

Dr S Wells four miles north of Albina on Vancouver road—Deafness five years cured

Chris Magnusson Salem Or—Asthma so he could scarcely walk or sleep restored to health

David Yoo Seventeenth street near Market, Portland—Deafness, ringing noises in the ears cured

J B Eichorst's daughter 16 years old Salem Or—Both eyes crossed cured so both eyes are perfect

J W Keeney Long creek Grant county Or—Kidney complaint and pains in the back and down the sciatic nerves restored

Isaac Thompson La Center, W T—Deafness cured in five minutes

Willie Clark 164 Front street Portland—Discharging ears cured

D J Graham's child Springfield Or—Painfully afflicted with granulated conjunctivitis complicated with ulcers of the eye half for nine months cured

David Rossson Woodland W T—Pain in head and ears cured

Mrs Darrin can be consulted free at 235 Fifth street corner of Main Portland Office hours from 10 to 4 o clock daily, evenings 7 to 8 Sunday 10 to 12. All curable chronic diseases loss of manhood blood taints syphilis gleet gonorrhœa stricture sperm on spot seminal weakness or loss of use of sexual power in man or woman catarrh and deafness are combated by day and success fully treated Cures of private diseases guaranteed and never published in the papers Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctors office Inquiries answered and circulars sent free.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure "APHRODI-INE" or money refunded

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of stimulants Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion over indulgence &c which are Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness Nervousness Despondency Pimples on the Face Seminal Losses Impotency Nocturnal Emissions Leucorrhœa Dizziness Weak Memory Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity Price $1 00 a box 6 boxes for $5 00 Sent by mail on receipt of price

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected Thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes permanently cured by APHRODITINE Circular free Address

THE APHRODITINE MEDICINE CO.

WESTERN BRANCH

PORTLAND OR

Sold by SHERRIG & ISAAC Druggists Commercial and Washington streets Portland Or

BEFORE AFTER

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS TO SELL—CIGAR FRUIT AND Confectionery stand best location in city doing a fine business reason for selling other business Price low Call or address box 8 city M E Hall

GROCERY FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED and not to be equaled in every business in a rapidly growing city in the state of Washington Apply to or address Postoffice box 60 Washington st between 1st and 2d

WANTED—FIVE MEN WITH CAPITAL OF $100 each to engage in a safe and profitable business that needs no special ability Office 3 Chamber of Commerce Room 33 Washington st between 1st and 2d

FOR SALE—THE BEST 2 ROOM LODGING House in the city Call and examine before 50 Washington st D E BLD 26d

$30,000. A SAWMILL VILLAGE AND business in Southern Oregon employing about 50 men paying handsomely now running and can be operated successfully by practical man to handle it we will sell the sawmill alone or half interest in any edifice we own or can be sold here full particulars will be given and parties taken to examine same at our expense This is a rare chance for the right sawmill man who since died with his only reason of sale 9 mthlt

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A BUSINESS CHANCE—FOR SALE—A general merchandise store doing large business in a thriving town in Eastern Washington Address Merchant care Oregonian. 24w

$3000—HALF INTEREST IN BEST PAYING cash business First street Will guarantee investment made equal to six months share profits now $4000 per month Address Bargain care Oregonian 24w6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—THE STAR BREWERY of Albany Or An extra bargain for 10 days. For full particulars inquire of T W Oregon La Grande Or 22d6t

TO CAPITALISTS—GOOD LOCATION FOR family grocery store small capital required Address Bonus party can well see Haight at Donner No 1 Washington st 21st

WANTED—PERSONS WITH SMALL MEANS can find excellent opportunities for business by applying to W A ALCORN Union st 24mf

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING RESTAURANT centrally located WATSON SMITH & CO 17st

FOR SALE—BAKERY AND GROCERY IN A good western Oregon town doing good business also lodging house of 10 rooms nicely furnished For rent and furniture for sale or rent $70, income $100 per month best location in town to be disposed of on account of ill health Address Duke care Oreg. tf n

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—PIANO DECKER & SON ALMOST new on account of leaving city $320 Call at 83

PIANO FOR SALE ON EASY INSTALLMENTS A bargain must be sold before the first of October at 347 Washington st 22

FOR SALE—TWO WELL BRED PUPS BRED from cocker and setter N L BURRELL 73 First st. 24d

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER AGENCY * PLATO For Wash Idaho and Oregon * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER MFG * PLATO A simple speedy and satisfactory * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER USED * PLATO Custom and Office * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Wants to portable traveling * PLATO

$15. OIL TYPEWRITER * PLATO Wants to write letters * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Missions art schools * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Commercial Travelers only * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Can be had everything * PLATO

$15. OIL TYPEWRITER * PLATO Wants agent with Oregon * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Wants agent in Washington * PLATO

$15. OBELISK TYPEWRITER * PLATO Wants agent in Idaho * PLATO

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT most new Inquire 208 Fourth st

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

CLITON & REED SHIP CHANDLERY AND Naval stores 16 N Front street Portland Or

H F RAPIEN & CO GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and Produce Dealers 130 Pine st

ALLEN & LEWIS COMMISSION AND FORwarding Merchants Portland Or

MEYER, WILSON & CO SHIPPING AND COMmission merchants Import and foreign goods Agents for White's Cement New Market Block

CASSARD & CO SHIPPING AND COMMISSION Merchants 30 North Front street Portland Or

TAYLOR YOUNG & CO SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants agents for San Juan Archipelago 10 Front to 24 Front street corner Oak

BALFOUR GUTHRIE & CO SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants Importers of all kinds of British goods Money to loan on mortgages to First and A sts.

WADHAMS & CO SUCCESSORS TO WADhams & Elliott wholesale grocers Forwarding and Commission Merchants Nos 44 and 48 Front street Portland Oregon.

H C MACDONALD GENERAL BROKER AND Commission Agent 48 First street

HERMAN METZGER PURCHASING AGENT Hides Furs Wool and Tallow and General Commission Merchant Front street near Main Portland Oregon Liberal cash advances on consignments

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON real or mutual security by Roscoe B Morrison 8 Chamber of Commerce

TO LOAN—MONEY ON HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS Horses and all kinds of personal property Thompson & Hathaway room 20 & 21 Tabor Block

LOST AND FOUND

LOST A LOCKET AND WATCH CHARM WITH Diamond setting on Tuesday evening 24th inst Finder will be liberally rewarded on delivery of same at 268 Morrison st 26d

LOST—ON SUNDAY CONTAINING SMALL CHANGE and supplies for Finder will receive reward by returning to J H Robertson 16 N Front st. 24

MACHINERY

CITY FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP Honeyman & Co First and Q streets Albina

WOLFF & WICKER MACHINISTS Cor Front and Third sts—Housework done in rags repairing and manufacturing of all descriptions pumps &c

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS

OREGON OIL CLOTHING MANUFACTURING Co 91 and 93 First street Factory in the rear Address Portland

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP IN GENERAL housework Apply 192 Salmon st. 1

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork Apply 350 Yamhill st. 26mf

WANTED—41 ONCE, SIX GALVANIZED cornice makers Address John Leek Seattle Wn

9 FIRST CLASS COAT MAKERS WANTED AT Borquist & Gerling 31 Washington st Labbe bldg

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN OF good address to solicit guaranteed salary of $8 per month Room 105, Green's building cor First and Alder sts. 24mf

WANTED—GOOD SOLICITORS, PORTLAND Mutual Live Stock Association room 23 Abington building 23mf

WANTED—TEAM DRIVER REFERENCES required none other need apply 84 Second st.

GIRL WANTED TO DO LIGHT HOUSEWORK Good wages Apply at 123 Front st 25mf

WANTED—A LADY SHAMPOOER FOR Turkish Bath Address Vendome Turkish Bath Co 84 and block Seattle Wn 26d4

WANTED—A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS general cooking Apply at 422 F st bet Eighteenth and Nineteenth German preferred 26d3

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—FIRST CLASS tinsmith Address stating wages and references The Wonder Millinery Store 823 Third street Seattle Wash 22d6

WANTED—PATTERN MAKERS STEADY work to good men Apply to Moran Iron Works Seattle Wn

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL FOR HOUSEwork and care of children 180 Pacific 24mf

WANTED—STONE MASONS LATHERS worse at once first books and waiters good wages for good men Apply or address Key City Employment office Port Townsend Washington. TOMMY WARD Proprietor

I WANT A FEW MORE FIRST CLASS WANT to be short an errand boy and a young man who lives with his parents to keep books and learn the business to each an excellent future is sure Apply at Allen's 25d1

IF YOU WANT AN EXPERIENCED HORSE man and a trusty coachman address 80 Care Oregonian 25d

WANTED—A FEW FIRST CLASS MACHINE hands Apply at Pacific Coast Furniture Mfg Co cor Front and Grover sts. 26d3

WANTED—A SALESMAN OF GOOD ADDRESS and having business tact and push and good recommendations on salary or commission 185 Second st Portland. 14jlf

WANTED—100 MEN FOR RAILROAD WORK 1 grader 1 tracklayer and teamsters KINCAID & CO 108 First st. 14jlf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE TO take care of two little children Apply to Dr McKenzie 190 1 st 24mf

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN 26 POSITION in an office store where he will have a chance to learn the business good all round office man city reference Apply Business care Oregonian 26d1

WANTED—A SITUATION IN PORTLAND BY the secretary of the land commissioner of one of the largest railroads in Minnesota Good penman and typewriter man and capable of managing any correspondence or land business references H & O care Oregonian 26d7

WANTED—DRESSMAKING IN FAMILY BY day or week by an experienced modiste from the East Call or address for a system used MISS HOWLE 270 Yamhill st

POSITION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN willing to work in wholesale house and make himself generally useful Address G M care Oregonian 26d3

POSITION WANTED IN GROCERY BY AN English and German speaking young man of 5 years experience can keep books if necessary Address B A I care Oregonian 26d3

A SOPRANO SINGER DESIRES A POSITION as soloist a church choir Address C L E care Oregonian. 24w7

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT BORrower real estate security BOOTH & McCONNELL 1 Front st and 21 second floor, Abington building 23d1

COMPETENT SICK NURSE, WELL RECOMmended, would take charge of any one requiring care while travelling to any part of New York early in October Address with terms, this month, A E E 1 and income are, 18 Sonia Wn. 26d3

GOOD MUSICIAN PLAYING PIANO, CORNET or violin wishes engagement city or country Address Music party care Journal Portland Or

TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS—WELL-EDUCATED young man of good address sober honest and industrious, desires position as clerk in hotel office has had 5 years experience unexceptional references, Address Hotel care Oregonian. 17st

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY BOOKkeeper of fifteen years experience in private and corporation business can earn good salary and will be open for engagement October 1 Address D, 215 office 24d4

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE SITUATION on farm either dairy stock or grain farm references exchanged Address R B care Oregonian

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN POSITION IN an office or wholesale house wages in the first instance Address care Oregonian 21w7

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—TO LEASE A LOT 10 OR 12 feet front on center of East Portland for a term of years, or to buy on easy terms, state price and location Address Dannmeier care Oregonian 24d2

I WILL GIVE $35 FOR THE USE OF $120 for ten days and deposit security value three times amount of loan principals only Address Unlimited care Oregonian, 26d2

FURNISHED ROOMS—A GENTLEMAN WIFE and well-behaved child would like two furnished rooms for housekeeping East Portland or Portland Send location to Gunst care Oregonian. 26d2

MONEY WANTED TO PROVE UP HOMEsteads claims cedar land for legitimate Address Portland care Oregonian 25d1

WANTED—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping no children good references Address G M care Oregonian. 26d3

WANTED—COTTAGE OR SMALL HOUSE IN good location with modern conveniences would rent furnished partly furnished or unfurnished to responsible party can give good security and good rent paid in advance Address Permanent care Oregonian. 26d1

PIATO'S ROOM REGISTER—ROOMS WANTED for visitors to exposition our lists placed on public boards at our offices and rooms of the Real Estate Exchange 9 Yamhill 63 N First

PIATO'S AGENCY

WANTED—A PLACE FOR THREE GIRLS TO board and be cared for eg 5 7 and 9 will pay $6 per month for the particulars address Box 1 Salem Salem Or 24d8

WANTED—TO RENT BRICK YARD PLANT with the Grand Junction Company would make liberal terms with a brickmaker contracting to put in 1 million plain the first year and in the town of Grand Junction Address Harbor Company Grand Junction Wn Terry Wn 23d7

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT the largest first class watch and jewelry work done at C HEILIG MYERS 151 Third st. 3dlm

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—THE PACIFIC ENDOWment Life Co of San Francisco pays endowment at death during life at stated periods to the sum of $3000 in 10 coupons of $500 each according to age upon benefit fee $5 annual dues $6 graded as to age no notes and no lodges We want live active and energetic men to fill every town where vacancies will be paid for further particulars call or address C A Wheeler room 11 Labbe building Portland Or 24dlm

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THE PENSION OFFICE.

The Causes That Led to the Removal of Tanner.

HE NEGLECTED HIS BUSINESS

The Commission's Report Said Sharply to Censure Subordinates Still in Office—The Rerating of Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The officials at the general land office say that they are not aware that, as stated in a Portland Oregonian dispatch, the government is withholding from settlers in Oregon patents for timber lands to any great extent on the ground that the lands are agricultural. There are some cases held up, pending investigation by the special agents, to determine the character of the land.

The great trouble that the land officials have to deal with, they say, is to prevent the violation of the law in regard to the entry of timber land not only in Oregon, but in the Northwest generally. By the law one person can make only one entry of 160 acres of timber land. Syndicates have been formed and great bodies of timber land, sometimes as much as 50,000 or 100,000 acres, have been purchased by individuals with the understanding that when they received the patents they would be turned over to the syndicate which not only furnished the money to the individual to purchase the land, but paid him also for the use of his name. In many cases these men are brought from the Eastern cities as the men living in this country have all a general thing exhausted their right to either purchase or enter on government land.

The law confines a man's right to a timber entry, one homestead, one pre-emption, one desert land entry and one timber culture entry. In some cases where a party holds a homestead or other entry and desires to acquire more land, he purchases a timber entry. To do this he has to prove that the land is timber land, but in a number of cases the land which is thus declared to be timber land is agricultural land, and in these cases according to law the entryman does his purchase money of $250 per acre which he gave to the local register and receiver at the time he made his final proof. The law provides for forfeiture and the punishment of his attempted fraud.

At the general land office here it is thought that these two classes of cases are causing the trouble in Oregon, if any serious trouble exists.

MORE TALK BY TANNER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—This evening Mr. Tanner telegraphed Private Dalzell to know whether his letter had been stolen or had reached the public in some other manner. Speaking to a reporter for a local paper regarding the re-rating of Deputy Commissioner Smith, he said that all of these re-rating cases come before him last May and that while the matter was under discussion there were present in his office General Lew Wallace, General Barnum of New York, and a dozen newspaper men. There was not, he says, the slightest criticism as to the justice of the re-rating of these. The pension of the deputy commissioner was with the others and Tanner does not remember it particularly. The commissioner declined to discuss his letter or the report of the investigating committee, which has not yet been made public.

THE PENSION COMMISSION

Their Report Severely Condemnatory of Officials Still in Office.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The *Evening Capital* says: The report of Messrs. Ewing, Campbell and Bruce the commission that investigated the pension office although closely guarded by the interior department officials is gradually becoming known. It is known that the report takes up each rerating case separately, and each case is exhibited by itself. Great stress is laid upon the fact that Deputy Commissioner H. Smith has received over $6000 as a re-rating. This action comes in for severe criticism in the report. Whether Smith has returned the $6000 or not the report does not state. Smith received his pension at the Topeka agency.

Secretary Noble in a review of the report of the commission has himself questioned Smith as to the facts attending the re-rating.

The report also condemns Squires, especially for his action in making cases special. It states that Squires passed the stamp of Tanner as commander and affixed it to papers without the commissioner's knowledge. A number of such cases—a very large number—is given, and Commissioner Tanner is criticised for his carelessness in thus entrusting his official prerogative to a mere private secretary, who violated the confidence reposed in him.

Names of the pension office officials who caused themselves to be re-rated form a consecutive part of the report. Several were discharged at the time by Secretary Noble, and they now point to the fact that the one who received the largest amount of all Deputy Commissioner Smith is still in office.

A member of the board who made the investigation intimated to a reporter that the chief culprits were still in position, but would soon follow Tanner into private life.

A SALVATIONIST ON A DRUNK.

The Supposition That He Was Celebrating Judge Shattuck's Decision.

People who have been led to believe that the members of the Salvation Army are the personification of everything that is good and pure may perhaps have their ideals of a brazen lunged "soldier" somewhat shattered by the announcement that one was last night arrested in a beastly state of intoxication, while perambulating the streets like a drunken cowboy. The name of this disciple of brass-horns, drums and farcical devotion, is Henry Rusch.

Officer Young was the guardian of the peace who made the arrest, and it is a surprise to some that he accomplished the feat without the aid of a lariat. Rusch did not like imprisonment, and after he had been in his cell a few hours, he sent word to some of his brother warriors to come to his deliverance with the necessary $10 bail. Either this amount could not be raised or else they considered his imprisonment of little consequence, for in reply he received the reassuring communication that they would see him in the morning.

For fear that the Salvationist would be crucified by his fellow prisoners if intruded in full uniform he was relieved of his cap and red jersey jacket.

Drunkenness may be considered a breach of morality and Christian consistency by the Salvation Army, but there yet remains for them the consolation that a few whiffs on their gaunt, leaky instruments will blow their sins higher than the top of Mount Hood. Since the decision of Judge Shattuck, which virtually invalidates the ordinance forbidding the blowing of musical instruments on the streets of East Port and without a special permit, the Salvationists appear to labor under the delusion that to them all things are possible and that they have a special license to do just about as they like. If the truth were known, this man was perhaps imprudently celebrating that decision.

AT THE NEW SYNAGOGUE.

Solemn, Beautiful and Impressive Services Held There Yesterday.

A thousand Jews that attended services at the new synagogue yesterday morning attested that the spirit of Judaism still prevails among all classes of the race. The worshipers were devout, the service awe inspiring, and the sermon a synopsis of which will appear in next Sunday's OREGONIAN, more than usually excellent.

Hebrew is the language of memory the heritage of the Jew and though comparatively few comprehend its meaning still to the Hebrew the very sound of its gutteral notes conveys a mysterious significance.

The prayers are mostly chanted by the rabbi, but occasionally the trained choir, accompanied by the organ, swelled out in mournful dirges that convey the lament at the grand temple's destruction and the loss of the Jews temporal power.

The ritual of service has undergone wonderful and radical changes within the last half century. Formerly the people gathered and the men robed in the sukon vestments like the priests of old, for since the dispersion of the Jews they became all a nation of priests, but apart from the women's order of distracting attention from the sacred recital of prayer. The minister sang the prayer, the hymn, the Kaddish for the dead and the congregation with faces turned eastward arose and responded and at intervals thousand voices rang out and swelled in mighty praise to the preserving God of Israel.

Now it is all changed. The people sit almost mute choirs make the responses and the attendants sit and follow the prayers in the book. There is little fervent holy joyousness in the Hebrew services. Some of the prayers are psalms, but a great portion of them were composed during the ages when Israel was scorned an rejected of men, these are permeated with a melancholy piety that reflected the sad condition of the Jews.

No wonder then that at such times the Jews looked forward to the day when a Messiah from God should alleviate the prevailing popular misery and at all by leading the people back to the rich land of Canaan.

COM

THE STRIKING PLUMBERS.

They Resolve to Stay Out Until Their Demands are Complied With—Fleming Asserts Himself.

The striking journeymen plumbers, about sixty strong held a meeting in Union hall yesterday morning at half past 9 o'clock and resolved to stay out until their demands are complied with.

The president William Muirhead said to a *Telegram* reporter that the union does not ask for any increase in pay, but insists that its strength shall be recognized.

The main reason for our discontent is that the employers will employ laborers to do skilled work. We want the laborers to do their proper work and to do ours alone. The owner of a building must pay just the same for his work as if it were done by skilled men, when in fact it was done perhaps by laborers. Every journeyman plumber in the city, with the exception of W. B. George and a man named Punchbeck who are working for Shea, belong to the union, and we are all out. Some time ago a prominent employer promised us that he would dispense with his laborers in three days after that promise was made he broke faith with us. I think they will have to come to our terms, as they are reasonable. There is so much work to be done that they can't do without our assistance. Mr. Flemming the man whose trouble with Shea caused this rupture is not a poor workman. He is a skilled plumber and can earn as good wages as any of us. He would not work for small pay, that was the trouble.

Another meeting was held in the afternoon, but little more of any importance was done. The union have secured their position and they mean to fight it out.

MR. FLEMMING'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Flemming claiming that an injustice has been done him in a statement made by the master plumbers, writes THE OREGONIAN a lengthy denial.

I have been a citizen of this place for ten years past," said he, "and have always acted honest and honorable in all business transactions, and have always received the highest wages paid to any member. I most emphatically deny that I ever left any employer without giving due notice. The party who made the statement that I was a slow workman was around looking for me as he wanted to hire me to work for him, but as I was already employed by Mr. Shea I did not go to work for him. Now I think this will show on the face of it that there is a little spite work about it."

A FEW OPPORTUNE WORDS.

Now that one plausible scheme after another in our line is being presented to the public, a few honest words of explanation and warning may not be inappropriate. Since 1870 we have made an exclusive business of publishing gazeteers and directories and our aim has always been to secure accurate information at any legitimate cost. As a business proposition this has proved the best policy. To do this requires the investment of capital and the employment of competent men. In many instances to hold our best compilers and solicitors we have deliberately published works either without profit or at an actual loss, knowing that competency is the result of experience. When we do a confidence in a man's or thography either on account of his lack of early education or from his intemperance in any use of our currency as well as ourselves we dispense with his services. In this way we endeavor to maintain the highest standard of accuracy.

With the people of the Pacific Northwest our interests are identical. Whatever profit may accrue from the business are spent here. We take no money in advance (which of itself is a prima facie evidence of fraud) while we are always ready to pay the losses which frequently occur. Our library is open to free consultation. Our works cover the territory they purport to embrace considerably, which can be said of no other directories in the North west. And when verbal improvements are suggested we cheerfully adopt them. Our new maps of Oregon Washington and Idaho given with each copy of the Gazeteer will embody all the recent railroad and county boundary changes. A new map in colors will be added to the next Portland directory.

In a word desiring the full confidence of the public, we promise on our part the best results of a system of publication developed by nearly twenty years of careful and conscientious effort. Respectfully,

R. L. POLK & CO.

RESPONSIBLE AND WELL KNOWN.

There is not a man identified with the syndicate which has bought heavily of La Grande property that is not well known and responsible. You, dear direct with the owners through one of their number Mr. J. K. Romig, who has been selected as the trustee of the property. Mr. Romig is a resident of La Grande. He has been the local town site and land agent of the O. R. & N. railway, at La Grande for years. He is financially sound a fact that can be confirmed by writing to the La Grande National bank. The other members of the syndicate are well known but the property contains. They only offer 140 lots in Wisdom's addition, and this is only a fraction of this property, but it is the nearest to the postoffice depot, business center, schools churches and fine residences of any property belonging to this syndicate. These lots are offered to help push La Grande to the front. These lots will double in value in sixty days. They can't help it the town is growing so fast. Call at drug store, corner First and Black, or write J. K. Romig, La Grande, Or.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW PARK THEATER.—The City Directory, despite the great counter attraction of the exposition, drew another fine audience last evening and the performance was received with shouts of delight and roars of laughter. Only three more performances of this most amusing farce-comedy.

"LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY."—Sale of seats for the performances of this most charming play which begins on Monday night next will commence this morning at Hoyt Bros. and M. A. Gunst's.

CORBETT'S MUSEE THEATER.—Peck's Bad Boy" will be given to night at the matinee to morrow and on Saturday and on Saturday and Sunday nights Miss Clyde Harron and a fine stock company next week.

Chinamen En Route For Hong Kong.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—A small army of Chinamen marched into Fall River to night and clambered into a special Canadian Pacific sleeping car. There were twenty five of them and all are bound for China. They will reach Vancouver B. C. next Tuesday in time to take the steamer Abyssinia for Hong Kong. It is said that they have all the way from $600 to $1000 each in. One, one of the more intelligent among them, who is in charge of the party is reported to be worth from $1,000 to $30,000.

British Alliance.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—The Dorchester branch of the British American Association last night resolved that no British American can vote for Mr. Brackett for republican candidate for governor in this campaign and be true to the principles of the British American Association. This action is based upon the statement that Brackett was invited to attend the queen's jubilee banquet and refused and a short time after made a speech at a Land League meeting.

TACOMA'S GOLD MINES.

A School Section That Is Worth a Fortune.

IS IT A GIGANTIC CONSPIRACY?

Prominent Capitalists Among the Locators—More Than Forty Claims Already Filed—Fine Gold in the Gulches.

TACOMA, W. T., Sept. 26.—THE OREGONIAN'S correspondent today interviewed a number of citizens on the subject of the mining claims filed on section sixteen in the south east part of the city. Among them were several real estate agents who all agreed that the land in question was worth at least two thousand dollars per acre or about thirteen hundred thousand dollars which should belong to the school fund of the new state. It is the most valuable school section in the state and has been coveted by speculators for sometime. About a year ago one gang of these speculators filed in the section as coal land and then finding that they could not hold it in that way worked up the present scheme or rather some of them did and these were obliged to call in the aid of others in order to carry their land grabbing scheme through.

One of the locators is the president of one of the national banks here and he is a trustee of the Tacoma land company, and others occupy prominent positions.

The newspapers are supporting the scheme in a sort of a milk and water way and try to make out the gold is actually very valuable for its gold dust. As a matter of fact there is gold in the gulch that runs through the section but it was carefully examined when the first railway survey was made and it was then found that it was in such quantities as would not pay. As Mr. Samuel Wall says "I used to live here in early days and I am in that too."

Look here," he continued, "I'm not out here for my health and I'm going to be in every fake that's going, to secure that land and some day will make one of them stick."

It is quite possible that some of the locators may be done enough in their intentions but the citizens generally do not give them credit for anything but an intention to make themselves rich at the expense of the schools of Washington. In any event even should there be gold in the gulch that only covers a very few certainly not forty of the 640 acres in the section. And the rest of the section is a high table land, where washing would be out of the question and where there would not be gold enough to pay for a cradle let alone afford wages to the workers.

Five more men made filings late last night, named DeMose Trenett, F. B. Bruner, Charles W. Seymour, John P. Collins and C. B. Bowles. The total number of claims filed is forty six several of the filings overlapping one another.

SLEEPING ACCOMMODATIONS

For People Visiting Portland During the Fair.

The large building corner Third and Washington has been fitted up with sleeping accommodations for 200 persons during fair time. Any visitors to our city will be well taken care of by applying to any of the leading hotels as arrangements have been made to turn in hacks on applications for all comers.

DR. GIBSEY'S LOST HORSE.

Dr. A. J. Gibsey will pay a reward of $50 for the return of his horse and buggy. The horse is a dark brown about fifteen hands high, weighs between 900 and 1000 pounds and his left hind leg is very straight at the joint. The buggy is open red geared and was made by Anderson and Gray.

Oregon Short Line.

Eighty five hours Portland to Chicago 21 hours quicker than any other line. Equipment first class in every respect. Through tickets office 81 First street, corner Oak. G. S. Taylor, ticket agent.

Purchase your tickets and receive your sleeping car accommodation at No. 121 First street corner Washington, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

For quick raising, the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all other leavening agents. It is absolutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power. It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food. Bread biscuits, muffins, cake, etc., raised with Royal Baking Powder may be eaten hot without distressing results to the most delicate digestive organs. It will keep in any climate without deterioration.

Prof. H. A. Mott, U. S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the country, reported:

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government.

"Because of the facilities the company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

"DR. HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."

U. S. Government Chemist.

LEWIS M. JOHNSON & CO., Sole Agents, Portland.

Fresco Fabrics.

EXQUISITE COLORING,

FINE DESIGNS,

VALUE, $1 YARD,

35 CENTS.

J. SELLING & CO.

THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER

Cor. 2d & Morrison Sts.

Just Opened Twenty more cases of Men's and Boys' fine Ready-made

SUITS & PANTS

To Start the Ball Rolling

—WE OFFER YOU—

Fine Men's All-Wool Suits at $10 to $15.

Better grades of All-Wool Men's Suits, sack or frock cut, $16 to $20.

Men's fine Overcoats, $12 to $20.

Men's Cape Overcoats, $15 to $18.

Youths' Overcoats, $7 to $10.

Boys' Overcoats, $6 to $10.

Children's Overcoats, $4 to $8.

500 STYLES

—OF—

Children's Suits!

Bought at losing out sales of large manufacturers at about 70 cents on the dollar.

We are World Beaters for Clothing!

THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER

COR. 2d & MORRISON ST.

CARPETS, RUGS, PORTIERES, ETC.

—WE CARRY BY FAR—

THE LARGEST STOCK!

THE NEWEST STYLES!

AT MODERATE PRICES!

WALTER BROTHERS

Corner First and Yamhill Streets.

—GOODS SOLD AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL—

GALBRAITH BROTHERS

OF JANESVILLE, WIS.,

Have a Splendid Collection of

Clydesdale, English Shire, Cleveland Bay and English Hackney Stallions

—FOR SALE AT—

THE LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE, - - - Cor. Fourth and Ash Sts., Portland

The Best Draft Horses that Have Ever Been Offered on the Coast.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

The superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. Indorsed by the United States government. Endorsed by the Heads of the great universities as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

New York. Chicago. San Francisco.

WILLIAM + BECK + & + SON

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

—GUNS AND SPORTING GOODS—

THE NEW BAKER GUN.

PRICE $30.

Western Agents for A. G. Spalding & Bros. Base Ball Goods.

BICYCLES—APPAREL—BICYCLES

164 and 166 Second St., Portland, Or.

Imperial

VIEW SERIES!

N. W. Co., Third and Morrison.

MT. HOOD, MT. SHASTA AND COLUMBIA RIVER SCENERY.

THE MOST ARTISTIC PORTRAITS.

BIG BARGAINS AT THE

Portland Live Stock Exchange

Cor. Fourth and Ash Sts.

TEAM AND FINE HORSES,

SADDLE HORSES,

MATCHED TEAMS,

BROOD MARES.

ATTEND THE SATURDAY'S SALE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, : AUCTIONEER.

Arrived To-Day!

CAR—300 CASES SICILY LEMONS

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100 TUBS CREAMERY BUTTER

All of the above the best goods in the market. For sale by

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COAL

Cumberland and Anthracite. Castle House Coal at $6.50 per ton, delivered. All coal screened and full weight guaranteed. Coal depot east of Fifth. Telephone No. 81.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

Slab wood—$1.50 per load—from Waddle's Mill. Orders left at mill or in the box at Boss Saloon will be promptly attended to. W. & L. M. & M. CO.

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THE PACIFIC COAST FISHING CO.

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Headquarters Baltimore Market, G. Covach & Co., Props., 250 First St. near Columbia, Portland, Oregon.

The season is opening and we are better prepared than ever to supply the public, having added more new nets, gear and men, the only market in the North to receive trying a complete outfit for all kind of coldwater fish. Puget Sound and deep sea fishing we are better fish of all kinds at living prices on short notice. Game in season. Country orders promptly attended to. City orders delivered free of charge. We guarantee perfect satisfaction on. Please give us a trial.

Yours respectfully, G. DAVACH & CO.

L. BLUMAUER & CO.

DRUGGISTS,

—HAVE—

Removed to Their New Building!

Fourth and Morrison Sts.

KIDNEY cures all urinary troubles readily, quickly and safely cured by DOCTOR'S Capsules. Never a case cured in seven days. Sold by all druggists or by mail from Doctor Medicine Co., 113 White street, N. Y. Full directions.

E. PER YARD. E. MEYER & CO.

116th

NEW FALL

116th

TO-DAY!

An extraordinary offer of a New Dress Fabric. We offer Sixty Styles

Fancy Dress Goods

Received Back, for the nominal price of

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To-Day Only at This Price.

These goods are all the rage in the East, and have never been shown in Portland. They are new twilled cotton cashmere fabric, wool finished, with a fleeced back. The styles are printed in the most beautiful Persian and Chintz effects, equaling the finest French flannels. Handsome and suitable for ladies' house dresses, children's wear, etc. Are absolutely fast colors, and desired to be washed. Beautiful in appearance and very durable.

Come Early and Get Best Choice. No Two Styles Alike.

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CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

GRAND CLOTHING SALE FOR THIS WEEK

—AT—

E. MEYER & CO.'S

The largest and best selected stock ever on stock comprises everything in the clothing and furnishing goods. We offer the same for this week:

Men's Business Suits

Men's Business Suits

Men's Business Suits

Men's All Wool Cheviot Suits

Men's All Wool Cheviot Suits

Men's All-Wool Cheviot Suits

Men's All-Wool Cheviot Suits

Men's All Wool Cheviot Suits

Men's Black Diagonal, Worsted

Men's Black Extra Quality Imported Cork Jacks $18; best quality $20.

Boys' and Youths' Suits, sizes age 10 to 18 years $8 $10

Young Men's Suits, sizes 33 to 38, prices $8 $10

E. MEYER & CO.,

180 and 182 First Street

TRY A GLASS OF THE FAMOUS

MEYER'S 3-B'S

The Summer Beverage of the Capitalist, the Merchant and the Laboring Man.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW PARK THEATER

Two More Nights and Matinee of the Great Success,

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY!

Matinee Saturday, at 2:15.

NEW PARK THEATER

THE ACKNOWLEDGED SUCCESS!

Commencing

NEXT MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 30

FOUR NIGHTS ONLY.

MATINEE WEDNESDAY, OCT. 2.

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Great production of Mrs. Frances Hodson Burnett's Dramatization of her beautiful story

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY!

Under the management of

H. Berchand (of Tivoli Opera House, San Francisco) Manager Baldwin and New California Theaters, San Francisco, Cal.

WILLIE BINCHAM as LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY.

AND A SPECIALLY SELECTED COMPANY.

"Little Lord Fauntleroy" is Record breaking still running in New York, Chicago and 18 other big cities in the theaters in Chicago, San Francisco etc.

Every mother will see this play.—N. Y. Times.

Sale of seats commences Friday, Sept. 27 at 10 A. M. at Hoyt & Co.'s and M. A. Gunst & Co.'s.

CORT'S STANDARD THEATER

Monday Sept. 23, 1889

ANOTHER HOST OF NOVELTIES!

CHARLES COGHLAN,

THE 4 DUKESONS,

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MAGGIE MERREDITH,

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AND 15 ARTISTS.

MULDOON'S PICNIC

ALL IN.

GOSSAMERS,

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UMBRELLAS,

IN INFINITE VARIETY.

QUEEN CRAN & CO.

TWELVE PAGES.

VOL. XXIX.—NO. 9044

SEARCH FOR GOLD

Expectations that Ended in Disaster.

BIG BEND MINING COMPANY

Report by the President of the Company—Big Bend River Bed Was Strewn With Great Boulders.

Portland, Sept. 26.—Dr. Pierce, president of the Big Bend Tunnel & Mining Company, sends to the stockholders annual report of the company, says in part: Bulletin No. 1 September 20, 1889. There has been no material change in the character developed by our mining operations at Big Bend. The vast quantity of gravel uncovered completely hand capacity of our locations and made them so expensive that present realization of profit. In the event of the adverse developments of the past year, and the further experience gained in work, and the further operations, it is doubtful if our mines can be worked at a profit, certainly not at present prices of labor, nor unless some more economical method may hereafter be found for handling the vast quantity of gravel which exists in the river bed. Our operations demonstrated the fact that a vast quantity of gold is contained in the face of the obstacles met with, but it seems impossible to extract it at a profit. The total output from our mines was $17,832. This did not pay the actual mining operations. Sluicing and washed was quite rich and the gold was found to exist in abundance to have paid largely but for unexpected obstacles."

During August of this year Dr. Pierce's output was about $2500. But it is doubtful if we shall be able to do better than pay expenses this season. Everything has been done to operate economically and effectively, and everything possible to facilitate the work that experience has taught us best has been done."

Concerning the future he says: "But after all of the past, much as we regret to acknowledge the fact, yet we are quite prepared to say that at present we see no prospect of realizing our former expectations with regard to the mines. Great as is our disappointment at this unfavorable termination of our first undertaking, we at least have the satisfaction of knowing that we were not misled in our judgment with regard to the richness of the gravel deposits of the Pacific coast. We have been defeated by no fault of our own, but by the existence of natural conditions which could not possibly be foreseen or supposed to exist. These conditions were only disclosed when the river was carefully opened up by our excavations in the bed of the river."

The statement that the company has collected is misleading and uncalled for. The company can pay all its debts, and it has any time been fully solvent. It is true our expectations have not been realized in the venture, but we have still a valuable property, consisting of 160 acres of territory, which can be worked to advantage for irrigation purposes.

Operations were carried out as at first with every prospect of success, when the force of great boulders made it necessary to abandon the entire outlook of the mines. Instead of producing gold it seems to be a losing operation. Favorable opinions of some of the leading authorities in the country, who looked favorable for a large return of investment, but as stated in the report did not find enough gold to pay. Any such misstatements are unjustifiable as the actual condition has been clearly set forth in the reports which have been issued, copies of which will be furnished for publication. If the report was in a state of collapse it would be the duty of the attorney general to close up the affairs.

"LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY"

Next Week—The Sale of Reserve Seats to Commence To-day for This Great Success.

Arrangement of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" which the New Park commences Monday next. The season is only for two weeks, a matinee will be given Wednesday and Friday afternoons of next week. The sale of seats for the five nights and two matinees will commence to-day at 10 A. M. at Hoyt Bros.' and M. A. Gunst & Co.'s. The demand for seats has been very large, and the engagement will undoubtedly be a successful one.

The children that are to play the leading parts are Master Wallie Eddinger and Miss Flossie Ethyl. These children are the same that created such a sensation in Frisco last spring, when the play was produced at the Baldwin theater for five weeks to crowded houses. Critics in the city have seen all the children that have appeared in the part pronounce Wallie the best. After the presentation of Little Lord Fauntleroy" which is under the direction of Mr. Al Hayman, the proprietor of the Baldwin and Californian theaters, San Francisco, and Mr. Thos. Tannehill manager Grand opera house and Lyceum theater New York, Eddinger will be taken to the Madison square theater New York, where the play will run for the winter. Master Eddinger will appear on the opening night here and the children will alternate in the role. A girl is said to be equally as clever. The prices to be charged here are the same as asked at the Baldwin theater, San Francisco and are as follows: Dress circle, $1 and $1 50, balcony 50 cents, lower floor, 75 cents and $1 00 cents.

Great interest is being arranged for by a number of prominent citizens at Vancouver. Those goers there can see this much talked of play. A party of nearly 100 have been chartered for seats and arrangements for excursions will undoubtedly be made by all the surrounding towns.

The New York syndicate letter (written by one who speaks of Little Lord Fauntleroy in the following manner:

"Praise is given over to child worship in the sweet Christmas tide it seems to me. What is the child? Why read of Little Lord Fauntleroy? Is he to be an all American and model child? Has his loving nature the consideration, and his beautiful individuality have made the occupant of the chair feel that he is their ideal? But were all he would be a prig but in baseball his ability in running and spelling, his friends, the bootblack, the apple woman, and the grocer, to be very human and after all a boy, only a little more car." The product of the play in New York has been to look for, that a play in which the principal part as long as Hamlet's was the success it is, which the most popular with men women and children. It has been an record breaker. The Broadway theater is packed to the chair legs, call the crowd, and enough there are more tears in the eyes than won on. It is like a real drought before one. It has been a little heart-cheating specialty for one and a little brain thinking one, like nothing sweeter better and brave.

Ample Apology.

JAY.

Presenting his card)—I represent Mr. Dooley. You grossly insulted him, and he demands an apology.

TANGLE. Tangle—I don't remember him.

JAY. Why, Guzzly—You told him he was a fool.

TANGLE—Oh yes I remember. Guzzly—Yes, sir. He demands an apology.

TANGLE—Well, I don't want to fight between us. You may tell him I'm sorry I said it.

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THE MORNING OREGONIAN.

PAGES 9 TO 12.

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THE SEARCH FOR GOLD.

Expectations that Ended in Disaster.

BIG BEND MINING COMPANY

Statement by the President of the Concern —The Right Red Wax Stamp With Great Boulders.

Tacoma, Sept. 26.—Dr Pierce, president of the Big Bend Mining Company, has issued a circular to the stockholders announcing the failure of the company, says: Since the purchase of the property of the company in September 29 1888 there has been no material change in the property as developed by our mining operations up to the present time. The vast quantity of gold that we were completely handicapped in our work and made them so expensive that a real return of profit. In fact, in view of the adverse developments of last year's work and the further experience of this year it is doubtful if our mines ever can be worked at a profit;—certainly not at the present prices of labor, nor unless some more economical method may hereafter be discovered for handling the vast quantity of gravel that exists in the river bed.

Our sluice operations demonstrated the fact that there was a vast quantity of gold in our claims, but in the face of the obstacles met with it would seem impossible to extract it at a profit. The total output from our mines for the year was but $17 832. This did not pay the cost of actual mining operations. Some of the ground washed was quite rich, and we have reason to believe we could have paid handsomely—but in the face of the obstacles encountered, such a result was impossible.

In the early part of this year Dr Pierce suggested that we should be able to pay a dividend of from 2½ to 5 per cent, but after all our operations were completed, and the work of the year carefully summed up, it was found that our expenditures had been so much greater than we had anticipated that we were compelled to abandon the idea of paying any dividend, and we regret to acknowledge that we are quite prepared to say that at present we see no prospect of realizing the former expectations with regard to these mines. Great as is our disappointment at this unfavorable termination of our undertaking, we at least have the satisfaction of knowing that we were not misled in our judgment with regard to the property, as experts of the Pacific coast and elsewhere, who have been detailed by no fault in the property, but by the existence of certain conditions which could not possibly have been foreseen or supposed to exist, and which were only disclosed when the ground was opened up by our excavations in the bed of the river.

The statement that the company has collected a fine property and excelled for. The property is unquestionably solvent. It is true our expectations have not been realized in the venture that we had a valuable property, some thousands of acres of territory, which can be put to advantage for irrigation and other purposes.

Propositions were carried out as a first class mining prospect of success, but the presence of great boulders under the gravel changed the entire outlook of the venture, and instead of producing gold in paying quantities, it seems to be a losing operation.

Favorable options of some of the capitalists in the country and abroad favorable for a large return on investment but as stated in the circular, we had not enough gold to pay for it. Any such misstatements are entirely unjustifiable as the actual condition of affairs has been clearly set forth in bulletins which have been issued, copies of which can be furnished for publication. If the company was in a state of collapse it would not pay the attorney-general to close its affairs.

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY

Opens Next Week—The Sale of Reserved Seats to Commence To-day for This Great Success.

The engagement of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" at the new Park commences Monday next. The season is only for five nights. In addition will be given Wednesday and Friday afternoons of next week. The sale of seats for the five nights and two matinees will commence to-day at 10 A. M. at Allen & Gunst & Co's. In the demand for seats has been very great the engagement will undoubtedly be a successful one.

Many children that are to play the Little Lord are Master Wallie Eddinger and Master Willie Ethyl. These children are the same that created such a sensation in "Hoss" last spring, when the play was presented at the Baldwin theater for five weeks to crowded houses. Critics in the east have been all the children that appeared in the part pronounce Wallie Eddinger the best. After the present engagement of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," which is under the direction of Mr. Al. Hayman, proprietor of the Baldwin theater, San Francisco, and Mr. T. Daniel Frawley, manager Grand opera house and Fourteenth street theater New York, Eddinger will be taken to the Madison Square theater New York, where the play will run the winter. Master Eddinger will appear on the opening night here, and the children will alternate in the leading role. It is said to be equally as clever as the little boy who has been playing the part. The press to be charged here will be raised at the Baldwin theater. Prices for reserved seats are as follows: Evening, $1 and $1 50, balcony 50 cents; matinees lower floor 75 cents and $1, balcony 50 cents.

Extensive advertising arranged for by a corps of prominent citizens at Vancouver, and from reports there can see this much looked for play. A party of nearly 100 have been chartered for seats and arrangements for excursions will undoubtedly be made from all of the surrounding towns.

The New York syndicate letter written by Frances Hodgson Burnett upon the opening of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" is interesting reading. It is as follows:

"Christmas given over to child worship, and it is a beautiful one. Christmas tide it seems to me. What is the child? Who could resist the little Lord Fauntleroy! This is the season to all American and most of all children his loving nature his sensitive imagination and his beautiful belief in fairy tales made the occupants of the theater feel that his theirs also. There were all sorts of people in the house. There were all sorts of people in the house. There were all sorts of people in the house

SOUTHERN OREGON PIONEERS

The Oration by George W. Dunn at Their Recent Annual Reunion.

The Beautiful Rogue River Valley Has Been Transformed by the Energy and Enterprise of Early Men and Women.

At the annual reunion of the Pioneer Society of Southern Oregon, held this year at Ashland, George W. Dunn, a native son of this state, delivered the following oration:

From the beginning there has been implanted in the breast of man a migratory impulse. From its earliest dawn history has been the recorder of race movements. A study of her records discloses a straining and somewhat peculiar tendency of two of her great families. From the birthplace of man in Asia we find two great lines of march—one into the west, the other to the west. The Turanians seemed to have been infused with an eastern impulse. Moving eastward peopling the countries of Asia they knew no rest until they came in contact with what to them at that time was an insurmountable barrier—the Pacific ocean. The Caucasians on the other hand were infused with a western impulse. They overran the countries of Europe and were no content to stop until they reached what they thought the *ultima thule*. For centuries these diverging tides of emigration were held in check by the Pacific on the east and the Atlantic on the west. They were compelled to stop and found nations. The spirit of unrest was not quenched but still smouldered in their bosoms. For, no sooner had the brilliant achievement of Columbus become known, than this same spirit of unrest again became manifest. The tide of emigration began to roll across the Atlantic to the newly discovered land. There again to take up its march toward the setting sun. But, it is not the desire for change alone that impels the pioneer to action. Liberty, personal liberty has ever been his guiding star. The true man has ever been most jealous of his liberty, and the pioneer is the embodiment of this idea. It was this migratory impulse coupled with oppression that drove from England her best manhood and gave to us our pioneer forefathers, who themselves and whose descendants have emblazoned their names up on the pages of American history never to be erased. The early pioneers were men of marked character. They desired freedom not power. They were men of great patriotism, men who had felt the lash of power and who gave up their homes and life long associations for the freedom which they thought America offered them. Did they realize the perils, hardships and indignities which they were to endure? We dare say they did not. Realize, if you can, their situation. Oppressed, taxed and fought by England in the front, harassed and massacred by a horde of howling savages in the rear, confronted by an unbroken wilderness everywhere. Indeed, those were times that tried men's souls. But they were a bold resolute band of patriots—patriots whom the test of time proved true. They sought for their rights, and by their undaunted courage gained more than they themselves expected. They were the pioneers not only of America, but also of the liberty—the constitutional liberty—which we to-day enjoy. Is it not fitting then on such an occasion as this to shed one grateful tear in fond remembrance for those who sacrificed so much for a blessing which they scarcely realized and which we now enjoy? Their earthly trials, joys and tears are o'er, but they are and will be held in fond remembrance so long as there is a free America.

* * * * * * * *

The first settlement in Oregon were naturally made in the north as the tide of immigration entered from that direction. It was not long, however, until parties in search of a better route to Oregon and a land pia sage to California became familiar with what, from their descriptions, must have been nature's grandest panorama, Rogue River Valley. Isolation from trade centers and trouble-some natives held in check the pioneers until 1851. In the fall of 1851 there were several settlements, and owing to the discovery of gold in January 1852, there was a great rush to this valley. So great was the immigration and so rich were the mines that Jackson county soon became the richest and most populous county in the state.

A trading post convenient to the mines was soon a recognized necessity. Applegate and Kenney, packers from Yreka, were the first to take advantage of the opportunity. Pitching their tents February, '52 where the city of Jacksonville now stands, they opened up with a general stock of miners' merchandise, consisting of a few tents, rough clothing, boots, etc., with a plentiful supply of all the essential "black strap" tobacco and "R. G." whisky, which had wonderful proficiency in making the weary lackless miner as rich as the most prosperous in less time than it takes to tell it. Soon other posts were established, and, in a short time, the embryotic city of Jacksonville began to take form. Owing to the uncertainty of the title to the town site its growth was somewhat retarded at first, but as the mines determined the necessity of a town they also determined its location, and Jacksonville was built where it is because the mines demanded it. After the title to the town site was settled the growth of Jacksonville, like many other mining towns, was very rapid. For many years it controlled the principal part of the business of the whole valley. But she was built convenient to the mines and not the valley, and so long as the mines proved more profitable than the farms she maintained her supremacy.

The completion of the Oregon & California railroad was the beginning of a new era in Southern Oregon history. It caused a readjustment of trade centers, and in this readjustment Jacksonville found several formidable rivals. Perhaps she has been better times in the past than she ever will in the future, but whatever may be her fate the whole sound hospitality of her early inhabitants will be fondly cherished by those who have ever had dealings with her. If I were able I would like to recount the many interesting and thrilling events connected with this, the oldest and historically speaking most important town in Southern Oregon. I could tell you something of her birth and growth, of her first settler, of her mines, of her first churches, of her adjustment of differences and trials by jury when laws were not and men were compelled to decide the fate of their fellow man by the eternal rules of right and wrong. You all know more of these things than I do. Some of you have lived there from its birth. All of the events all the changes all the encircling scenes of those times are now vividly before you and it requires more than age than I have to undertake to tell you of the very events of which you were the actors. It is your duty to tell us, and we believe an opportunity is to be given you for that purpose this afternoon. Of course you will not forget to mention that little pioneer, James Clugage McCully, who claims the distinction of being the first baby to exercise its vocal organs upon the midnight air of Jacksonville. We are not prepared to speak of his nationality or capacity for such exercise, but we daresay it was sufficient to warn the belated miner that civilization was hard upon his track. Perhaps that little voice which, it heard at this date would give us to thought that would not bear express on or set in motion a train of thoughts that carried that bronzed miner back in memory to his old home where he had left a little brother or sister, or, maybe, a child of his own.

Neither must you forget the heroism of the pioneer women of Jackson county. No poet's fancy or novelist's imagination could paint or conceive more interesting adventures than the unvarnished facts which the women of Southern Oregon have furnished the historian. When the history of Oregon shall have been written, it will ever where show that woman's love heroism and stratagem in times of trouble were nowhere wanting.

As a consequence of the opening of the mines the demand for farm products became very great, and numerous settlers were soon engaged in testing the productiveness of Southern Oregon soil. Many of them are still testing the same soil they settled upon nearly thirty eight years ago and although its fertility and adaptability for varied industries have ceased to be a matter of surprise to the early pioneers newcomers in view of almost doubt their eyes when they see with what ease a Southern Oregon farmer can produce a bountiful crop.

Although the settler preceded the miner had it not been for the gold discovery the settlement of Southern Oregon would doubtless have been greatly delayed. Its salubrious climate, its fertile soil, its enchanting beauty and crystal waters would scarcely have held the pioneer, confronted as he was by numerous and blood thirsty aborigines and a long and perilous journey to market. The gold discovery solved the problem. It brought a population sufficiently great to subdue the Indians. It held the miners until they became acquainted with the Italian paradise which had lavished her gold upon them and they were content to make their claim and found their future homes. In short it furnished you the sinews of war, and you were not slow to use them. How well you have used them the transformed valley of to-day bears witness. Contrast the verdant valley of 1851 with the cultured of 1889.

On yon great mountain mass, Old Grizzly, I'll take my solitary tune. Yet high er rise the encircling mountains in their ever deepening tones melt into the white or blue are lost in heaven's calm shine. Toward the south there stands old sentinel of world ages, Mount Shasta, stands, and to the east Mount Pitt his hoary head waves in the morning sun. A lush, sublime, sublimer yet is the valley beneath, on whose bosom the luxuriant grass swayed by the morning breeze, rises and falls in great green waves. There she lies just as nature made her—a love y maiden waiting for civilization to woo and win her. To-day these grand old mountains look just the same save where the paths of commerce have worn their ways. Behold the golden wheat, Lovely still, but oh how different! Thirty nearly two score years since civilization poured hands with her. At its touch she has donned the garments of her master. Her bosom now is decked with farm houses, villages, and young, pretentious cities. Where then the grass was undisturbed save by the wild deer or stealthy moccasin the great iron horse now goes crashing along dragging behind him a young political city. The undisturbed arena that then went rippling onward to the sea are now harnessed in a thousand useful occupations. The fields that then supported a few hundred naked savages now support twenty thousand souls and are capable of supporting thrice twenty thousand more. The distorted mountains and chaparral then crowned these granite hills—they now nurture the peach, the plum the apple and the [illegible].

How [illegible]? How quickly [illegible] when first you claimed her for your bride did you expect she would change her robe so soon? Did you think she would be so subservient to your will? Did you imagine she would be bound by iron bands to the Atlantic seaboard? We dare say you did not. Our wisest statesmen at that early day had no conception of what the United States of to-day would be. They expected to see on this Pacific slope a free nation connected with the eastern half of the continent merely by the ties of blood. They imagined the great plains an insurmountable barrier to rapid transit. Had you told them that you can ride fifty as the labor of your own hands and let the be the aggressive parties and I will see that your legal rights are investigated."

I wanted for nothing more. Bidding the governor and his kind lady a hasty adieu I remounted my horse and without rest or sleep rode on to Tacoma, and in less than forty eight hours after Mr Morris had told me to pack my blankets and help haul them I was marching at the head of fifty two well armed men, followed by the wagons loaded with provisions to stock the track laying. We took possession of about 6 or seven miles of road and completed the road

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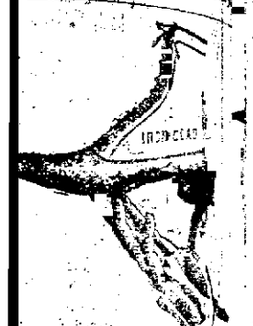
RY KELLING, Secretary



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COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Sept. 26.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail: 211 pkgs hardware, 1 car stoves, 66 pkgs wagon and 48 pkgs tobacco, 5 cs cigars, 25 cs cigarettes, 155 cs boots and shoes, 17 cs clothing, 112 cs dry goods, 5 cs hats and caps, 42 pkgs tobacco, 15 cs books, 1 car coal, 227 pkgs furniture, 1 car rolled oats, 52 pkgs preserves, 287 pkgs tinware, 208 bbls. crackers, 1 car meal; 525 cs canned goods.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty-four hours: 12,277 ctls wheat; 584 qr sks flour, 4,381 ctls oats, 1,277 ctls barley, 584 lbs wool; 430 lbs hides, 3 pkgs sundries, 3674 lbs wool; 430 lbs hides, 3 pkgs sundries, 3674 lbs wool; 430 lbs hides, 3 pkgs butter, 31 bxs cigs, 267 bxs eggs, 13,863 lbs bacon, 66 bbls pork, 56 hd cattle, 130 hd sheep.

WHEAT—The market not improved to any great extent, but rather about seems to be stronger. The following are the fluctuations of the New York and Chicago markets:

NEW YORK.

	Closed.	Opened.	Noon.	Closed.
	26th.	26th.	26th.	27th.
September	85¾	85¾	86¼	87
October	87¾	87¾	88¼	89¼
November	89	89	89¾	90¾
December	92¾	91¾	92¾	93¾

CHICAGO.

	Closed.	Opened.	Noon.	Closed.
	25th.	26th.	26th.	27th.
September	81	81	81¾	83
October	82¾	83¼	83¾	84¾
December	85¾	85¾	86	87

FINANCIAL—Clearances to-day, $227,474 57; balances, $64,129 31.

RECAPITULATION—The market is fair, demand good. We quote 87½@88c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The stock market to-day showed little change, and, although the tone of the dealings was undoubtedly strong, the fluctuations were as small as ever, and the realizations of the last hour wiped out many of the gains made in the early portion of the day.

Government bonds have been dull and heavy.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Money on call easy at 1@2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@7½; sterling exchange quiet, steady; sixty-day bills, $4 82; demand, $4 85½.

BONDS.

U.S. 4s (registered)	126½	U. S. 4½s (coupon)	106½
U. S. 4s (coupon)	127	Pacific 6s	118
U. S. 4½s (reg.)	105¾		

STOCKS.

Adams Ex	147	Preferred	114½
Alton & Terre Haute	30	New York Central	109¾
Canada Southern	54½	Oregon Imp	33½
Central Pacific	33½	Navigation	102
Chesapeake & Ohio	10½	Transcontinental	52½
Chicago & Alton	140	Pacific Mail	28½
Chicago & Rock Island	109¾	Quicksilver	6
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	70¾	Preferred	45
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	109¾	Reading	47
Chicago, St. L. & Pittsburg	13	Preferred	30
Chicago, St. L. & Pittsburg, pf	32½	Rock Island	102¾
Del. & Hudson	126¾	St. Paul	70¾
Del., Lack. & Western	139¾	Preferred	107
Denver & Rio G.	15½	Texas Pacific	20¾
Denver & Rio G., pf	57	Union Pacific	46¾
Erie	20¾	U. S. Express	75
Hannibal & St. Joseph	30	Wabash	20¾
Hannibal & St. Joseph, pf	70	Preferred	37¾
Kansas & Texas	16¾	Wells, Fargo Express	130
Lake Erie & Western	19¾	Western Union	86¼
Lake Shore	106½	Am. Cotton Seed Oil	49¾
Louisville & Nashville	77¾	Preferred	110¾
Michigan Central	88		

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Consols, 96 15-16. Silver bullion per fine ounce, 42 11-16. Bank of England discount, 5 per cent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Sterling exchange, long, $4 82½; sterling exchange, short, $4 85¾; U. S. 4s, 126¾; U. S. 4½s, 107¾; U. S. bonds, 4½s, 105¾; silver bullion per fine ounce, 93¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Sterling exchange, 60 days, 484½; sterling exchange, documentary, 484; cables, 10 premium.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCK MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.

Ophir	$ 4 80	Sierra Nevada	2 80
Mexican	2 05	Union	1 95
Gould & Curry	2 05	Bullion	63
Hale & Norcross	2 50	Belcher	1 50
Justice	6 67	Justice	1 80
Con. Imperial	2 30	Union	3 80
Exchequer	2 10	Challenge	2 90
Belcher	1 40	North Belcher	50
Best & Belcher	5 35	Belle	70
Crown Point	2 80	Overman	1 15
Yellow Jacket	3 00	Alpha	1 40
Hale & Norcross	3 20	Imperial	45
Confidence	7 00		

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Receipts of produce in past twenty-four hours include 74,000 ctls flour, 12,000 qr sks flour, 19,300 sks potatoes, 22,000 ctls barley.

Freights—Rather more activity was shown in grain chartering the early part of the week, owing to the improved condition of foreign wheat markets. Rates have ruled about steady, ranging from 34 to 35s 6d U. K., Havre or Antwerp. Tonnage business has been checked by the scarcity of tonnage. Grain charters for the week have been as follows: Br ship Kestra, 1,967 tons, wheat to Cork U. K., Havre or Antwerp, chartered by G. W. McNear at 34s 6d; British Prince Edward, iron, 2180 tons, wheat to Cork U. K., Havre or Antwerp, chartered by G. W. McNear at 34s; Br bk Scottish Minstrel, iron, 1676 tons, wheat to Cork U. K., Havre or Antwerp, chartered by G. W. McNear at 35s 6d; Br ship Moulmein, iron, 1966 tons, wheat for Cork U. K., Havre or Antwerp, chartered by G. W. McNear at 35s 6d; Br ship British Isles, iron, 2394 tons, wheat for Cork U. K.; Havre or Antwerp, at 35s; Br ships Loch Etive, iron, 1641 tons, and Waterloo, iron, 1918 tons, both engaged prior to arrival, wheat to Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, at 37s 6d; ship St. Paul, 1324 tons, barley to New York, at 5c per ton.

The demand for lumber carriers is good, but vessels suitable for this trade are scarce and charters consequently light. The following vessels have been fixed during the past week: Swed bk Gamo, 97 tons, to load at Port Blakeley for Cork, U. K.; brig Retriever, Puget sound to west coast; bk Carleton, Burrard Inlet, B. C., to Sydney, N. S. W.; bkn Robert Sudden, Puget sound to Melbourne, Victoria, and bk William Renton, Puget sound to Australia. Coal freights rule steady and fairly active. The following vessels have been chartered since last week: Brs Aursola and Soroleo and ship Topgallant, to load at Seattle; bk General Ramsdell, Departure bay, and bk Oregon, Nanaimo all for this port.

Wheat—During the past week the spot market has shown a hardening tendency in sympathy with the firmer tone of foreign markets. The export demand has improved and round lots of Standard shipping are now scarce at $1 30. Business is somewhat checked by an unwillingness on the part of holders to let go at present prices, while exporters refuse to pay higher.

On the produce exchange trading in options has been generally light and values about steady. To-day transactions were as follows: 560 tons 87½c, while, buyer year, at $1 37½, 200 tons at 87½c, 80 tons at $1 37½, and 800 tons at $1 38; buyer season, $1 43.

Afternoon session; buyer year, $1 38½; buyer season $1 43.

Barley—The market has ruled quiet, with only a light demand, but prices show little variation. Feed is here less fairly liberal. Sales of choice feed are made at 72½c, and No. 1 commands 67½@68c. Options: transactions light and prices lower; buyer year 70c.

Oats—Choice feed descriptions have been in better active demand the past few days, and the market has assumed a firmer tone. Receipts during the early part of the week were of large proportions, principally from Oregon, but latterly have fallen off. There is a good demand for choice at $1 17½, and No. 1 feed meets with ready sale at $1 12½@1 15; milling $1 20@1 22½. Oregon here quoted $1 25@1 35; millstuffs, $13@14 per ton.

Wool—Little change has occurred in the situation the past week. Business continues dull and prices unchanged. Before any market activity can take place holders will have to grant concessions. Country business small; quote Eastern Oregon 13@16c; valley, 19@22c.

Hops—The market, as yet, lacks activity. Prices nominal.

Potatoes—Increased receipts for the past few days have given a weaker tone to the market, although the general continues fairly brisk. Quote Burbanks, 60@65c.

Eggs—In good supply, and prices somewhat easier; quote California, ranch, 27½c.

Butter—Choice in good demand at 32½@34c; fair to good, 25@30c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Receipts of wheat at the seven principal points east of the Rocky mountains during the past twenty-four hours were 327,000 bushels, and the shipments from these points during the same time were 242,000 bushels. Wheat—Opened shade lower, and closed strong. Prompt quotations were: No. 2 October, 82¾c December, 85¾c May. Noon—82c September, 83½c October, 85¾c December, 88c May. Closed—83c September, 83¾c October, 84¾c December, 87c May.

Corn—Firm. Quoted at 35½c October. Lard, $6 15 October. Ribs, $5 30 October.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; slow; steady, except for choice to extra beeves, which sold at 5 40@5 65; stockers and feeders, $1 90@3 25; bulls and mixed, $1 25@3; Texas cattle, $1 50@3 80.

Hogs—Receipts, 32,000 head; strong. Mixed, $3 70@4 40; light, $4 30@4 80; heavy, $3 70@4 40; rough, $3 70@3 90; skips, $2 50@3 50.

Sheep—Receipts, 11,000 head; steady. Natives, $3 50@4 15; Texans, $3 50@4 15; Westerns, $3 50@4 15.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Freights, rate on grain to Liverpool by steamer, 6½d per bushel.

Wheat—Opened a shade lower; 85¾c October, 87½c May. Noon—Higher; 86¾c December, 87¾c May. Closed—Higher; 87¾c September and October, 88½c November, 91¾c December, 89¾c September.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Hops—Quiet; weak. Coffee—Options closed steady at 20 to 25 points up; sales, 43,000 bags, including September, $15 85; October, $15 80; November, $15 35@15 40; December, $15 30@15 35; January, $15 20@15 25; spot Rio, firm; fair cargoes, 19¼c.

Sugar—Raw, nominal; refined, lower; quiet; C, 5½@5¾c; extra C, 5¾@6c; white extra C, 6@6¼c; yellow, 5 and A, 5½@5¾c; mould A, 6¼@6¾c; standard A, 6¼c; confectioner's A, 7¼c; cut loaf, 7¾c; crushed, 8¼c; powdered, 8¼c; granulated, 8c.

Molasses—Dull; sugary; Lake, October, $10 70.

Rice—Steady; better demand; domestic, $3 92½@4 30; Japan, firmer; Brails, $3 95@4 10.

Petroleum opened firm at 92½c, but after the first sale became dull and heavy and sagged off 92½c; closing, 92c. Consolidated Exchange—Opening, 92½c; highest, 92½c; lowest, 92c; closing, 92c. Sales, 42,000 barrels.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

HERRBOHM'S GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Wheat cargoes on passage are quiet but firm.

English country markets, firm.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 26.—Spot wheat, stiff. Red winter, 6s 6d; No. 2 Bombay, 6s 11d.

Futures, No. 1 California, 7s 2½d September, 7s 2½d October, 7s 2½ November, 7s 2¾ December, 7s 3¼ January, 7s 1½ February.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Spot wheat and flour, firm.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The barkentine North Bend arrived at the Knappton mills last Wednesday to load lumber.

The schooner Ruby A. Coombs sailed from Astoria yesterday for San Francisco, loaded with lumber.

The government steamer Manzanita went to Destruction island and Puget sound ports yesterday. Major Haydbury went to inspect the lighthouses, beacons, etc.

The steamer Dolphin arrived at Astoria last Wednesday from the Coquille river, being carbound for five weeks.

PUGET SOUND NOTES.

The steamer Rainier brought 13,000 salmon from Makitteo last Wednesday for George T. Myers' cannery, West Seattle. This was the Rainier's last trip. She is to be laid up here, and will be extensively repaired. Sullivan is building two new marine boilers for her. Her mach.nery will be repaired and her hull will be given a general overhauling.

The bark Oakland is on her way to Seattle from San Francisco with general merchandise.

The ship Topgallant has arrived at the Seattle Coal & Iron Co.'s bunkers, loading coal for San Francisco.

The Wilmington is at Port Blakeley having her bottom scraped. She will begin loading Oregon Improvement Company's coal Friday for Portland. She will return from that city to Seattle with a cargo of merchandise for Hatfield's wharf.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Arrived—Schr. Crescent, Coos Bay; steamer Arago, Coos Bay; ship Kentucky, Seattle; br. ship Helensburg, Newcastle, N. S. W. Sailed—Steamer Willamette Valley, Yaquina bay; schr. Pioneer, Gray's Harbor; bktn. Catharine, Sudden.

PORT BLAKELEY, Sept. 26.—Arrived—Schr W. L. Beebe, San Francisco. Sailed—Sch r. Fanale Dutard, San Francisco.

PORT DISCOVERY, Sept. 26.—Arrived—Bk. Mary Flower, San Francisco.

ASTORIA, Sept. 26.—Steamer General Miles arrived down 7 A. M., schr. Ruby A. Coombs passed out 2 P. M.

PORT CANDY, Sept. 26.—5 P. M.—Cloudy, wind south; bar smooth.

ARMY DESERTIONS.

An Investigation Ordered by the Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Secretary Proctor has decided to investigate the causes leading to the numerous desertions from the army in past years. To this end he has appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Lawton and Captain Eppstein as a board of inquiry, to meet at Jefferson barracks Missouri, October 1, to commence the investigation. General McKeever and Senator Plumb will also give information on the subject.

The investigation was ordered first at Jefferson barracks owing to the charges having been preferred by an evening paper at St. Louis against the commander at that barracks.

Suicide of a Cattle Thief.

MOSCOW, Idaho, Sept. 25.—A German, Wm. Kraib, aged 40, in jail in this city for stealing cattle, committed suicide to-day at 9 A. M., using a tarred string that he had got possession of. He was under strict watch and the confinement was supposed to have caused an aberration of mind. The body was discovered twenty minutes after the act, hanging to the jail door.

Championship Duncan.

KINGSTON, Ont., Sept. 25.—Principal Grant, of the Queen's University, is championing the cause of Missionary Duncan and the Metlakahtlas, who were driven from British Columbia to Alaska. He demands that the Dominion government appoint and send a commission to inquire into the facts leading up to Duncan's removal.

The World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The question of a site continues to delay the preparations for the proposed World's Fair. The park commissioners adopted to-day a resolution by unanimous vote, saying that it was inexpedient that any portion of Central Park should be used as a site, and that the board will try to prevent such use.

An Entire Family Annihilated.

ODESSA, Sept. 25.—A teacher in this city, named Sause, committed suicide to-day. His wife was so much affected that she lost her reason, and killed her two children. She carried their bodies to the third-story window and threw them to the ground. She then threw herself out, receiving fatal injuries.

A Serious Railway Collision.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 25.—A collision occurred to-day between a wild-cat engine and a Labor excursion filled with workmen on the Philadelphia & Baltimore road. Twelve men were injured quite seriously, but it is thought that none will die.

Precipitated Into a Ravine.

MUNICH, Sept. 25.—A party of six tourists and their guides, while ascending the Bavarian-Austrian Alps, were precipitated into a ravine and all severely injured. It is feared that none of them can recover.

The Value of Life.

Medical Classics.

Before the civil war, the money value placed upon the working forces in a slave, a young negro field hand was $1000 and upwards, and upon a skilled mechanic over $3000. Dr. Farr and Edward Chadwick, both eminent sanitarians, practically confirm these estimates. Dr. Farr says that in England an agricultural laborer, at the age of twenty-five years, is worth, over and above what it costs to maintain him, $1194, and that the average value of every man, woman and child is $771. Edwin Chadwick says that each individual of the English working classes (mere children work there, we must remember) is worth $809, and at forty years of age $1780. Our values in this country are much greater. Take the probabilities of our length of life from the insurance tables and put our labor on the market for that length of years, and you will find what we are worth to the community.

The Travelers' Guide.

Life.

Elevated Railroad Conductor—Schwxyzmixstrish!

Stranger—What street did you say?

Elevated Railroad Conductor (with blood in his eye)—Schwxyzmixstrish!

Stranger—Thanks.

Atlantic Ocean Travel.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

Take the Oregon Short Line for the East; twenty-one hours shorter than any other transcontinental line. Elegant new dining cars Pullman palace sleepers, free family sleeping cars run through to Denver, Omaha, Council Bluffs and Kansas City. Union ticket office, 81 First street, corner Oak.

Loans made on city and farm property at lowest possible rates, with liberal privileges as to partial payments. Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust Company, northwest corner First and Alder streets.

Kidd's Cough Syrup costs a quarter. Will cure coughs, colds and sore throat.

ELY'S CREAM BALM WILL CURE COLD IN HEAD QUICKLY.

EASY TO USE HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.

SICK HEADACHE

The long-established, well-known, most successful only reliable San Francisco Specialists, will be at the Holton House, Portland, Or., October 5th and 6th—two days only—for the purpose of consulting with all patients of the Lictig World Dispensary and International Surgical Institute and contracting with all desiring treatment. Consultation, examination and advice free. Measurements taken for every kind of deformity, apparatus, braces, appliances, etc. Private entrance, side door, or ladies' entrance to Holton House.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
(THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.)
Cure BILIOUS and Nervous ILLS.
25cts. a Box.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or hindrance to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

Architects and Builders Take Notice.

We make a specialty of all kinds of structural work. Building fronts, cast and steel box and beam girders can furnish on short notice. The Smith & Watson Iron Works, Front and Harrison sts, Portland, Or. 27tf

DON'T FAIL TO READ TO-MORROW the advertisement of W. L. DOUGLAS, specialties in shoes.

USE FAIRBANK'S GOLD DUST FOR EASY WASHING.

Ask your grocer for free samp e.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
FOR LIVER, BILE, INDIGESTION ETC. FREE from Mercury, containing only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, San Francisco

THE GLORY AND STRENGTH OF MANHOOD

Men suffering from Lost Vigor Nervous Debility, Premature Weakness, etc., resulting from indiscretions, excesses, etc., cured without stomach medicines. Sealed treatise free. Address THE MARSTON CO., 19 Park Place, New York.

TRY THE PEARL LAMP CHIMNEYS.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES, CHEAP.

Columbia Light Roadster Safety Bicycle, $140.

Send for List.

American Rambler Safety Bicycles, $70 to $135.

For Ladies and Gentlemen, Rear-driving Safety Bicycles. All the rage. No danger from headers. Your feet only six inches from the ground.

Large stock of new Columbia and American Bicycles.

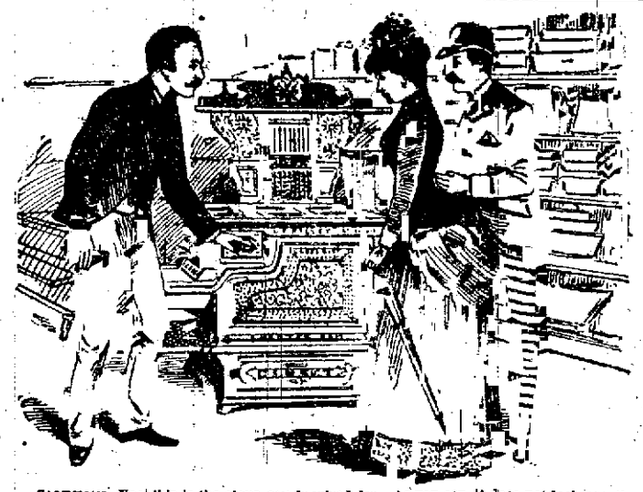
Ordinary Bicycles, $25.00 to $140.00.

OSBORN & ALEXANDER, 628 Market st., San Francisco.

Bicycles, Mechanics' Tools and Hardware.

Workshop Machinery by Foot and Steam Power.

Agents for the SHIPMAN KEROSENE OIL STEAM ENGINE



SALESMAN—Yes, this is the stove you inquired for. As you say, it does not look exactly like the one your mother recommended you to buy, and which she thinks so much of, but it is a *Charter Oak Range*. We have the Cook Stoves of the same make but the Ranges are used more generally now, as they are more convenient. How long has your mother had hers stove?

YOUNG MARRIED LADY—Oh! ever so long. She bought it when I was a baby, and has been using it ever since, and she told me I must get the same kind.

SALESMAN—Well, this is the same kind. That is, it is a Charter Oak, but you must remember that twenty years is a long time, and improvements have been made since your mother got hers. This Range has the wonderful *Wire Gauze Oven Door*, which you have probably heard of, as it is known and used everywhere in connection with our Stoves and Ranges.

YOUNG MARRIED LADY—Oh! I remember now. She spoke about that, but I can't understand why that should make it so much better than our old stove, as that was as good as it could be.

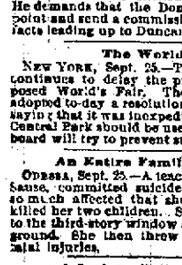
SALESMAN—There is no doubt about this being much better; it is a wonderful improvement. It bakes everything so much nicer, and the meats are not dried up like they are in the old-fashioned tight ovens. Why, a steak can be broiled in that oven as perfectly as over a charro il fire, and the natural juices of the meat, which make it so appetizing, will all be retained. It is just the same with roast meats. Of course it is needless for me to speak of its other good qualities, as your mother's advice has made that unnecessary.

YOUNG MARRIED LADY—Well, of course, I will take it. Please have it put up as soon as you can, as we have no stove yet. We are just commencing housekeeping, you know.

C. O. MADSNTZ, Dealer in Stoves and Hardware, Portland, Oreg.

Carries a full line of the *Charter Oak Cook Stoves and Heaters*. Dealers can save time and get the benefit of Car Load rates of freight by ordering from him.

EXCELSIOR MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.



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The Old Reliable Specialist of many years' experience, treats with wonderful success, all LUNG, THROAT, CANCER, PILES, FISTULA.

Those who contemplate going to Hot Springs for the treatment of any Private or Blood Disease can be cured for one-third the cost at our Private Dispensary.

PRIVATE DISEASES, Blood Poison, vene real taint, gleet, stricture, seminal emissions, loss of sexual power, weakness of the sexual organs, want of desire in male or female, whether from improper habits of young or sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual habit in mature years, speedily and permanently cured.

Consultation free and strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the United States. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps. Send 10c in stamps for pamphlet and list of questions upon Private, Special and Nervous Diseases, Sexual Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet and Varicocele. Terms strictly cash. Call on or address DR. POWELL REEVES & CO., Cor. Third and Alder, Portland, Oregon.

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A POSITIVE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; CURE General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Older Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write for it. Book, full explanation, and proofs (sealed) free. Address THE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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CLEANLINESS SAY. SAPOLIO!

But the most loving husband will see the difference in his home if you use Sapolio. It saves labor in housework

Cleanliness and neatness about a house are necessary to insure comfort. Man likes comfort, and if he can't find it at home, he will seek elsewhere for it. Good housewives know that SAPOLIO makes a house clean and keeps it bright. Happiness always dwells in a comfortable home. Do you want cleanliness, comfort and happiness? Try SAPOLIO and you will be surprised at your success.

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OF OREGON.
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The Savings Bank Department
(Open on Saturday Nights)

Pays interest on deposits on Bank Book or Certificate.

The Company Also acts as general agent, trustee or attorney for individuals or corporations, and assignee or receiver.

Money to loan and advances made on mortgage or other security.

Holds property in trust and cares for the same pending litigation or settlement of conflicting interests.

Assumes the general care of real estate, with strict economy as to expenditures for repairs. Collects rents, interest, dividends, bills, accounts or income.

Pays taxes, assessments and insurance premiums.

Deeds, insurance policies and other valuable papers safely kept at moderate charges.

All trusts carefully and economically administered.

ALLEN NOYES.....President
H. L. PITTOCK.....Vice-President
BENJ. I. COHEN.....Secretary

JARVIS-CONKLIN
Mortgage Trust Company.

Paid-up Capital.....$1,500,000.00

KANSAS CITY and New York.

Loans money on improved farms in Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and on improved City Property.

Highest market price paid for State, County, Township, City, School and Water Bonds.

8½ Morrison Street - Portland, Or.

The Oregon & Washington Mortgage Savings Bank.
51 First Street, Portland, Or.

Rates of Interest on Deposits:

THREE MONTHS	4 per cent.
SIX MONTHS	5 per cent.
NINE MONTHS	5½ per cent.
ONE YEAR	6 per cent.

LOANED ON MORTGAGES: $7,597,721 IN 11 YEARS.

Correspondence solicited, and every information facility for examination will be furnished by applying to WILLIAM REID, President.

City, County and School Bonds Wanted.

FRANK DEKUM, President. | R. P. THOMPSON, Vice President. | H. C. STRATTON, Cashier.

The Portland Savings Bank,
OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
S. W. COR. SECOND and WASHINGTON.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

Loans made on real or personal security.

Acts as trustee for individuals, corporations or estates pending litigation or settlement.

Ladd & Tilton, Bankers,

Transact a General Banking Business.

INTEREST allowed on time deposits.

COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.

EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hong Kong.

Merchants National Bank,
PORTLAND - OREGON.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

President.....JAMES STEEL
Vice-President.....J. LOEWENBERG
Cashier.....L. A. MACRUM
Assistant Cashier.....RALPH W. HOYT

SELLS SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, and ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available throughout the United States.

DRAWS BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the Main, and all the principal cities of Europe; also on Hong Kong.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

Savings Bank.
THE NORTHWEST LOAN & TRUST CO.
No. 59 First St., Portland, Or.

Capital : : : : : : : $150,000

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Interest Paid on Savings Deposits.

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GEO. B. MARKLE, President.

The Oregon National Bank,
OF PORTLAND.

CAPITAL PAID IN - - $200,000

Transacts a General Banking Business.

EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on San Francisco, New York, Chicago and principal points in the Northwest.

DRAFTS drawn on China, Japan and Europe.

MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.

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OF PORTLAND.

Is appointed Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.

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Cashier.....C. E. WITHINGTON
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Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

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Sight and Time Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.

Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

CHEAP EASTERN MONEY.

EMBARGERS.

29 Stark St., Portland, Or.

Money to loan on improved farms and city property at lowest rates.

Highest market price paid for school, county, city and water bonds.

LOMBARD INVESTMENT CO.

Boston, Mass., and Kansas City, Mo.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,750,000

Loans Money on Improved Farms and City Property in Oregon, Washington and Idaho on long time, in sums to suit.

S. S. KING, General Manager for Pacific Coast, Tacoma, Washington.

J. A. ARMENT, Manager for Oregon, Room 34, Portland Savings Bank Building, Portland, Or.

Bank of British Columbia.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1862.

Paid Up Capital.....$2,425,600
Reserve.....537,750

Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.

Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Vancouver, & G. A General Banking and Exchange business transacted; Loans made; Bills discounted; Commercial Credits granted; Deposits received on current account subject to check. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

GEO. GOOD, Manager.

Commercial National Bank,
OF PORTLAND.

General Banking Business Transacted.

President.....D. P. THOMPSON
Vice-President.....FRANK DEKUM
Cashier.....R. L. DURHAM
Assistant Cashier.....H. C. WORTMAN

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and all principal places throughout the Northwest.

Exchange sold on principal cities in Europe and on Hong Kong.

London and San Francisco Bank,
(Limited.)

Capital and Reserve.....$3,375,000
Head Office, 73 Lombard St., London.

This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business; makes loans, discounts bills, and issues commercial and travelers' credits, available in any city in the world.

Portland Branch, 48 First st.

W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

The Portland National Bank
Transacts a General Banking Business.

Accounts Kept, subject to check.

Sells Exchange on San Francisco and New York.

Makes Collections on favorable terms.

Letters of Credit Issued, Available in Europe and the Eastern States.

WILLIAM REID.....President
M. M. LOWE.....Cashier

TRANSPORTATION LINES.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.
ALASKA ROUTE.

The steamers Ancon and Corona start from Tacoma and the steamer George W. Elder from Portland.

For further information about Alaska, see pamphlet "All About Alaska," published by the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., which can be had at all agencies.

A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N.P.R.R., Portland, Or.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen'l Agents, San Francisco.

Portland and Vancouver Railway Co.

LEAVE EAST PORTLAND.	LEAVE VANCOUVER.
*6:10 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
7:00 A. M.	8:45 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	11:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	1:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	2:45 P. M.
1:45 P. M.	3:35 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.
4:15 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	6:30 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	9:30 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	11:00 P. M.

*Train leaving at 6:10 A. M. will not run on Sundays and connects with steamer Traveller for La Camas and Washougal.

Trains connect with steamer Traveller for La Camas and Washougal.

TICKETS good on steamer boat, Stark street ferry and at general ticket office, L. and Water sts., East Portland. Monthly commutation tickets for sale at general ticket office only.

C. C. GRIMES, Supt.

P. DEKUM, President. W. M. RICHARDS, Gen. Pass. Agt.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

PORTLAND & WILLAMETTE VALLEY AND OREGONIAN RAILWAYS.

Commencing to-day trains will run daily between Portland, Dayton, Lafayette, Sheridan, Dallas, Monmouth, Airlie and intervening points as follows:

Leave Jefferson street at 7:45 A. M.
Arrive Jefferson street at 6:35 P. M.

Through tickets issued.

C. N. SCOTT, Receiver Oregonian Railway.
WILLIAM REID, Vice President P. & W. V. Railway.

August 27 1889.

Fo low the Rush to

PASCO!

Some day a large city will grow up at the junction of the Snake and Columbia Rivers.

HENRY VILLARD.

"KEEP YOUR EYE ON PASCO."

PASCO! PASCO!

The Gate City of the Northwestern Empire.

Vote for locating the Capital at Pasco.

Portland's Position as the Metropolis of the North Pacific Coast can only be maintained by her aid in building up cities and towns East of the Cascade Range.

HELP BUILD UP PASCO.

PASCO.

EARLY all the vast products of wheat and other grain of Eastern Washington pay tribute to Pasco in their transit to tide-water market at Tacoma; besides it is at the head of the lower Columbia navigation, and a ship building point for both the lower and upper Columbia. The almost unlimited productions of the Inland Empire are directly tributary to Pasco. From the north the far famed Big Bend country will pour her wealth of cereals into the lap of Pasco by way of the noble Columbia. The timber from Chelan and Spokane rivers. Coal, lime, marble, copper, lead, silver, gold and iron ores very recently discovered near the banks of the Columbia and Okanogan rivers can reach the markets of the world by no practical route except to be floated down the Columbia river to Pasco.

Pasco is a growing town and movements are in progress that will soon develop it more rapidly. It has a fine area of arable land surrounding it, which is now in demand.

Pasco, the country metropolis of the upper Columbia river valley, is situated on a level plateau which gently slopes to the Columbia river, the Mississippi of the Pacific coast, and near the junction of the grand Snake river, which rises in the mountain range of the Yellowstone National Park, with the Columbia, and also within some five miles of the junction of the Yakima river, the "laughing water" of Washington, which rises in the Cascade range and leaps on its rapid descent to the Columbia, thus forming one of the grandest junctions of rivers on the Pacific coast, thus making Pasco their commercial and shipping center.

Pasco is the center and natural depot, or storage point, for the supplies and products of the rich grain-producing plateau that surrounds her on every side and comprises the following well-known localities: Douglas, Lincoln and Adams counties, the Palouse country, the Potlach country, the Big Bend country and Camas Prairie.

Asotin, Garfield and Columbia counties, Eureka Flat, Walla Walla valley, Umatilla county and the eastern portion of Klickitat and Yakima counties, known as Horse Heaven. These favored localities surround her as a crown of gems and will soon make Pasco the storehouse for all grain awaiting shipment to either ship board.

Pasco already being a prominent railroad point, with three lines diverging therefrom, and a fourth soon to be constructed, gives it railroad and transportation advantages excelled by no other town in Eastern Washington. This is the only point at which the majestic Columbia is bridged; as also is the Snake river, near its mouth with an iron structure that cost $1,250,000.

The climatic conditions of Pasco, and of Franklin county, of which it is the county seat, are unexcelled for health, comfort and the growth of all kinds of products, including the semi-tropical.

THE magnificent location and natural site for a large commercial and distributing city, to exist where Pasco now stands, has induced a number of wealthy bankers, capitalists and shrewd real estate men to form a stock company, with a paid up capital of $300,000, for the purpose of developing and building up a city where nature designated one to be.

There is not a spot on the map of the whole of North America where another such a junction of large navagable rivers meet.

As a water transportation center Pasco rivals St. Louis, Mo. As a railway center it is already the point from which the Northern Pacific's vast system radiates east, west, north and south. The Hunt system of feeders will soon have its terminus at Pasco.

The Union Pacific survey of a road from Pasco to Lewiston along the Snake river has been completed. The Pasco, Portland and Pacific Railway company on the north side of the Columbia river survey is finished, and estimates of the cost of construction are now being made.

Other enterprises are being formulated into shape, such as the First National bank, capital $50,000.

The Grand Hotel Company, capital $60,000.

The Pasco Lumber and Manufacturing Company capital $25,000, is already chartered and in operation. The Tolman House Company, capital $50,000, and other enterprises are being established, including a large irrigating company, etc.

THE PASCO LAND COMPANY,

Incorporated. Paid Up Capital, - $300,000.

L. C. FREY, President and General Manager. G. E. WITHINGTON, Treasurer. W. P. GRAY, Vice-President and Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS:

Robert N. Harvin, Capitalist, Jamestown, N. Y.
H. M. McCartney, Vice-President First National Bank, Spokane Falls.
George E. Foster, Capitalist, Oil City, Pa.
R. W. Tonsill, Manufacturer Famous Punch Cigar, Chicago, Ill.
M. V. B. Stacy, Real Estate, Seattle, W. T.
G. E. Withington, Cashier First National Bank, Portland, Or.
Ransom Olney, Treasurer S. L. C. L. Company, Salt Lake City.
James M. Ashton, Attorney N. P. R. R., Tacoma.

J. J. Hagerman, President First National Bank, Colorado Springs, Col.
J. A. Hayes, Jr., Cashier, " " " " "
L. R. Ehrich, Capitalist, " " " " "
Charles Thurlow, Loans, " " " " "
Leopold Robertson, Capitalist, " " " " "
W. Lea Ferris, Capitalist, " " " " "
F. D. Pastorius, Real Estate, " " " " "
Frank White, Real Estate, " " " " "
L. C. Frey, Proprietor of Land Corporations, " " " " "

Jerome B. Wheeler, Banker, 54 Wall street, N. Y.
E. R. Holden, Mining and Smelting, Denver, Col.
W. B. Hunt, Aspen Sampling Works, Aspen, Col.
John Hulbert, Capitalist, Manitou, Col.
Richard Cline, Vice-President Philadelphia Smelter, Pueblo, Col.
E. F. Lytle, Cashier First National Bank, Pueblo, Col.
F. Barndollar, Banker, Pueblo, Col.
W. W. Palmer, Proprietor Grand Hotel, Pueblo, Col.
W. P. Gray, Real Estate, Pasco, W. T.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE COMPANY WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL SEPTEMBER 25, 1889.

TITLE PERFECT.—Terms, half cash, balance in six and twelve months at 8 per cent interest. Plats and maps will be ready Monday, September 23. Address

THE PASCO LAND COMPANY, Pasco, W. T.

Or for Plats and Prices See J. EDGAR JONES, Manager Portland Office, Esmond Hotel.

THE MINES OF OKANOGAN.

A Brief Geographical Description of the Surrounding Country.

Many Claims Already Showing Good Paying Ore With Only Slight Development—Excellent Location for a Custom Mill.

Mr. G. Cummins, of New York city, mining engineer and assayer, of experience, arrived in town this morning from the Salmon river mines in Washington territory. Mr. Cummins visited the Salmon river mines as the representative of a wealthy New York syndicate. Mr. Cummins is very enthusiastic regarding the future of that mining country, and has kindly furnished us his report on the mines and surrounding locality.

In order to understand the location of the Okanogan mines a brief geographical description of the country is necessary. The Okanogan river, heading in the British possessions, flows southward and empties into the Columbia some fifty miles from the line, at a point about 150 miles west by north of Spokane Falls, and about the same distance north by east of Ellensburgh. Fifteen miles from the mouth of the Okanogan river, a creek, the Conconully, sometimes called the Salmon river, flows down through a narrowing gorge or gulch, which, very nearly, cross about twelve miles northwest from the Okanogan. At this point is situated the town of Ruby, and on the range on the western side of this gulch the first mineral prospects were located in 1883, as soon as the reservation was thrown open. This range, called Ruby hill, is from 1200 to 3000 feet above Ruby city, which is about 1200 feet above the sea, and the claims are easily reached by a good wagon road from Ruby.

The Conconully creek has a general course northwest by southeast, having its source in a range of high rugged mountains lying west of the Okanogan valley and cutting its way through deep, rough canyons in a southeasterly course to its junction with the Okanogan river. In the fall season this creek is a stream of small dimensions, a rod or two in width and delivering 700 or 800 cubic feet of water per minute, say twelve or fifteen cubic feet per second; but in the spring season it is a raging mountain torrent, scarcely fordable except in very favorable localities.

The climate is very mild in winter for a latitude so far north, the thermometer barely reaching zero during the past winter with not enough snow for good sleighing, though quite deep on the ranges and on higher ground.

The climate is dry and hot in summer, but the nights are generally cool and pleasant.

The entire district is well timbered with yellow pine, fir and tamarack. The principle lines of approach are from Spokane Falls and Ellensburgh, from the former by rail to Davenport, thence by stage to Ruby, the trip being made in two days; from Ellensburgh by stage forty miles to the Columbia river, thence by steamer up the river, amid some of the grandest scenery in America, to the mouth of the Okanogan, and thence by stage to Ruby City.

A railroad is being rapidly pushed west from Davenport, and is expected to reach the Columbia this fall, and then there will be not over fifty miles of staging to reach the mines. A railroad up the Okanogan valley and Ruby canyon is anticipated, and may be built next year.

As the mines of Ruby have been favored with the most favorable approach they are entitled to precedence.

GEOGRAPHICAL FORMATIONS.

The country rock of Ruby district is mostly granite, gneiss, mica and hornblendic schists, all presenting a coarsely bedded structure, uplifted or folded to a nearly vertical position, having a general trend from northwest to southeast and a dip northeast at angles vary ing from 60 degrees to nearly vertical. These bedding lines of the granite schists cut through the mountain ridges at very oblique angles, say 15 to 20 degrees, the longitudinal axis of the ridge being 15 to 20 degrees more southerly than the course of the bedding planes of the country rock. The general aspect of the country rock is coarse, feldspathic granite, with alternating bands of hornblendic and micaceous schists of coarse granitic structure. No true slates are seen in this district. Their formation is evidently of primordial types and probably belongs to the archian series.

The ores of Ruby hill are mostly an antimonial copper, carrying silver and silver sulphurets, with a probable general average of all the claims of sixty ounces of silver per ton; 200 to 1500 ounces per ton, and even a much higher assay, being not uncommon.

There are about twenty-five claims on Ruby hill; these prospects are in various stages of development. While the development of most of the property is limited to assessment work, yet quite a few have shafts and tunnels varying from one to several hundred feet, while the Arlington and Fourth of July mines are sufficiently developed to warrant the building of mills.

While a number of claims have been opened and developed on Ruby hill, new districts have been found in about every direction from Ruby, until now the whole of the Okanogan country may be said to be one vast mineral field, extending seventy or eighty miles north and south by twenty to forty miles east and west.

Eight or nine miles southeast of Ruby is the Lower Salmon district, not much worked at present, but showing good galena prospects; assays from one shaft now down sixty feet giving 40 per cent. of lead and 35 ounces of silver per ton.

A new strike some twenty miles west of Ruby shows some very fine chloride ore, assays from which run from 50 to 400 ounces of silver per ton from a pay streak about two feet wide. Work is being rapidly pushed on this ledge, which is of great promise.

CONCONULLY.

About six miles north of Ruby is the town of Conconully, the county seat of Okanogan county. It is surrounded by a number of good claims, and work has been done to a large extent on several, notably on the "Lone Star," which has some 1100 feet of shafts, tunnels and cross-cuts; one shaft is down 275 feet.

The ore is an antimonial copper and copper glance—rich in silver. The principal mines or prospects near Conconully are located on

MINERAL HILL.

Mineral hill rises west of Conconully to a height of some 6000 feet above the level of the sea, and about 3800 feet above the town of Conconully. There are quite a number of claims on this hill and considerable work has been done in developing them. The ores found are gray copper, galena, silver chlorides, brittle silver, etc. Assays run extraordinarily high from some of these ores. Mill tests in Portland, Or., giving four hundred ounces per ton from several lots of ore from the "Sunrise" property. The Lake View has fine chloride and black sulphide of silver, which easily runs $50 to the sack. Taken in all, the prospects around Conconully will make as good a showing as any camp in the Northwest.

Six or seven miles north of Ruby, and extending north over twenty miles, is the mineral locality called the Lime belt. In this locality the prevailing country rocks are limestone, granite, schists, slates, etc., and the ores are mostly copper glance and silver sulphurets. A number of claims have been partially opened and assays will easily average over 100 ounces of silver per ton. The majority of the claims are readily reached by good wagon roads, and the most unapproachable are not over three miles from it traveled road, and these can be connected at moderate expense.

Timber is very plentiful and the belt is dotted with many small lakes and has a number of small streams or creeks, most of them leading eastward to the Okanogan river. The valleys or coulees are covered with bunch grass, affording abundant feed for live stock throughout the entire year. Many thousand head of horses and cattle are being raised in this district.

The veins are in most instances what are called geographical veins or, as some miners call them, "blanket leads," while others apparently are true fissure veins in calcareous slates, limestone and dolomite. The Union and Old Sonoma claims show several ledges varying from one to two feet of ore, principally chalcedite, assaying from sixty to 1400 ounces of silver per ton. Most of the work on these claims has been in stripping the various ledges and in sinking several ten to twenty feet shafts. There are from twenty-five to thirty claims in the lime belt, and all show similar ores, a description of one applying to most of the others, as far as the limited development will allow.

Thirty-two miles north of Ruby at the mouth of Toad's Coulee, "the supposed ancient bed of the Similkameen River" is Palmer's mountain rising north-east from Palmer's lake. On this mountain and adjacent thereto are a number of good showing claims, some of them having shafts of a hundred or more feet in depth and tunnels from 20 to 150 feet.

The country rock is granitic, hornblendic and micaceous schists, serpentine and chloritic rock, etc. The ores are both silver and gold of good grade. The gold is generally found in a honey combed quartz partly as free gold and partly in the sulphides. The concentrates from this kind of quartz run from one half to three per cent. of the ore and contain from $8 to $1000 per ton of concentrates, the free gold in the quartz running from one to twenty ounces by amalgamation in fine or invisible gold, while many pieces are found with coarse and string gold, wire gold and sound nuggets. Most of this kind of gold rock is found on the surface or at a depth of ten to twenty-five feet, when the ore changes to sulphides still holding gold. The silver claims show antimonial copper and antimonial lead ore carrying silver. Silver sulphides, such as argentites or silver glance are in the Ivanhoe in large quantities.

Stephanite, a sulphide of antimony and silver, is of frequent occurrence. Tetrahedrite, a sulphide of copper and antimony, carrying up to three per cent. of silver.

Work is being pushed on several claims to considerable extent and in no case as far as heard from without very favorable showings. Owing to most of the property being in the hands of poor men, only assessment work has been done on the majority of the claims, but no one seems to want to abandon their claims for non-as yet have looked unfavorable if shown up at all.

Between Palmer's lake and the British line is Wapniest lake, some four miles west of the Okanogan river and six or eight miles south of the British line. A number of fine showing claims is situated around this lake.

Several companies are already organized and extensive work is promised in the near future. A consolidated company from Chicago, with a capital of $500,000, have a group of four claims and have recently put down a sixty-five-foot shaft. The Lavnin company with a capital of $250,000, have one claim with free milling gold rock assaying by mill test $226 per ton. Other companies have good silver prospects and are now developing their properties to a limited extent. The drawback to the whole country has been want of capital.

A great many prospectors have been holding on to their claims for one, two and three years unable to do more than their assessment work, inasmuch as buyers have been scarce, while transportation has been altogether too expensive for shipping ores to any reduction works.

Custom mills somewhere in the county, such as Ruby City, would enable many a miner to dispose of his ore and so be enabled to continue the development of his claim. There is not a doubt whatever but that more than sufficient ores can be had in sight for a large size custom mill working both gold and silver. A pan amalgamation or leaching process will work the bulk of the ores of the entire district.

Good roads have been built so that the ores could be readily hauled to the mill from most localities and not much packing would have to be done as side roads can easily be made to the claims in the majority of cases.

The Arlington company has demonstrated that the ore lead on the hill is a permanent one.

There is no reasonable doubt but that miners run in from the base of Ruby hill will find extensive ore deposits at a depth of 2000 to 3000 feet, and as work has been done on the top of the hill along the line two or three miles in length with splendid results, the opportunity for extensive tunnel work can be appreciated.

Gold has been found in several localities in the lime belt and waits development. Fine iron ores, hematite, and magnetic oxide of iron are abundant at several points near here.

Manganese, nickel and bismuth ores have been found in paying quantities. Good clays for brick making are plentiful, one yard being started last year and another projected, the brick being furnished for $12 per thousand.

Lumber is sold for from $12 to $15 per thousand in the rough by two mills in the vicinity. Labor is as cheap as in any older camp, several sections have been omitted in this report, either from lack of authentic information or because not enough work has been done to make a show of it; although the surface prospects give appearances as favorable as in other parts of the district.

Every week brings in accounts of new finds on the Methow and Pierce rivers, around Lake Chelan (one of the most picturesque bodies of water in America, and destined to become a great summer resort); from regions west of Wannacut lake and along the Similkameen river in the north and various points to the west of Ruby.

Ruby canyon or gulch is a natural bed for a railroad and well situated for mill sites, having abundance of water in Conconully creek with sufficient fall for ample power. The near advent of a railroad west from Spokane Falls will reduce the cost of getting in machinery and supplies to a reasonable figure. The time is now at hand when this district will rank as one of the most wonderful and best producing mineral localities in the United States as well as the one covering the largest extent of territory and showing the greatest variety of minerals.

G. CUMMINGS.

SHERMAN ON HIS FAMOUS MARCH.

There has been considerable discussion since the late war in regard to the reason why General Sherman chose to go to Savannah rather than Augusta when he made his celebrated march through Georgia. Mr. P. A. Storail, editor of the Augusta *Chronicle*, in order to settle the question, wrote to General Sherman on the subject, and in reply received the following explanation in the general's terse and vigorous style:

The march to the sea from Atlanta was resolved on after Hood had got well on his way to Nashville. I then detached to General Thomas a force sufficient to whip Hood, which he, in December, 1864, very handsomely and conclusively did. Still I had left a very respectable army, and resolved to join Grant at Richmond. The distance was 1000 miles, and prudence dictated a base at Savannah or Port Royal. Our enemy had garrisons at Macon and Augusta. I figured on both and passed between to Savannah. Then starting northward, the same problem presented itself in Augusta and Charleston. I figured on both, but passed between. I did not want to drive out their garrisons ahead of me at the crossings of the Santee, Catawba, Pedee, Cape Fear, etc. The moment I passed Columbia the factories, powder mills, and the old staff accumulated at Augusta were lost to the only two Confederate armies left—Lee's and Hood's. So if you have a military mind, you will see I made a better use of Augusta than if I had captured it with all its stores, for which I had no use. I used Augusta twice as a buffer. Its garrison was where it helped me.

If the people of Augusta think I slighted them in the winter of 1864-5 by reason of personal friendship formed in 1844, they are mistaken; or, if they think I made a mistake in strategy, let them say so, and with the president's consent I think I can send a detachment of 100,000 or so of "Sherman's bummers" and their descendants, who will finish up the job without charging Uncle Sam a cent. The truth is these incidents come back to me in a humorous vein. Of course the Civil war should have ended with Vicksburg and Gettysburg. Every sensible man on earth must have then seen there could be but one result. The leaders of the South took good care not to "die in the last ditch," and left brave men like Walker, Adams, Pat Cleburne, etc., to do that.

A Senator of the Early Days.

Chicago Journal.

Oliver Hampton Smith was elected senator from Indiana in 1836. When the election was over, Smith, who was a good lawyer and had been in congress eight or ten years before, took a drove of hogs down to Cincinnati, going on foot all the way. On the way he arrived at a tavern, covered with mud, unwashed and unshaven for many days. The crowd surrounded him, eager for news of the election. "Who's elected senator? Hendricks?" "No." "Noble?" "No." "Who then?" "I am!" There was a dead silence for a moment, and then some one asked, "Who are you?" A stump speech, with all the mud clinging to his clothes, was necessary to convince them of his right to the title of senator in the congress of the United States.

Salt rheum often causes the hands to crack open and bleed. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures salt rheum.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Paragraphs From State and Territorial Exchanges.

Another Newspaper for Pendleton—Insurance Losses by the Linkville Fire—Railroad Rumors From Various Points—Accidents.

The salaries of school teachers in Pendleton for the year will amount to $5184 00. Other expenses will swell the sum higher than the amount available for school purposes.

Last week, J. N. Williamson, living at Powell Buttes in Crook county, lost between fifty and sixty tons of hay by fires. There were horses tied to the ricks, but they were saved by strenuous exertions of Mr. Williamson and others. The fire is supposed to have caught by horses stepping on matches.

Chief Peo and his party, of the Umatilla reservation, have returned from their annual hunt, which took them this season along the head waters of the John Day. Seventeen elk, fifteen bears and twenty-five deer were brought down by the dusky hunters during their excursion.

Pacific University, at Forest Grove, began the work of a new year on Wednesday last under the most favorable auspices. The opening attendance is much larger than usual, the women's hall is crowded. Many new improvements have been made, and altogether the year is bright with promise. Although the women's hall is full, ample arrangements have been made for the accommodation of those who may come hereafter.

At Brownsville the other day Ira Walker met with a peculiar accident, resulting in some severe burns upon the face. A bottle containing powder fell from the young man's pocket, striking the ground, breaking and scattering the contents, which, while he was in the act of gathering it up, became ignited from a bunch of matches also falling from his pocket. The explosion which followed threw him violently to the ground, but fortunately effected no serious injuries.

Lakeview *Examiner*: Lum Cannon had a fight with a big buck deer on the mountain up Drake creek. He had shot the deer in the foot, and no more cartridges, and set the dogs after the buck and he was soon stopped. Lum came up and the deer went for him. He kept out of the way for a while, but soon the deer was getting the best of the fight, when Lum hit him over the head several times with his rifle, which finished the deer and the rifle at the same time.

The Grant county *News* says: "We predict that at no distant day the Oregon Short Line railroad will extend its line from Huntington up Willow creek, thence over the divide to the Middle Fork of the John Day, thence down the river to the mouth and on to Portland, or south to connect with the Oregon Pacific. The development of mines on the Middle Fork demands a railroad, and one must sooner or later tap this immense region of middle Eastern Oregon."

V. C. Driffield, special agent of the Anglo-Nevada Assurance Company, has furnished the following data of insurance adjustment of losses by the Linkville fire: Reames, Martin & Co., in the Anglo-Nevada, $15,000; Baldwin & Forbes, in the Fireman's Fund, $6500; E. E. Redfield, same, $450; G. W. Smith, on buildings, in American Fire, $1250; Phœnix of Brooklyn, $1250; Pennsylvania Fire, $1500; on stock in Liverpool & London & Globe, $2000, Oregon Fire and Marine, $1500; Phœnix of London, $750; State Investment, $750; 1914, $9000; John Grant, in the London & Lancashire, $1828; Frank Bros.' Implement Company, in the American Fire, $800; total, $33,278.

Articles of incorporation have been filed to-day for the Home Publishing Company. The business, pursuit, occupation, etc., of the corporation will be to establish in Pendleton a newspaper and to conduct a general job printing office. The capital stock is fixed at $10,000, divided into 400 shares of the par value of $25 each. Following are the incorporators: W. S. Byers, H. L. Marston, M. E. Folsom, Henry Stover, E. L. Morse, William Roesch, John Gagen, J. M. Leezer, M. J. Greco, Jesse Failing and Jacob Fraser. It is the intention of the new corporation to start, as soon as possible, a republican daily in Pendleton. It is understood that negotiations are now in progress for the purchase of a plant, and that all preliminaries are being arranged.

WASHINGTON.

The total cost of widening Second street, Seattle, will be $50,000.

The Sumner water works has been incorporated with a capital stock of $12,000.

A long siding is being put in at Kent, a station on the Northern Pacific branch to Seattle.

The Spokane Falls cable street railway opened Saturday, over two miles being put in operation.

About $800,00 has been spent this summer in Whatcom and Sehome in grading and planking streets.

The Coeur d'Alene sampling works have been removed to Spokane Falls, and it is believed a smelter will also be located at the latter city.

The fall term of Colfax college was opened with an enrollment of thirty-five pupils. This number will be increased to fifty before the week closes.

The Boston National bank of Seattle has been authorized to begin business with a capital of $300,000 by the comptroller of currency at Washington.

The garrison enclosure at Walla Walla has been resurveyed, and a sewerage system has been recommended by Major Lydecker, United States engineer.

News from the hop dealers in Puget sound towns report that all of last year's crop has been disposed of, but as yet the market is dull for this season's crop.

The two newspapers published at Palouse City have been consolidated, the *News* buying the *Boomerang*. The name of the *News* will be retained for the consolidated publication.

A party of surveyors of the Vancouver & Klickitat road have gone to the coal mines on the other side of Trout lake. They will survey the line from this point to connect with the survey made from Vancouver.

Mrs. Nora McMahon has sold her dairy farm of 200 acres in the vicinity of Slaughter for $40,000. The purchaser is a Mr. Wellington of Minnesota, who will stock it with the best class of stock in horses and cattle.

Brick work has been commenced on Fraternity block, Colfax, and will be pushed rapidly to completion. The contract cost, above the basement, is $20,000. The entire cost, including grounds, will reach about $42,000.

The Port Blakeley mill, the largest on the Sound, employs 250 men and turns out 300,000 feet of lumber daily. Two large ocean ships are being built at Port Blakeley docks, carrying 1,000,000 feet of lumber.

E. W. Gregg, manager of the Burrell Indian Whitman county, informs the Colfax *Gazette* that over 50,000 bushels of wheat will be harvested from 2000 acres. This yield of twenty-five bushels per acre from so large a tract does not indicate that there is much of a crop failure.

There are 314 patients in the territorial asylum at Sedalcon. Of males there are 234; females 80. Western Washington is represented by 214 and Eastern Washington by 100 patients. The new asylum at Medical Lake will be completed next spring. It will cost over $100,000.

A temporary restraining order was issued yesterday by Judge Hanford, in the case of Yesler vs. the Seattle & Lake Shore road. The order restrains defendants from driving piles and constructing trestles on any portion of what is known as the Yesler donation claim and the shore lands adjacent thereto.

W. J. Graham, the engineer who was injured on the railway accident near Riparia a few weeks ago, died at Walla Walla last Tuesday after many weeks of suffering. Tuesday after many weeks of suffering. The O. R. & N. Co. furnished a special car to convey his remains to The Dalles, where he was buried. He was well known in Walla Walla and his father resides there.

Henry Day, of Dayton, recently sold his entire band of 10,357 sheep to a Mr. William Biddell for $1 75 per head. Mr. Biddell is purchasing for an English syndicate which has secured control of an immense tract of land on the Canadian Pacific in Canada, and which they are stocking. The syndicate expects to purchase 30,000 sheep in that vicinity and in Whitman county.

Atlantic Ocean Travel.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 12 First street, corner Washington.

THE LOWER KOOTENAI.

A Scheme to Reclaim 65,000 Acres of Land for Cultivation.

An English Company Building a Big Ditch to Carry Off the Surplus Water in Summer Season.

The Kootenay river rises in the Northern Idaho and Southeastern Columbia, between Bonners Ferry on Kootenay lake, winds from one end to other of a valley, varying in width from five miles, and about eighty miles in length. The river presents a broad stretch of inland navigable water, 200 or 700 feet in width, and about six feet in depth. With the exception of a few rapids there are no obstructions to navigation, and its current does not exceed a mile per hour. The soil in the valley is a rich loam, strongly impregnated with alkali. Natural grasses, such as red top, timothy, etc., grow luxuriantly, and on the flats close to the bottoms, good potatoes, turnips, onions, all kinds of vegetables and small grains grows successfully.

The whole of these flats are rendered useless on account of the annual overflows which they are subject. This overflow is caused by the backing up of the waters of the rapid rise of the waters of Kootenay lake. This rise is due to two causes, the snow melting on each side of the valley and the northern end of Kootenay lake pouring down an immense volume of water. As the outlet is not sufficiently large to discharge, and the water of the lake rises, which increase the volume of water in the river and raise the lake still higher.

Of these bottom lands, subject to overflow, about 65,000 acres are in Idaho and the remainder in British Columbia. Idaho will, therefore, more materially benefited than British Columbia by any successful reclamation scheme.

The Kootenay Valley Company, of London, England, three years ago entered into a contract with the government of British Columbia whereby that government agreed to grant over to said company the tide lands, swamp and bottom lands subject to overflow during the high water season in the lower Kootenay valley between the international boundary line and Kootenay lake, when such lands, by reason of the proposed reclamation works, become fit for agricultural settlements. This company has completed a canal connecting the Kootenay river and the Columbia river, and by the agreement with the government of British Columbia they become entitled to certain lands in the valley of the upper Kootenay, and are now preparing to commence the work of reclamation in the lower Kootenay valley by providing a large outlet for the flood waters.

About two miles below Nelson the river is greatly impeded by the presence of large boulders and loose rocks brought down from the adjoining mountains, evidently by glacial action in times past. As will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column, the company propose to commence work of reclamation by throwing the boulders in the adjoining land so much of them as will mark and the level at which the water will stand when the land is subject to overflow, and will be flooded.

It is not expected that the first year's operations of the contractors will be sufficient of itself to secure the desired end, but watching the effect which the removal of the rocks from the outlet will have upon the water level during the next season, the company will be enabled to determine with more accuracy to determine what will be necessary for the removal of obstructions which will be required, both at this place and at "The Narrows."

C. W. BUSK, Secretary.

The records of the United States treasury department show the following amounts of 5 per cent registered or coupon bonds of the United States retired in government bonds during the month of August for five years past: In 1885, $1,000; in 1886, $6,183,900; in 1887, $1,000; in 1888, $1,570; in 1889, $14,781,000. Deposits of bonds under Secretary Windom's administration during the month of August, 1889, were